Irish Capuchin Archives

Descriptive List

The Capuchins and the Irish Revolution

CA/IR/1

A collection of personal and political papers accumulated by Capuchin friars from the late nineteenth to the early twentieth centuries. The collection contains political papers covering the nationalist struggle for independence including material relating to the 1916 Rising, the War of Independence and the Civil War.

Compiled by Provincial Archivist

December 2011

No portion of this descriptive list may be reproduced without the written consent of the Provincial Archivist, Order of Friars Minor Capuchin, Ireland, Capuchin Friary, Church Street, Dublin 7.
Photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor at Church Street
1922
Item
Photographic print on card
19.5 cm x 24.5 cm
Photographic print (black and white) of Fr. Albert Bibby OFM Cap. (left) and Fr. Dominic O’Connor OFM Cap. outside the Church Street friary. The print is pasted onto card and is annotated on the reverse: ‘Father Albert (left) and Father Dominic. Two Capuchin Patriot Priests. Father Dominic attended to Cork’s Lord Mayor, Terence MacSwiney, during his hunger strike and death in Brixton Prison, London, in 1920. Both priests died in the United States’.
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IDENTITY STATEMENT

Reference code  
IE CA/IR/1

Title  
The Capuchins and the Irish Revolution

Date range  
1898-1966, predominately 1916-1925

Level of Description  
Fonds

Extent  
9 series, 23 sub-series, and 7 sub-sub- subseries, comprising 216 items and 129 files

CONTEXT

History

From the re-establishment of Irish Province of the Capuchin Order in 1885 there had been strong links between its members and the emerging national movement. It was clear that the cultural resurgence associated with the Irish Ireland movement deeply influenced the men who were drawn to Capuchin religious life. Even before the Province was re-constituted Fr. Albert Mitchel OFM Cap., an ardent nationalist, made a particular point of always wearing Irish made garments and vigorously championed home-made products. Later, Fr. Aloysius Travers preached a ‘buy Irish Campaign’. Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon played a leading role in promoting Gaelic games. Many of the friars were fluent Irish speakers and Fr. Augustine Hayden and Fr. Albert Bibby were to the forefront in fostering interest in the native language through Conradh na Gaeilge. Most of the Irish Capuchins were educated in the novitiate in Rochestown, County Cork where the collegial atmosphere was conducive not only to a religious education but also to a flourishing interest in cultural nationalism. Following the Insurrection of 1916 the Capuchins of St. Mary of the Angels, Church Street, Dublin, became very prominently associated in the public mind with the Independence movement. Some of the events of this period are recorded in the 1942 and 1966 editions of The Capuchin Annual. Besides the well-known Capuchins like Albert Bibby, Dominic O’Connor (stationed in Holy Trinity, Cork), Augustine Hayden and Aloysius Travers, who rendered spiritual and humanitarian service to nationalist participants in the struggle, there were other less well-known men like Columbus Murphy, Sebastian O’Brien and Brendan Green who played some role. Although the interaction of these priests with Republicans has attracted most attention, it should be noted that other traditions found some expression in Capuchin ministries. The aforementioned Dominic O’Connor, John Butler and Ignatius Collins served as chaplains in the First World War. Mark McDonnell and Angelus Healy were other Church Street friars who were, according to some accounts, somewhat removed from republican sympathies.

Biographical Notes

Fr. Albert Bibby OFM Cap.

Thomas Bibby was born on 24 Oct. 1877 in Bagenalstown, County Carlow. He was baptised on 28 Oct. 1877. His family were proprietors of a woollen mill at Greensbridge and operated two drapery establishments in Kilkenny City, one in Parliament Street and another on High Street. He entered the Capuchin Novitiate at Rochestown on 7 July 1894 and took the religious name of Albert. He was solemnly professed on 8 May 1900 and was ordained a priest at Church Street on 23 Feb. 1902. A gifted scholar, Fr. Albert was among the first batch of Capuchin students to receive a BA degree from the Royal University. He later became a professor of philosophy and theology and taught these subjects to Capuchin students for some years after his ordination. One of his first students was Fr. Dominic O’Connor. Fr. Albert was active in the Gaelic revival movement and was a fluent speaker of
Irish. He was engaged in temperance advocacy and gave missions sometimes solely in Irish in Gaeilge areas. He was also involved in the Columcille branch of Conradh na Gaeilge in its early years. Briefly a part of the community of friars in Kilkenny, he moved to the Capuchin community on Church Street in the early 1900s. In the aftermath of the Easter Rising Fr. Albert ministered to a number of rebel prisoners in Kilmainham Jail and in other locations. He was present for the execution of Seán Heuston on 8 May 1916 and wrote an account of his final hours. He was later a regular correspondent with prominent republicans and their relations. On 16 Dec. 1920 both Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic O’Connor were arrested by British forces during a raid on the Friary in Church Street. Fr. Albert was detained for some hours in Dublin Castle but was afterwards released whilst Fr. Dominic was sentenced to five years’ penal servitude. When the Four Courts was attacked on 27 June 1922, Fr. Albert was present in the building alongside Fr. Dominic. Both priests remained with the Anti-Treaty Irregulars until the Four Courts was evacuated. They then proceeded to administer to Cathal Brugha and other IRA men occupying the Hammam Hotel on O’Connell Street. In June 1924 Fr. Albert was sent to the United States and was eventually appointed Pastor of the Capuchin Mission at Santa Inez in California. He immediately set about restoring both the parish and the structures of the old Franciscan Mission. Modern plumbing and electricity systems were installed at Santa Inez and Fr. Albert was joined by Friars Reginald O’Hanlon and Colmcille Cregan. At this point, however, Fr. Albert’s health deteriorated and he was soon admitted to St. Francis Hospital in Santa Barbara. He died on 14 Feb. 1925, a mere three months after his arrival in Santa Inez. He was buried just outside the mission’s chapel. His remains (along with those of his former pupil Fr. Dominic O’Connor) were later repatriated to Ireland and he was buried in Rochestown Cemetery on 14 June 1958.

**Fr. Columbus Murphy OFM Cap.**

Daniel V. Murphy was born on 17 June 1881 in Cork. He was baptised in St. Finbarr’s Church on 19 June 1881. His parents were James and Sarah Murphy (née Flynn) of Ethelville, Western Road, Cork. A student of the Capuchin College, Rochestown, he applied for entrance to the Capuchin Novitiate in Aug. 1898. During the 1916 Rising Fr. Columbus played an important role in bringing about a cessation of hostilities. The day after the surrender of the Four Courts garrison on 29 April there was still confusion in North King Street and in other locations as to whether this was a truce or a complete surrender. To clarify, Fr. Columbus went to the Four Courts in an effort to retrieve Padraig Pearse’s note which had led to the surrender of Commandant Ned Daly. He later negotiated with the British military to arrange a personal meeting with Pearse in Arbour Hill and brought a copy of the surrender order to Commandant Holohan at North Brunswick Street. Between 30 Apr. and 4 May Fr. Columbus was called on to minister to the prisoners in Kilmainham Jail prior to their executions. He later compiled a diary recording his experiences of tending to rebel leaders awaiting their court martials and sentencing *(CA/IR/1/2/6)*. Fr. Columbus later acted as President of Father Mathew Hall, Church Street, from 1925-28. He died on 20 Feb. 1962.

**Fr. Aloysius Travers OFM Cap.**

William Patrick Travers was born into a prominent Cork family on 20 Mar. 1870. The family were devoutly Catholic. His elder brother, John, was also a Capuchin and took the religious name of Anthony; another brother became an Augustinian whilst a sister became an Ursuline Nun. William entered the Capuchin Order in 1887, took the religious name of Aloysius and was ordained a priest in 1894. From his earliest years, Fr. Aloysius took a keen interest in promoting the work of the temperance movement. He was appointed President of the Father Mathew Hall in Dublin and held this position from 1904-1913. During his years as President, he used the Hall for the promotion of temperance and as a recreational venue for the members of the Sacred Heart Sodality. To further support the ideals of temperance and to revitalise interest in Irish culture, he founded *The Father*
Mathew Record which began publication in January 1908. The year before, he had inaugurated the Féis Maitiu which promoted Gaelic cultural revivalist activities such as storytelling and festivals of native song and dance. Fr. Aloysius also used the pages of the Record to strongly promote a ‘Buy Irish Campaign’. About this time, he also established the League of Young Irish Crusaders. Like many of the Capuchin friars of Church Street, Fr. Aloysius was involved in ministering to the Rising leaders during their imprisonment and was present at the execution of James Connolly in Kilmainham Jail on 12 May 1916. He later championed the cause of various labour leaders in Dublin. It has also been speculated that Fr. Aloysius undertook a secret mission to Pope Benedict XV in connection with the Irish struggle. He was elected seven times to the office of definitor and was Provincial Minister of the Irish Capuchins from 1913-1916. In his later years, he became an enthusiastic member of the Legion of Mary and published numerous devotional tracts including a popular prayer book, The Voice of the Church, The Seraphic Standard (a Tertiary Handbook) and Lósa Mo Mhian. He died on 2 May 1957 at the Capuchin Friary of St. Mary of the Angels, Church Street, Dublin. He was 89 years old and was a Capuchin for almost 69 of these years. He was buried in Glasnevin Cemetery.

Fr. Augustine Hayden OFM Cap.

John Hayden was born in November 1870. He was baptised in Gowran, County Kilkenny on 7 Nov. 1870. His parents were William and Mary Hayden (née Morrissey). On 8 Dec. 1884, he was amongst the first five pupils to be admitted to the recently opened Seraphic School at Rochestown, County Cork. He took the religious name of Augustine on entering the Capuchin Order in November 1885. Towards the end of his clerical studies his health deteriorated and he was forced to spend two years in Switzerland. He was ordained a priest in the Augustinian Church, Thomas Street, Dublin, in November 1893. On 3 August 1896, Fr. Augustine was appointed rector of Rochestown College, replacing Fr. Francis Hayes. He held this position from 1896-1907. He later returned to Dublin and was Guardian of the Church Street Capuchin community from 1913-1916. He cultivated a strong interest in the Gaelic Revival and in particular preserving the Irish language. He was associated with Shán Ó Cuív in establishing the Irish Language College at Ballingeary, County Cork in 1904, the first college of its kind. He was also a regular correspondent with Fr. Peadar Ua Laoghaire, a noted figure in Conradh na Gaelige, and for many years conducted missions in Gaeltacht areas of Counties Kerry and Donegal. In the immediate aftermath of the 1916 Rising, Fr. Augustine accompanied Fr. Aloysius Travers in his visit to Padraig Pearse and James Connolly. He was instrumental in securing the surrender of Thomas MacDonagh at the Jacob’s Biscuit Factory and was present at Éamonn Ceannt’s surrender at the South Dublin Union. He also ministered to Ceannt in the hours before his execution. Like the other Capuchin friars of the Church Street Community, Fr. Augustine later committed his memories of Easter Week to writing (CA/IR/1/4/1). In 1917 he officiated at the wedding of Terence MacSwiney to Muriel Murphy and was also the celebrant at the marriage of McSwiney’s daughter in Cork in 1940. He also authored a number of devotional texts including Ireland’s Loyalty to the Mass (1933) and Ireland’s Loyalty to Mary (1952). Fr. Augustine died on 7 Feb. 1954 at the Bon Secours Home, Cork, and was laid to rest in Rochestown Cemetery.

Fr. Dominic O’Connor OFM Cap.

John Francis O’Connor was born on 13 Feb. 1883 in County Cork. He was born into a devoutly Catholic family. His father, John O’Connor, a teacher, and his mother Mary Ann Sheehan were both Tertiaries of the Third Order of St. Francis attached to the Capuchin Church of the Holy Trinity, Cork. A brother of Many Ann Sheehan had already joined the Capuchin Order and as Fr. Luke Sheehan was one of the first Irish missionaries to minister in the American state of Oregon. A good number of John’s siblings also entered into religious life. John entered the Seraphic School at Rochestown in the Autumn of 1897. Having successfully completed his secondary education, he entered the Capuchin
novitiate on 1 Oct. 1899 and received the religious name of Dominic. A year later he took his simple vows and in the Autumn of the same year entered the Royal University, Cork, to study for a degree in philosophy. He was ordained a priest on 17 Mar. 1906 in the Capuchin Friary in Kilkenny. He later enrolled in the Catholic University in Louvain where he obtained a *Sacrae Theologiae Baccalaureus* (Bachelor of Sacred Theology). In response to a call from Cardinal Michael Logue, Archbishop of Armagh, Fr. Dominic volunteered for chaplaincy work with British forces during the First World War. After spending two months with a Scottish brigade in England, he transferred to a hospital unit bound for Salonika, Greece. After approximately two years of service, Fr. Dominic resigned his post in 1917, returned to Ireland and was appointed to the Capuchin community at Holy Trinity, Cork. Fr. Dominic soon attained notoriety in nationalist circles and was appointed chaplain to the Cork Brigade of IRA Volunteers by Tomas MacCurtain. As chaplain, Fr. Dominic was the first to appear at the MacCurtain home in Blackpool, Cork, on the morning the Sinn Féin Lord Mayor was killed by British forces (20 Mar. 1920). He also served as chaplain to MacCurtain’s successor as Lord Mayor of Cork, Terence MacSwiney, who was arrested on 12 Aug. 1920. Fr. Dominic ministered to MacSwiney throughout his hunger strike in Brixton Prison and was present at his death on 25 Oct. 1920. Soon after his return to Ireland, Fr. Dominic was arrested at the Friary in Church Street, Dublin. He was taken to Dublin Castle and in January 1921 was court martialed and sentenced to five years’ imprisonment. During his confinement, he became acquainted with two notable republican detainees, Ernie O’Malley and Padraig O’Caomh. Fr. Dominic served about a year of his imprisonment in Parkhurst Prison. Following the signing of the Treaty in December 1921, there was a general amnesty and he was released in January 1922. On 25 February 1922, he was granted the freedom of Cork ‘as a mark of respect for his valuable services rendered to the first two Republican Lord Mayors of Cork’. With the onset of the Civil War the Capuchins in Church Street were once more involved in ministering to besieged Republicans. In June 1922 the Four Courts, located only a couple of hundred meters from the Friary, was attacked by Free State forces, and Fr. Dominic (assisted by Fr. Albert Bibby) provided spiritual comfort, assisted in the evacuation of the wounded, and later facilitated the surrender of the defeated garrison. Soon afterwards, Fr. Dominic returned to Holy Trinity, Cork. On 26 November 1922 the decision was made by the Provincial Definitory of the Capuchin Order to have Fr. Dominic transferred to the Province’s Mission in Bend, Oregon. This was the location of Fr. Luke Sheehan’s (Fr. Dominic’s uncle) pioneering missionary work some years before. For the remainder of his life Fr. Dominic performed the routine duties associated with the missionary apostolate of the Capuchin friar. He was appointed temporary rector of St. Francis de Sales Cathedral and published the first of a two-volume history of the Diocese of Baker in 1930. In August 1935 he sustained serious injuries in a car accident from which he never fully recovered. He died on 17 Oct. 1935 and was buried in Bend, Oregon. His remains (along with those of Fr. Albert Bibby) were later repatriated to Ireland and he was buried in Rochestown Cemetery on 14 June 1958.

**Archival History**

The fonds form part of the archival collection of the Irish Province of the Order of Friars Minor, Capuchin. The collection is held at the Provincial Archives, Capuchin Friary of St. Mary of the Angels, Church Street, Dublin 7.
CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

Scope and Content

The fonds consists of the correspondence and papers of Capuchin priests detailing their involvement with participants in the national struggle. The majority of the material dates from 1916-1925 and includes many records highlighting the role played by Irish Capuchins in ministering to Republican leaders and their relations. Of particular interest is a large collection of ‘prison letters’ including the correspondence of some of the leading figures of the Irish Revolution. The fonds also contains a large collection of Republican publicity material, newspapers and miscellaneous items of ephemera and artefacts mostly relating to the military and political campaign organised by nationalists for Irish independence. A smaller collection relating to the repatriation of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor from the United States to Ireland in 1958 is also extant.

System of Arrangement

A new arrangement has been imposed upon the fonds. The collection has been divided into nine series, of which five have been further divided into sub-series. Due to the large extent of papers, two sub-series within Fr. Albert Bibby’s papers have required a further division into sub-sub-series. The series represent the papers of the five Capuchin priests most closely connected with the Republican movement (see Biographical Notes). The papers in each of the remaining series represent either a particular area of activity, a subject or a specific document or record type and have been arranged accordingly. Within the various divisions all papers have been arranged chronologically.

ACCESS AND DESCRIPTIVE CONTROL

Language
The majority of the material within this collection is written in English. Some specified material is written in Irish.

Physical characteristics
The papers are generally in good condition

Finding Aid
Descriptive catalogue

Archivist’s note
Catalogue compiled by Provincial Archivist

Conventions
Irish Guidelines for Archival Description (2009)/ISAD(G), 2nd Ed.

Date of description
December 2011

Access Conditions
Access is open to bona fide researchers

Reproduction Conditions
Reproduction and licensing rules available on request
1. The Papers of Fr. Albert Bibby OFM Cap.

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1902-1958
Scope and Content: A collection of Fr. Albert Bibby’s personal papers relating to his involvement with participants in the national struggle primarily from 1916-1922. The records relating to Fr. Albert have been arranged in six sub-series: 1) 1916 Rising; 2) Correspondence; 3) Photographs, 6) Newspaper clippings; 5) Memorial Cards; 6) Commemorative and Souvenir Publications. The large amount of Fr. Albert’s correspondence extant in the sub-series has necessitated the creation of a further division into four sub-sub series: Correspondence with Republican Prisoners; Correspondence with Wives and Relations of Republican Prisoners; Correspondence with other Capuchins; Other Correspondence. The records in each sub-series represent a particular area of activity and have been arranged accordingly.

Format: Manuscript, typescript and photographic prints
Extent: 63 items and 31 files

Note: See also a collection of copy letters to Fr. Bonaventure Murphy OFM Cap. relating to Fr. Albert from the period of his exile in America to his death in Santa Inez, California on 14 Feb. 1925. The location of the original manuscript letters has not been ascertained. The copy letters are numbered 1-48 and form part of Fr. Albert’s personal file.

1.1. 1916 Rising

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916
Scope and Content: The sub-series comprises papers relating to Fr. Albert Bibby’s ministry to Republicans detained after Easter Week. The section includes authorisations from British forces allowing Fr. Albert to visit the prisoners and extracts from various prison letters.

Format: Manuscript, typescript and printed
Extent: 8 items and 1 file

CA/IR/1/1/1/1  Copy statement written by Thomas MacDonagh in Kilmainham Jail
2 May 1916
Item
5 pp
Manuscript
A contemporary copy of a statement written by Thomas MacDonagh in Kilmainham Jail, Midnight, Tuesday, 2 May 1916.

Note: See Piaras F. Mac Lochlainn, *Last Words, letters and statements of the leaders executed after the rising at Easter 1916* (Dublin, 1990), pp 60-63. ‘This document is in the possession of Barbara MacDonagh’.

CA/IR/1/1/1/2  Authorisation from Colonel H.V. Cowan, Assistant Adjutant General, Headquarters, Irish Command, Parkgate, Dublin, to Fr. Albert Bibby
6 May 1916
File
2 pp
Manuscript and typescript
The note reads: ‘The General Officer Commander in Chief directs that every facility be given to his Revered Father Albert OSFC to visit rebel prisoners at any
of the places of detention or internment, to hear confessions and administer the rights of his Church, at all times’. With typescript copy.

**CA/IR/1/1/1/3**  
**Receipt for a parcel belonging to Major John McBride**  
6 May 1916  
Item  
1 p.  
Manuscript  

**CA/IR/1/1/1/4**  
‘Persons to be inquired about in Richmond Barracks and Kilmainham Prison, May 7-14th, 1916, Fr. Albert’  
7-14 May 1916  
Item  
4 pp  
Manuscript  
List of approximately 100 names with various annotations. Listed individuals include Arthur Griffith, Sean Connolly, ‘Miss [Grace] Gifford’, Garret Holohan, John O’Mahony and ‘[de] Valera’. Annotations such as ‘K’ and ‘R’, presumably standing for Richmond and Kilmainham, appear beside some of the individuals listed.

**CA/IR/1/1/1/5**  
Copy extract (probably by Fr. Albert Bibby) from a letter by Harry O’Hanrahan  
15 May 1916  
Item  
1 p.  
Manuscript  
Copy extract from a letter by Harry O’Hanrahan to his mother and sisters. He refers to his detainment in Richmond Barracks and to detectives selecting ‘out about 14 including the 2 Cosgraves, T. Mac Donagh, Kent, ourselves etc …’. He also refers to the fighting in Jacob’s Biscuit Factory.

**CA/IR/1/1/1/6**  
Copy notes ‘sent by some of the soldiers of the Irish Republic after the surrender, Easter Week 1916, to their friends’  
c. 1916  
Item  
1 p  
Manuscript  
The note affirmed that the extracts ‘are exact copies of the original, which I sent to their friends as I had promised the men themselves (Fr. Albert OSFC, Church St.’). Includes copy notes from Michael Charlton; Jimmy Bronghan; Martin Shannon (who fought at Stephen’s Green during the Rising).

**CA/IR/1/1/1/7**  
Copy letter from Fr. Albert Bibby concerning Seán Heuston’s execution  
c. 1916  
Item  
4 pp  
Typescript copy
Copy letter from Fr. Albert Bibby. The typescript copy notes that the original 'belongs to L.T. Langley, 164 Iveragh Road, Gaeltacht Park, Whitehall, Dublin. The letter is incomplete, and no indication is given of the person to whom it is addressed'. The letter provides an account of the 'closing scenes of Sean Heuston's life'. Fr. Albert contends that 'shortly after Easter Week, 1916, I gave a rather full account for publication in the Catholic Bulletin, but owing to the Censor's restrictions it could not appear in print'. The letter reads: 'At about 3.45 A.M. a British soldier knocked at the door of the cell and told us time was up. We both walked out together down to the end of the Jail yard; here his hands were tied behind his back, a cloth tied over his eyes and a small piece of white paper, about 4 or 5 inches square, pinned to his coat over his heart'. Reference is also made to Fr. Augustine's Hayden's administration to Éamonn Ceannt and Michael Mallin.

CA/IR/1/1/1/8 Pádraig Mac Piarais Calling Card

c. 1916
Item
1 p.
Printed and manuscript
A calling card of P.H. Pearse, St. Enda’s College, Rathfarnham. Manuscript signature of Éamon de Valéra on reverse.

CA/IR/1/1/1/9 Notes from Ireland

1 July 1916
Item
8 pp
Printed
A 'special number' of Notes from Ireland (no. 2a, vol. 25) reporting on the 'Sinn Féin Revolt'. The journal was published by the Irish Unionist Alliance.

1.2. Correspondence

Level: Sub-Series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1933
Scope and Content: Fr. Albert Bibby's correspondence has been divided into four sub-sub series:
- Correspondence with Republican Prisoners
- Correspondence with Wives and Relations of Republican Prisoners
- Correspondence with other Capuchins
- Other Correspondence
Format: Manuscript, typescript and printed
Extent: 41 items and 16 files

1.2.1. Correspondence with Republican Prisoners

Level: Sub-sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1922
Scope and Content: A collection of letters sent to Fr. Albert Bibby by Republican internees and prisoners including Cathal Brugha, William Partridge, Constance Markievicz and Austin Stack.
Format: Manuscript
Extent: 13 items and 7 files

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/1 Letter from A. J. Howlin to Fr. Albert Bibby

29 May 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from A. J. Howlin, prisoner no. 899, Wakefield, to Fr. Albert Bibby, Church St., Dublin, asking to convey his thanks to Fr. Peter [Bowe] 'for his interest in us all the time. He was greatly knocked about on our account'.
Signed Seamus Ua Hualláin. With cover opened by censor.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/2 Note from Cathal Brugha to Fr. Albert Bibby
14 June 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Note from C. Burgess [Cathal Brugha], Dublin Castle Hospital, to Fr. Albert Bibby, Franciscan Capuchin Church, Church St. It reads: ‘I should be obliged if you dropped in here any time tomorrow or Friday to hear my confession. As there has been a new regulation made here with regard to the admission of the clergy it might be as well if you brought this card with you’. During the Rising Brugha was severely wounded by a hand grenade, as well as by multiple gunshot wounds, and was initially not considered likely to survive. He recovered over the next year, but was left with a permanent limp.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/3 Letter from Patrick Holohan to Fr. Albert Bibby
10 July 1916
Item
2 p
Manuscript
Letter from Patrick Holohan, ‘Number: 975, hut 2, Irish Prisoner ... Frongoch, North Wales’ to Fr. Albert Bibby, Church Street, Dublin, referring to the provision of religious services and giving news of conditions and prisoners at the camp. Holohan adds ‘I was glad to hear that you were with Heuston when he died as I was very fond of him. It is delightful to see all our leaders being converted to the Catholic faith’. With cover which has been opened by the censor.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/4 Copy letter from Roger Casement to Fr. E.F. Murnane
16 July 1917-2 Aug. 1916 + 16 Dec. 1903
File
6 pp
Manuscript
Copy letter from Roger Casement, Pentonville Prison, to his chaplain, Fr. E.F. Murnane, regarding the progress of his appeal against the indictment of high treason. With a letter (2 Aug. 1916) from E.F. Murnane, The Presbytery, Dockhead, [Bermondsey, London, S.E.], in the same hand, to George Gavan Duffy regarding Casement’s last hours. Includes a copy extract from a letter from the Prison Chaplain giving a brief account of Casement’s piety before his execution. The file also includes an original letter from Roger Casement, Wellington Club, Grosvenor Place, S.W., to Francis H. Cowper (16 Dec. 1903) declaring that all is well him ‘but fearful Congo row is brewing and I shall be the storm centre I fear’. He adds ‘Give the brindled John my love and a kiss on his black nose’.
Note: See Papers of Sir Roger Casement (National Library of Ireland, Collection List no. A 15, Roger Casement Papers: MS 13,073-MS 13,092).

**CA/IR/1/1/2/1/5** Letter to Tim Healy from various republican internees
4 Oct. 1916
Item
9 pp
Manuscript
Letter to Tim Healy from various republican internees asking him to intercede in a dispute with prison authorities. The manuscript provides background to the dispute. The letter is in two distinctive hands and is (copy) signed by ‘Michael Staines, Head Leader; James Murphy, leader, no. 1 room; Edward A. Morkan, leader, no. 2 room; R.J. Mulcahy, leader, no. 3 room; Thomas D. Sinnott, Leader no. 4 Room’. In September 1917 Healy acted as counsel for the family of the dead Sinn Féin hunger striker Thomas Ashe. He was one of the few King’s Counsel to provide legal services to members of Sinn Féin in various legal proceedings in both Ireland and England after the 1916 Rising. This included acting for those interned in 1916 illegally in Frongoch in North Wales.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/1/6** Letters from William Partridge to Fr. Albert Bibby
c. Apr.-May 1917
File
5 items
Manuscript and newspaper cutting
Letters from William Partridge to Fr. Albert Bibby giving an outline of his career mostly in the labour and union movement under James Larkin. Partridge was amongst those rebels who surrendered at St Stephen’s Green in 1916. He was subsequently sentenced to ten years’ penal servitude and sent to Dartmoor and afterwards to Lewes Prison. He was released due to ill-health and returned to Ballaghadreen, County Mayo, but died on 26 July 1917. He refers to his physical condition in some of the correspondence. He writes ‘Please excuse scribbling as my sight got bad in Prison and I have not yet got glasses’. With his memorial card and newspaper cutting of his obituary notice. The file also includes a letter from [his wife, F. Partridge] referring to his last days and thanking Fr. Albert for his words of sympathy.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/1/7** Letter from D. O’Callaghan to Fr. Albert Bibby
4 Apr. 1917
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from D. O’Callaghan, prisoner no. q 128, Lewes Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby, concerning his conditions of imprisonment. He also expresses his joy on hearing that the ‘Gaelic League is doing splendidly and was never stronger’. He later claims that ‘my people are immigrated all over the world not through any faulty of their own and not necessary for me to tell you the cause’. He has yet to receive a letter mailed to him from his brother in America.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/1/8** Letters from D. O’Callaghan to Fr. Albert Bibby
Apr. 1917
Letters from D. O’Callaghan, Lewes Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby concerning his prison conditions and to kindness shown to him by a Sister Bridget. He adds: ‘Duggan and Beasley were glad to hear from her and sends best wishes’. He later refers to his actions during Easter Week: ‘... I done my best to conduct things to the best advantage for all, and if done a great deal of damage to property, it had to be done to insure the safety of the men that were in my charge. But I certainly say no unnecessary damage was done by us’. Reference is also made to his fellow prisoners G. Grofts and Jimmy Brennan. With an undated letter [c. Apr. 1917] from O’Callaghan referring to the deteriorating conditions endured by republican prisoners: ‘On Wednesday, the 9th some of the young fellows started kicking a rag ball at exercise and warder Birch picked it up most abruptly on the fooling day he had Boland charged with using insolent language. Boland got severely punished and on the following day we struck work. ... Our experience is that the warders are incapable of making a correct statement about us. McEntee and I were charged with insubordination simply because we spoke on behalf of our comrades’.

Notes from Frank Cullen referring to prison conditions
16 Apr. 1917
File
2 pp
Manuscript
Notes from Frank Cullen, prisoner no. 135, to his brother Tom and to his mother, mostly referring to prison conditions. He informs his brother that a photograph of ‘poor John J. Heuston which his sister Theresa sent me about a fortnight ago’ was confiscated. ‘I was told that the photograph was of one of the men executed in Dublin and they could not give it to me ... you see we are not allowed to have the photograph of an Irishman in our cells who gave his life for his country’. He asks both his brother and mother to remember him to his various friends at home.

Letter from D. O’Callaghan to Fr. Albert Bibby
7 May 1917
Item
3 pp
Manuscript
Letter from D. O’Callaghan, prisoner no. q 128, Lewes Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby, offering his thanks to all the ‘patriotic priests who offered up the Masses for the souls of our dear brothers, comrades and relatives ...’. He assures that Fr. Albert that ‘all the men you mentioned De Velera [sic], J and G. Plunkett, J.J. Walsh, Desmond Fitzgerald and O’Hanrahan asked me to than you on their behalf, for kindly visiting their people ... E. Duggan and P. Beasley were glad to hear from you’. O’Callaghan declares that he does not see much hope of any conciliation as ‘there has been so much blood and frightful suffering for the past seven hundred years, and foreign law is as hateful today as it was in the beginning’. He also gives news of the Jimmy
Brennan and the ‘Church St. Boys’. The letter is written on an official form with regulations governing prisoner regulations printed on first page.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/11 Letter from James O’Sullivan to Fr. Albert Bibby
14 May 1917
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from James O’Sullivan prisoner no. q 100, Lewes Prison, declaring that ‘all the men here, look to the Capuchin Fathers, as their especial friends – they found the comrades in times of peril, true friends of the people, the ideal priests’. O’Sullivan adds that ‘Edmund Duggan (my dearest friend), Pierce Beasley, D. O’Callaghan, G. Crofts and Jimmy Brennan, wish to be remembered to you’. James O’Sullivan fought at the General Post Office during the Rising.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/12 Letter from Henry O’Hanrahan to Fr. Albert Bibby
22 May 1917
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from Henry O’Hanrahan, prisoner no. q 150, Lewes Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Augustine Hayden, thanking the Capuchin fathers for their services: ‘It will indeed be a while till we here, our friends, or Ireland forget what we owe to “Church St.” … [on] a very memorable Sunday’. He also refers to increasing clerical support for the republican cause. O’Hanrahan fought at Jacob’s Biscuit factory during the Rising.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/13 Letters from D. O’Callaghan to Fr. Albert Bibby
11 June 1917-13 June 1917
File
2 items
Manuscript
Letters from D. O’Callaghan, prisoner no. q 128, Portland Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby, Church Street, referring to his health. The official letter states that O’Callaghan is in ‘bad health’ and notes that if he behaves well, shall ‘be allowed to write another letter about 19 Jan. 1918’. A letter M.H. Smith, medical officer, Portland Prison, reports that O’Callaghan ‘is in his usual health’. With cover.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/14 Letter from James Joseph Walsh to Fr. Albert Bibby
8 Oct. 1917
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from James Joseph Walsh, prisoner no. 899, Mountjoy Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby, referring to the gradually improving conditions for prisoners. Walsh also refers to the public who ‘in large numbers still crowd to the gate’
of the prison. He informs Fr. Albert that three prisoners are still deprived of the privilege of a daily visit: ‘Sullivan, Cork; Shaw, Stradbally; and Fleming, Galway’. The letter is written on an official form with regulations governing prisoner regulations printed on first page.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/15  Card signed by ‘Constance de Markievicz, I.R.A.’ and Kathleen Clarke  
Dec. 1918  
Item  
1 p  
Manuscript  

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/16  Letters from Constance Markievicz to Fr. Albert Bibby  
1 Mar. 1919 [+ 2 letters, c. 1919]  
File  
3 items  
Manuscript  
Letters from Constance Markievicz, Holloway Jail, to Fr. Albert Bibby, Church St., Dublin, referring to her conditions of imprisonment and conveying her good wishes to Fr. Albert, Fr. Augustine Hayden and Sister Brigid. She declares that ‘when we free our country I shall start a movement for the reformation of jails and jailors! I am proud of being selected as a candidate. I wonder whether I should have a better chance of election in or out of jail?’ With 2 covers.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/17  Letter from Austin Stack to Fr. Albert Bibby  
9 May 1919  
Item  
3 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Austin Stack, prisoner no. 148, Manchester Prison, to Fr. Albert Bibby, thanking the ‘friars of Church St.’ for the interest they have shown in their incarcerated ‘fellow countrymen and women’. Reference is also made to their prison conditions and to prisoner Fionán Lynch. With cover.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/18  Letter from Robert Barton to Fr. Albert Bibby  
9 Feb. 1920  
Item  
2 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Robert Barton, Mountjoy Gaol, to Fr. Albert Bibby, stating that ‘prison life is no affliction to me. I much prefer the rest, seclusion and study of a cell to discoursing in public platforms’. He also discusses his reading of economic literature and affirms that he is learning Irish.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/19  Recollections of visits made to Kevin Barry and other Republican prisoners  
1920-1921  
Item
Manuscript

Recollections of visits made to Kevin Barry (executed 1 Nov. 1920); to ‘six young heroes hanged at Mountjoy Prison, March 14th 1921’; and to Thomas Traynor (executed 26 Apr. 1921). The recollections refer to visits made by unnamed religious sisters. The transcripts focus on the piety and courage shown by the condemned prisoners. It reads: ‘All the young men were teetotallers and some of them abstained from smoking. We noticed two empty porter bottles in the grate in Flood’s cell. When he saw me looking at them he said “you know our friends can bring us in now anything one asks for. The Black and Tan guards here are decent to us and we ordered in drink for them”.

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/20

Photographic copy of a letter from Robert Erskine Childers to Fr. Albert Biddy
20 Nov. 1922
File
3 copies
Photograph
Photographic copy print of a letter from Robert Erskine Childers, Beggars’ Bush Barracks, Dublin, to Fr. Albert Biddy, declaring that he is ‘to die at 7 tomorrow’. He states he will ‘die happy and undefeated and at peace with God’. Fr. Albert referred to this letter in his statement titled ‘The Case of Farther Albert, O.S.F.C.’, defending his actions and declaring his ‘absolute impartiality’ during the War of Independence and later at the outbreak of Civil War hostilities in Dublin in 1922 (CA/IR/1/1/2/4/6).

CA/IR/1/1/2/1/21

Letter from Liam Mellows to his mother
8 Dec. 1922
Item
3 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Liam Mellows, Mountjoy Prison, Dublin, to his mother. Written at 5 a.m., shortly before his execution. It reads: ‘The time is short and much I would like to say must go unsaid. But you will understand in such moments heart speaks to heart. At 3.30 this morning we (Dick Barrett, Rory O’Connor, Joe McKelvey and I) were informed that we were to be “executed as a reprisal”…. I go to join Tone and Emmett, the Fenians, Tom Clarke, Connolly, Pearse, Kevin Barry and Childers. My last thoughts will be on God, and Ireland, and you. …. I had hopes that some day I might rest in some quiet place – beside Grandfather and Grandmother in Castletown (Co. Wexford), not amidst the worldly pomps [sic] of Glasnevin but if it is to be the prison clay, it is all the sweeter for many of our best lie here …‘.

Note: Mellows, O’Connor, McKelvey and Barrett were executed by firing squad on 8 December 1922, in reprisal for the shooting of Seán Hales, TD. This original letter came into the possession of a Mrs Keating, Cathedral Road, Cork. She gave it to her friend, Cormac McCarthy, who subsequently (in 1982) gave it to Fr. Nessan Shaw OFM Cap. (1915-1997).
1.2.2. Correspondence with Wives and Relations of Republican Prisoners

Level: Sub-sub series
Dates of Creation: 1917-1925
Scope and Content: This section comprises Fr. Albert Bibby’s correspondence with the wives and relations of Republican detainees and prisoners including those who were executed in the aftermath of the 1916 Rising. Many of the correspondents were significant political figures in their own right including Kathleen Clarke, Áine b. É. Ceannt and Eva Gore Booth.
Format: Manuscript
Extent: 9 items and 4 files

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/1  Letters from Eva Gore Booth to Fr. Albert Bibby
  c. Mar.1917-July 1917
  File
  5 items
  Manuscript
  Letters to Fr. Albert Bibby from Eva Gore Booth, 33 Fitzroy Square, mostly referring to her sister Constance Markievicz, the East Clare by-election and to the publication of an article in the Catholic Bulletin. With covers.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/2  Letters from Kathleen Clarke to Fr. Albert Bibby
  7 Oct. 1916-7 Jan. 1917
  File
  2 items
  Manuscript
  Letters from Kathleen Clarke (wife of Tom Clarke), 15 Barrington Street, Limerick, to Fr. Albert Bibby, mostly concerning family news. She also wrote: ‘Limerick does not agree with me. I am tired all the time here. I have an unsettled feel here too ... . I find it hard to realise that my home and everything is gone, the only thing left is hope, and if our hopes for Ireland’s future are fulfilled the sacrifices will have been worth the making’. She also refers to Ernest Blythe: ‘We had hoped for better for him. I suppose he is left Arbour Hill by this and there would be no use in writing to him ...’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/3  Letter from Muriel MacDonough to Fr. Albert Bibby
  5 Apr. 1917
  Item
  2 pp
  Manuscript
  Letter from Muriel MacDonough, 50 Marlbourough Rd., Donnybrook, to Fr. Albert Bibby, apologising for not seeing him when he called to her house.
‘My bell was out of order and it is practically impossible to hear knocks, especially with [her son] Don babbling making an uproar’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/4  Letters from Nannie O’ Rahilly to Fr. Albert Bibby  
23 Apr. 1917-25 Apr. 1917  
File  
2 items  
Manuscript  
Letters from Nannie O’ Rahilly (wife of ‘The O’Rahilly’), to Fr. Albert Bibby, expressing her regret that a mass in honour of the rebels of 1916 could not be held in Church St. Friary ‘as you did so much for the men who died’. Later she added ‘Thank God we had the Mass at Mt. Argus, it was most touching and edifying and as you say the spirit was splendid, without any outward demonstration. So the priests who refused us might easily have had more courage’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/5  Letter from Lillie Connolly to Fr. Albert Bibby  
30 Apr. 1917  
Item  
3 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Lillie Connolly [wife of James Connolly], 22 St Patrick’s Road, Drumcondra, to Fr. Albert Bibby, expressing her joy that her son Roderic has started school and has promised to make for ‘lost time’. She also expresses her delight on hearing the ‘little message from the dear Countess [Markievicz]’. She adds ‘I pray and long for the day when she may enjoy her freedom’. With cover.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/6  Letter from Sr. Bernard Heuston to Fr. Albert Bibby  
6 May 1917  
Item  
4 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Sr. Bernard [Heuston], Dominican Convent, Galway (a sister of Seán Heuston), thanking him for his remembrance of poor Jack. ‘I can scarcely believe that the awful time is only a year ago and yet in another sense it seems decades away’. She also refers to the religious piety which has manifested itself since the rebellion and executions: ‘The number of conversions certainly proves the excellent religious foundation of their patriotism’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/7  Letter from Áine b. É. Ceannt to Fr. Albert Bibby  
9 May 1917  
Item  
3 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Áine b. É. Ceannt, [wife of Éamonn Ceannt], 44 Oakley Rd., Ranelagh, noting that ‘it is terrible to find that the rebels at Church St. are not only self-willed but so mightily independent’. She compliments Father Albert for saying the mass in Irish: ‘I felt how pleased poor Eamonn would be’. She gives news of the ailing condition of Muriel MacDonough’s ‘poor
soon [who] has to go to a nursing home and lie on his back for months’. She also refers to the North Roscommon by-election and a well-received letter from Fr. Augustine Hayden which was printed in the *Roscommon Herald*.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/2/8**  
**Letter from Gertrude Parry to Fr. Albert Bibby**  
7 June 1917  
Item  
3 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Gertrude Parry, Shelbourne Hotel, to Fr. Albert Bibby, affirming that she has heard of his offer ‘from my friends the Gavan Duffys and Miss Eva Gore Booth’. She adds ‘You will not know my name but I am a cousin of Roger Casement and there are several matters I should like to talk to you about’.  
Note: Gertrude Parry, née Bannister, was a cousin of Roger Casement. See Papers of Sir Roger Casement (National Library of Ireland: Collection List no. A 15: Roger Casement Papers: MS 13,073-MS 13,092).

**CA/IR/1/1/2/2/9**  
**Letter from Maud Griffith to Albert Bibby**  
18 May 1918  
Item  
2 pp  
Manuscript  
Letter from Maud Griffith, 132 St. Lawrence Rd., to Fr. Albert Bibby, asking him to ‘find out anything about Arthur. He was arrested at 1 a.m. this morning, what I fear [is that] he may be deported tonight before I could see him ...’.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/2/10**  
**Letters from Sinéad de Valera to Fr. Albert Bibby**  
24 May 1918 + 2 undated (c. 1918)  
File  
3 items  
Manuscript  
Letters from Sinéad de Valera to Fr. Albert Bibby, asking for a ‘national novena to the Sacred Heart’. She declares that she has ‘had a letter from Dev this morning. They have had no Sunday mass since they left Ireland. He served Mass on Corpus Christi but that was the only day they had Mass’. She relays De Valera’ request that luxury items such as sweets should not be sent to republican prisoners and suggests that ‘some little committee could be formed to collect the money which would otherwise be expended on postage ...’. She adds ‘Please don’t let Eamonn’s name be associated with it as I know he would not like his remark about the luxuries to go around. He has a dislike to being considered a vaitin and his remark might be misunderstood’. In the letter of 24 May 1918 she refers to her anxiety over ‘the midnight raid and Saturday’s paper’. She added: ‘Dev is in Gloucester prison. I had a message from the Governor saying to send on some clothes’.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/2/11**  
**Letter from Mary Alden Childers to Fr. Albert Bibby**  
9 July 1920  
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Mary Alden Childers [wife of Robert Erskine Childers], 20 Wellington Road, Dublin, to Fr. Albert Bibby, asking him to fulfil a promise and to come to bless their new house.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/12 Letter from Julia Breen to Fr. Albert Bibby
c. 1923
Item
5 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Julia Breen, Upper Church Street, Tipperary, to Fr. Albert Bibby, thanking him for all ‘the trouble you took with our prisoners while they were suffering in Mountjoy, it was prayer and the masses for our prisoners that saved them from death’. With an annotation in Fr. Albert’s hand on the first page: ‘Letter from Commandant Breen’s (I.R.A.) mother. He was on hunger strike at Mountjoy Jail and it was there I met his mother’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/2/13 Letter from Hanna Sheehy Skeffington to Fr. Albert Bibby
5 Feb. 1925
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Hanna Sheehy Skeffington to Fr. Albert Bibby expressing her concern on hearing of his serious illness. She affirms that Fr. Albert’s name ‘is treasured by all who know you and who love Ireland and all dear dead who died for her. The widows and sisters of the men of 1916 whom you attended and consoled and of the later martyrs also will always remember you with affection’.

1.2.3. Correspondence with other Capuchins

Level: Sub-sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1917-1925
Scope and Content: A collection of Fr. Albert Bibby’s correspondence with other members of the Capuchin Order in Ireland.
Format: Manuscript and newspaper cutting
Extent: 8 items and 3 files

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/1 Postcard from Fr. Albert Biddy to Fr. Alphonsus Carroll
11 Jan. 1917
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Postcard from Fr. Albert Biddy, Cork, to Fr. Alphonsus Carroll, Capuchin Friary, Walkin Street, Kilkenny, sending on his greetings and declaring that all his friends ‘down south are splendid’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/2 Letters concerning Fr. Albert Bibby’s ministry in the Parish of Ilford, Essex
Dec. 1922-4 Mar. 1924
File
9 items
Manuscript and typescript
The file includes a letter from Fr. Albert to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon, Minister Provincial [Dec. 1922], referring to his time in the parish. He declares that the priests there have no interest in Ireland. ‘It doesn’t count here apparently’, and added, ‘unemployment [is] very serious. The “Daily News” urges the setting up “unemployment committees”…’. Later, Canon Palmer, Ilford, Essex, wrote to Fr. Peter Bowe, Provincial Minister, Church Street, Dublin, seeking to have Fr. Albert Bibby come over to cover for one of his clerical assistants who is unwell. On 11 Oct. 1923 Fr. Palmer wrote: ‘I would gladly give him all accommodation and he could help us. In strict confidence with yourself I wish to say at the same time that if there is any radical objection to his coming or having facilities. I would not presume to ask you at all’. With letter from Fr. Peter Bowe to Fr. Albert granting permission to ‘absent yourself from the Province for the benefit of your health, and to go to Very Rev. Canon Palmer of Ilford … to help in Parochial Work during the absence of the Senior Curate, until the end of February 1924’. The file also includes a letter from Fr. Sylvester Mulligan to Fr. Peter Bowe, regarding the sending of Fr. Albert to Ilford, Essex. Some political references are made by Fr. Albert in a letter to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh (4 Mar. 1924). He wrote: ‘I am able to follow the events pretty well. Tis an awful pity that the being in power of the Labour Party is not availed of to scrap or modify the Treaty – a united body at home could now get anything – not that Labour is pro-Irish. It is not, but … because of the support on which it depends it could not turn down a united Ireland – or a large section demanding it’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/3  Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh
15 Apr. 1924
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh mainly referring to his difficult journey from Ireland to England and to his on-going ill-health. With cover, postmarked at Ilford.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/4  Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh
1 July 1924
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby, St. Benedict’s Rectory, 320 West 53D Street, New York, to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh, Church St., Dublin, referring to his arrival in New York and his meeting with Fr. Solanus Casey OFM Cap. He also refers to a letter or photograph of letter ‘written by P.H. P[earse] to Joe P[unkett], 1916, and which I gave you to keep. I promised a copy of it to Mrs Tom Clarke … I would be grateful if can would, at your convenience, make a copy of it and send it to her or to Miss Daly, Bakery, Sarsfield St., Limerick for her’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/5  Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. [Aloysius Travers]
20 July 1924
Item
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. [Aloysius Travers] referring to his journey to the United States on board the steamship Republic. In Irish

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/6  Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh
25 Aug. 1924
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh referring to his difficult conditions in California. He wrote ‘The heat and I suppose change of food and water have told on me this month. I haven’t been well at all and have spent some days in bed’. Some mention is made of the political situation in Ireland: ‘Wasn’t D[e Valera]’s address after release wonderful? No word of bitterness from start to finish’. Reference is also made to Fr. Dominic O’Connor and the opening of a house of studies in California. With cover.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/7  Letters from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Augustine Hayden
7 Oct. 1924-25 Jan. 1925
File
5 items
Manuscript and newspaper cutting
Letters from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Augustine Hayden referring to journey to the United States, from New York to Santa Barbara, California, his declining health and to the consolation he has found as his death approaches. On 25 Jan. 1925 Fr. Albert wrote: ‘I am gradually getting weaker and am preparing for end. … Fr. Dominic O’Connor came here last night and will remain with me to the end. Tis a great comfort and joy to have him. He will do for me what he did for Terry McSweeney in Brixton Jail’. With a newspaper cutting from the Santa Barbara Daily News (21 Jan. 1925) containing an article with (photographic prints) of the Old Mission of Santa Ynez and ‘Padre Albert’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/8  Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Peter Bowe
24 Jan. 1925
File
5 items
Manuscript and newspaper cutting
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby, St. Francis Hospital, Santa Barbara, to Fr. Peter Bowe, Minister Provincial, Dublin, referring to his weakening condition and averring that he has been in hospital for over five weeks. He asks the Provincial for ‘forgiveness and pardon for all the faults and all the disedifications I have given, as well as for all the violations of rule, constitutions, regulations of which I have been guilty’. He expresses his wish to die ‘a loyal member of the Irish Province’. He encloses a newspaper cutting from the Santa Barbara Daily News (21 Jan. 1925) containing an article with (photographic prints) of the Old Mission of Santa Ynez and ‘Padre Albert’. With cover and copies.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/9  Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Aloysius Travers
25 Jan. 1925
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Church Street, stating that he is ‘getting weaker gradually – the end is apparently not far off’. Fr. Albert admits that the presence of Fr. Dominic O’Connor is a great comfort as his death approaches.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/10 Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Paul Neary
9 Feb. 1925
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby, St. Francis Hospital, Santa Barbara, California, to Fr. Paul Neary stating that he is ‘perfectly resigned to God’s will and wonderfully happy family’. An annotation on the top of page reads: Fr. Albert’s last letter to me. It was posted after his death. Fr. Paul’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/3/11 Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Mathew [O’Connor]
12 Feb. 1925
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Albert Bibby, St. Francis Hospital, Santa Barbara, California, to Fr. Mathew [O’Connor], Church Street, Dublin, referring to his declining condition. He wrote ‘I’m so weak and in such a serious condition that I know not if I shall be alive to-morrow’. He declared that he has renewed his profession ‘surrounded by the Franciscan Sisters here and Fr. Dillon, a devoted Kerry friend’. Fr. Albert Bibby died two days later on 14 Feb. 1925.

1.2.4. Other Correspondence

Level: Sub-sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1933
Scope and Content: This section includes letters to Capuchins referring to Fr. Albert, his ministry to prominent Republicans, his exile in the United States, and his death. The section includes a copy of a letter written by Fr. Albert Bibby to Fr. Juan Antonio de San Juan en Persiceto, Minister General of the Capuchin Order, enclosing a vigorous statement defending his conduct during the Irish Revolution and in particular his ministering to imprisoned Republicans (CA/IR/1/1/2/4/6). See also the section below: Reparation of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor
Format: Manuscript, typescript and printed
Extent: 11 items and 2 files

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/1 Letters from Brigid E. Whelan to Fr. Albert Bibby
2 May 1916-4 May 1917
File
2 items
Manuscript
Letters from Brigid E. Whelan, Staplestown Rd., Carlow, to Fr. Albert Bibby regarding a subscription from local people ‘to have a Mass said in the
Cathedral Carlow, for the repose of the soul of the Irish Volunteers who died in connection with the 1916 Rising which proposal was refused by the administrator ...'. (2 May 1916). She later reprobates the ‘clergy [who] had abandoned the cause of their motherland’. She added ‘Thank God that there are such men as you and your “Beloved Brethren”’. (4 May 1917).

**CA/IR/1/1/2/4/2** Receipt from the Irish Volunteers’ Prisoners’ Aid Society to Fr. Albert Bibby
22 June 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Receipt M. Cox, Hon. Secretary of the Irish Volunteers’ Prisoners’ Aid Society, Manchester, to Fr. Albert Bibby for the sum of £2 7s 6d.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/4/3** Letter from Sister M. Gonzaga to Fr. Albert Bibby
18 Sept. 1916
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Sister M. Gonzaga, Loreto Convent, Fermoy, County Cork, to Father Albert Bibby expressing her hope that the ‘brave Sinn Feiner you are anxious about is safe now’. She also declares that ‘1916 is a year marked in letters of blood, the heart blood of our best and noblest’. She concludes by asking for a prayer for ‘the brave boys you helped to die’.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/4/4** Invitation card sent to Fr. Albert Bibby
14 July 1917
Item
1 p
Printed with manuscript additions
Invitation card to Fr. Albert Bibby for a reception for released prisoners of war organised by the Irish National Aid and Volunteers’ Dependents Fund at the Mansion House, Dublin.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/4/5** Letter from Alice and Laurence Ginnell to Fr. Albert Bibby
10 July 1920
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from Alice and Laurence Ginnell, Liverpool, to Fr. Albert, Church Street, Dublin, apologising for not been able to visit as ‘details of preparation kept us both busy since we leave here to-day for Canada for the benefit of my health’.

**CA/IR/1/1/2/4/6** Copy letter to Fr. Juan Antonio de San Juan en Persiceto, Minister General, from Fr. Albert Bibby enclosing ‘The Case of Fr. Albert, OSFC’
12 Aug. 1923
Item
1 p + 12 pp
Typescript copy
Copy letter to Fr. Juan Antonio de San Juan en Persiceto, Minister General OFM Cap., from Fr. Albert Bibby, Capuchin Franciscan Monastery, Rochestown, Cork, referring to the decision to send him to America. He claims that ‘this decision would seem to be part of the penalisation which has been meted out to me, probably because of my activities during the period of hostilities in Dublin, last summer’. Fr. Albert encloses a statement, ‘The Case of Father Albert, O.S.F.C.’, defending his actions and declaring his ‘absolute impartiality’ during the War of Independence and later at the outbreak of Civil War hostilities in Dublin in 1922. Reference is also made in the statement to his previous pastoral work with republicans in the period from 1916. Fr. Albert declared: ‘The war of repression which England waged on Ireland since 1916, did not narrow my vision of duty. My mission as a priest was not to any one section or party, it was to “embrace all in one sentiment of charity”’. ... When feeling was bitterest against the “G-men” – the secret Police” – I saved one of them from death, and also facilitated the marriage of a member of the British Auxiliaries, who had won for themselves as hated a reputation as had the notorious “Black and Tans”. Fr. Albert also emphasised his role as an intermediary between Free State forces and Irregular Republicans during the attack on the Four Courts and in subsequent actions in Dublin during the initial phases of the Civil War.

Note: Copy concludes with a statement that the original is ‘kept in the Archives of Curia Generalis OFM Cap., Rome (Annus: 1923; Prov. Hiberniae; Section 4). This copy has been made, for the convenience of the Archives of the Irish Province, with the permission of the Most Rev. Fr. General, Fr. Benignus of S. Ilario Mailanese, OFM Cap.’. Certified copy signed by Fr. Conrad O’Donovan, Definitor General, OFM Cap., 28 July 1958.

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/14 Letter from Robert Monteith to Fr. Albert Bibby
11 Oct. 1924
Item
3 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Robert Monteith, Detroit, to Fr. Albert Bibby, expressing his pleasure that Fr. Albert will be visiting him in Detroit. Monteith adds ‘The news coming across is surely heartening. I feel it in my bones that we are on the eve of great things and that our fond hopes will be realised’. He also expresses his wish that Fr. Albert addresses ‘our people’ in the city.

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/7 Copy letter from Fr. Albert Bibby to Éamon de Valera
26 Jan. 1925
Item
1 p
Typescript copy
Copy letter from Fr. Albert Bibby, St Francis Hospital, Santa Barbara, California, to Eamon de Valera, President of the Republic of Ireland, pledging his ‘unchanged and unchangeable, and uncompromising’ allegiance to the Republic and to you, its President’. He argues that ‘in the movement for the independence of Ireland I have always endeavoured to remember that I was a Capuchin Priest’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/8 Letter from [ ] to Fr. Albert Bibby
1 Feb. 1925
Item
6 pp
Manuscript

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/9  Letter from Sinn Féin referring to the death of Fr. Albert Bibby
23 Feb. 1925
Item
1 p
Typescript
Letter from Sinn Féin, 23 Suffolk Street, Dublin, to Fr. Peter Bowe, Provincial Minister, Church St., forwarding a resolution from the party regarding the recent death of Fr. Albert Bibby. In Irish

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/10  Letters from American Associations for the Recognition of the Irish Republic
25 Mar-4 May 1925
File
4 items; 7 pp
Typescript and manuscript
The file includes letters from various American Associations for the Recognition of the Irish Republic to Fr. Peter Bowe, Provincial Minister, re the Fr. Albert Bibby. Includes:
Letter from Martin Howard, American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, 3 East 42nd Street, New York, enclosing a resolution condemning the ‘victimization’ of Fr. Albert Bibby and other Capuchin priests who merely expressed ‘a deep rooted love of their motherland, Ireland … and were therefore looked on as a menace to the so-called Free State Government in Ireland …’. 21 Apr. 1925.
Letter from Loretta A. Ryder, Secretary, Kevin Barry Council of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, enclosing a resolution condemning ‘the unchristian conduct of the Superiors of the Capuchin Order of Priests in Ireland in exiling Father Albert and other Priests of their Order because they had the courage to stand up for Ireland’s rightful independence’. 4 May 1925.

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/11  Letter from Dorothy [Prodfrey?] to Fr. Peter Bowe
14 June 1925
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Dorothy [Prodfrey?], 267 West, 139 Street, New York City, to Fr. Peter Bowe, Provincial Minister, Holy Trinity Friary, Cork, referring to the
poor treatment which Fr. Albert received from the higher echelons of the clergy and Order. She asserts: ‘May God forgive the clergy or Free Staters who had a hand in his exile. Sending a dying priest 3,500 miles across our land. I went with him to the train and it left a picture in my mind that cannot be blotted out. Another Christ carrying his cross. He was not able to drag his feet across the platform and carrying a heavy bag’.

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/12 Letter from Fr. William, Pantasaph Capuchin Monastery, to Fr. Peter Bowe
17 July 1925
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. William, Pantasaph Capuchin Monastery, Holywell, North Wales, to Fr. Peter Bowe, Provincial Minster, extending his sympathy on the loss of Fr. Albert, ‘a brilliant member’ of the Irish community.

CA/IR/1/1/2/4/13 Letter of Fr. Hilary McDonagh to Fr. Paul Neary
6 Nov. 1933
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter of Fr. Hilary McDonagh, Via Boncompagni, 71, Rome, to Fr. Paul Neary informing him that he has located a letter from the late Fr. Albert Bibby in the archives of the General Curia. Fr. Hilary writes: ‘I am informed that it is not usual nor advisable to allow such documents into any hands outside the Curia, so I fear it will not be possible to allow it to be used by any historian of the sad period about which it centres – at least for the present’. With cover.

1.3. Photographs and Prints

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1958
Scope and Content: A small collection of prints and photographs connected with the life and ministry of Fr. Albert Bibby.
Format: Photographic prints
Extent: 5 items and 4 files

CA/IR/1/1/3/1 Photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby
c. 1916-1920
Item
Photographic print on card
15 cm x 10 cm
Photographic (portrait) print of Fr. Albert Bibby. Ink-printed on reverse ‘J. Cashman, 21 Capel Street’.
Format: Photographic print on card

CA/IR/1/1/3/2 Photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby and other Capuchin priests
c. 1919-1920
Item
Photograph
15 cm x 11.5 cm
Photographic (black and white) print of Fr. Albert Bibby, Fr. Augustine Hayden, and possibly Fr. Dominic O’Connor and other clerics in a procession in Dublin. Physical description: Image is faded, slightly torn and frayed at edges.

CA/IR/1/1/3/3 Photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor at Church Street 1922 Item Photographic print on card 19.5 cm x 24.5 cm Photographic print (black and white) of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor outside the Church Street friary. A woman, carrying an umbrella, and a young boy are following them. The print is pasted onto card and is annotated on the reverse: ‘donated by Mrs. H. Cass, Huntstown, Kilmanagh, County Kildare’. The copyright of this image was held by J. Cashman, 13 Manor Place, Dublin, and the Irish Press. Note: See also GP/225.

CA/IR/1/1/3/4 Photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor at the main door of the Church Street friary 1922 Item Photographic print on card 22 cm x 17 cm Photographic print (black and white) of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor outside the main door of the Church Street friary. The print is pasted onto card and is credited to J. Cashman, 13 Manor Place, Dublin. The print has been framed and is titled ‘Ireland’s Patriot Priests’. There is a further comment below the print: ‘Father Albert died in California in 1925. Father Dominic in Oregon in 1935’. The backing of the frame contains an ink stamp copyrighting the image to J. Cashman. A manuscript annotation reads: ‘To Fr. Donal O’Mahony OFM Cap. from Griff. Cashman’. This photograph was probably taken immediately after the picture in CA/IR/1/1/3/3. Note: See also GP/32.

CA/IR/1/1/3/5 Photographic prints of Fr. Albert Bibby at Rochestown College 1924 File 4 items Photographic print on card 10.5 cm x 8.5 cm Two full-length portrait photographic prints of Fr. Albert Bibby, at the College door, Rochestown, Cork, prior to his departure for the United States in 1924. With a photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby in a Capuchin habit with another Capuchin friar and another unidentified lay individual at Rochestown.

CA/IR/1/1/3/6 Photographic print of Fr. Albert Bibby’s Coffin, Santa Inez, California Feb. 1925 Item Photographic print
25 cm x 20 cm
Photographic print of the coffin of Fr. Albert Bibby at Santa Inez, California. Stamped on the reverse: ‘Greene, Photographer, 19 W. Figueroa St., Santa Barbara’.

CA/IR/1/1/3/7  Photographic prints of mourners at Fr. Albert Bibby’s funeral, Santa Inez, California
Feb. 1925
File
26 items
Photographic prints
Photographic prints (black and white) of mourners at Fr. Albert’s funeral at the Old Mission, Santa Inez, California. A number of prints are annotated on reverse.
An annotation on one print reads: ‘Father Dillon, Father Dominic, Mrs Mellows, Mrs Campbell, Eamon Martin, who came out with Mrs Mellows’. The file includes a cover indicating that some of the prints were sent to Fr. Peter Bowe, Minister Provincial, Church Street, Dublin.

CA/IR/1/1/3/8  Photographic album of Fr. Urban Riordan
C. 1925-1938
File
Bound photographic album; 31 prints
16 cm x 19 cm
Photographic album of Fr. Urban Riordan (Louis Philip Riordan). The album contains many black and white photographic prints (on card) of views of the Capuchin Mission at Santa Inez, California. First leaf contains a memorial card for Fr. Albert Bibby who ‘died in exile for the Republic of Ireland at Santa Barbara, USA, 14 Feb. 1925’. The album contains:
Photograph of Fr. Urban Riordan and Fr. Leo Sheehan outside a house in Ukiah, California.
Photograph of Most Rev. Edward Joseph Hanna, Archbishop of San Francisco (1915-1935) with a confirmation group of Native American young girls.
Photographs of the mourners at the funeral of Fr. Albert Bibby (Feb. 1925). The photograph is captioned: ‘Fr. Urban, Peter Murray, Fr. Stephen, Rev. Paul Dillon, Eamon Martin, Mrs McWaters [possibly Mary McWhorter], Fr. Dominic, Mrs Mellows, Fr Leo ... Funeral, Fr. Albert, Feb. 1925’.
Portrait photograph of an ‘Indian Girl’ at Ukiah, California.
Photograph of Br. Conrad [O’Donovan?] standing in front of the portico of Santa Inez.
Photograph of a group of ‘Californian Indians (Porno), Ukiah, 1925’.
Photograph of a group of ‘Porno Indian Boys, 4.1.25’.
Note: Mary McWhorter, from Illinois, was a prominent Irish-American campaigner for the republican cause. She was President of the Ladies Auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians from 1916-21. During this period the organisation had over 75,000 members. The Ladies AOH was founded in 1894. McWhorter held a meeting with American President Woodrow Wilson to make a case for Irish freedom. She presented a petition with over 600,000 signatures to President Wilson, demanding an Irish Republic following the end of the Great War.
Peter Murray was a well-known Irish-American who lived near Santa Inez, California. Liam Mellows and Eamon Martin stayed with him from 1916-7 when they travelled to America after the Easter Rising. Peter’s father, John Murray, was known as ‘Dad’ to his close friends. He was active in fundraising and other Republican activities. ‘Dad’ Murray returned to Ireland in the 1920s and lived at Howth.

CA/IR/1/1/3/9  Memorial print of Fr. Albert Bibby  
c. 1958  
File  
Printed  
2 copies: 30 cm x 23 cm  
Memorial print of Fr. Albert Bibby, ‘Chaplain of the Irish Republican Army’. It notes that on ‘his deathbed he renewed his allegiance to the Irish Republic. In deference to his life-long wish, his remains, together with those of this loyal pupil Fr. Dominic now lie side by side in Irish soil in the little cemetery Rochestown, County Cork’.

1.4. Newspaper clippings and other papers

Level: Sub-series  
Dates of Creation: 1902-1958  
Scope and Content: A small collection of newspaper clippings connected with the life and ministry of Fr. Albert Bibby. Some of records refer to the death of Fr. Albert in February 1925 and tributes and commemoration thereafter.  
Format: Printed and newspaper clippings  
Extent: 2 files and 2 items

CA/IR/1/1/4/1  Newspaper clippings relating to the life and ministry of Fr. Albert Bibby  
c. 1902-1958  
File  
40 items  
Newspaper clippings  
The file includes a clipping reporting the ordination of Fr. Albert in St. Mary’s of the Angels, Church Street, (Feb. 1902). With clippings re his involvement in ministering to the 1916 rebel leaders (including Seán Heuston), obituaries and tributes, and later the campaign to have his and Father Dominic’s O’Connor’s body repatriated to Ireland. The file includes clippings from the Kilkenny Journal, the Kilkenny People, the Cork Examiner and the Irish Press.

CA/BV/1/1  Newspaper Cuttings Book
c. 1912-1935
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh.
Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus. The book includes:

96; 101-112: Reports relating to the death of Fr. Albert Bibby in Feb. 1925. With some reports on the death of his mother, Julia Bibby in July 1935. With a number of cuttings of photographic prints of Fr. Albert including one with the children of Thomas MacDonagh.


114: Article titled ‘Awakening of the Nation’ referring to the presentation of Home Rule Club Shield to the Freshford Boys’ National School and to the propagation of the ‘Gaelic Gospel’. The event was attended by Fr. Albert Bibby and article reports his address. Kilkenny Journal, 1 Mar. [1912]


CA/IR/1/1/4/2  Franciscan Annals and Tertiary Record
June 1916
Item
30 pp
Printed
The issue of Franciscan Annals and Tertiary Record, Organ of the Guild of St. Anthony, xl. no. 474 (June 1916). The Annals was a publication associated with the Third Order of St. Francis. The issue carried a commentary titled ‘Franciscan Notes and News’, referring to the work done by Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Columbus Murphy during the Rising (pp 182-185).

CA/IR/1/1/4/3  The Monitor’s tribute to Fr. Albert Bibby
OS
28 Feb. 1925
Item
4 pp
Newspaper
The issue of The Monitor, ‘the family Catholic Weekly of New Jersey’, for 28 Feb. 1925 (No. 9). Two pages of the paper are dedicated in tribute to the recently deceased Fr. Albert Bibby, ‘a priest of Ireland’s Resurrection’.

CA/IR/1/1/4/4  Necrologia of Fr. Albert Bibby from Analacta Ordinis Minorum Capucinorum
15 June 1925
File
3 pp
Manuscript and photocopy

1.5. Memorial Cards

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1922
Scope and Contents: Original memorial cards for deceased Republicans collected by Fr. Albert Bibby. The sub-series has been arranged chronologically into three sub-sub series: 1) 1916 Leaders; 2) War of Independence; 3) Civil War.
Format: Printed
Extent: 6 files

1.5.1. 1916 Leaders

Level: Sub-sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1917
Format: Printed
Extent: 2 files

CA/IR/1/1/5/1/1 Memorial Cards for 1916 Rising Leaders
1916
File
10 Items
Printed
The file includes the following memorial cards:
- Michael O’Hannrachain. With photograph. 2 copies
- Éamonn Ceannt. With photograph. 2 copies
- Pádraig MacPiaraí and William MacPiarais
- ‘For the souls of General P. H. Pearse and the Officers and Men of the Irish Republican Army’.
- In memory of John Daly, Thomas J. Clarke and John Edward Daly (combined card). 3 copies

CA/IR/1/1/5/1/2 First Anniversary Memorial Cards for 1916 Rising Leaders
1917
File
3 items
Printed
First anniversary cards for executed leaders of the 1916 Rising including one card for Joseph Mary Plunkett, William Pearse, Michael O’Hanrahan, Edward Daly, another for Major John MacBride, and one for ‘for the repose of the
souls of the following Irishmen who were executed by English Law’. (Hand
coloured, tricolour and green flag over crossed pikes. Interlacing ribbon reads:
‘Our Prayers Daily’.

1.5.2. War of Independence

Level: Sub-sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1917-1920
Format: Printed
Extent: 2 files

CA/IR/1/1/5/2/1 Memorial Cards for Thomas Ashe
1917
File
3 items
Printed
• Memoriam card for Thomas Ashe who ‘Succumbed to prison
treatment and forcible feeding in Mountjoy Prison and died 27 Sept.
1917’. Card with photographic print, coloured tricolour banner on
pikes with interlacing legend: ‘Sinn Féin Abu’. With MS annotations.
• ‘In memoriam Thomas Ashe, 1917’. Cover has photographic print of
Ashe and legend ‘He died that Ireland might have greater life’.
Handbill containing the text of poem in remembrance of Thomas Ashe
• Memoriam card for Thomas Ashe who ‘answered the call and laid
down his life for Ireland on Sept. 25th [1917]’.

CA/IR/1/1/5/2/2 Memorial cards
1918-1920
File
6 items
Printed
The file includes the following memorial cards for deceased Republicans:
• Kevin Barry, IRA ‘Died for Ireland in Mountjoy Prison, Dublin, on
Monday, Nov. 1st 1920’. Coloured, with photographic print.
• Michael Murphy, Boherard, Carrignavar, died 21 June 1917.
• Terence McSwiney, ‘Lord Mayor of Cork, Died for Ireland in Brixton
• Captain Richard Coleman ‘who fought for the Freedom of Ireland,
Easter, 1916, and died in Usk Prison, England, on December 9th,
1918’. With photographic print.
• Peadar Healy, 86 Phibsboro’ Road, Capt., A. Co., 1st Battalion, Irish
Volunteers, died 12 Apr. 1919. One card with photographic print and
another in Irish.
1.5.3. Civil War

Level: Sub-sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1922
Format: Printed
Extent: 1 file

CA/IR/1/1/5/3/1  Memorial cards for executed Republicans
1922
File
2 copies
Printed

1.6. Commemorative and Souvenir Publications

CA/IR/1/1/6/1  Programme for Aonach na Nodlag
5-14 Dec. 1912
Item
40 pp
Printed

CA/IR/1/1/6/2  Diarmuid Ó Donnabháin Rosa: 1831-1915: souvenir of public funeral to Glasnevin, Dublin, August 1st 1915
1915
File
2 copies
Printed
Souvenir publication for the funeral of O’Donovan Rossa at Glasnevin Cemetery, Dublin, 1 Aug. 1915. 2nd edition. Includes the text of Pearse’s graveside oration and other contributions by Thomas Mac Donagh, Seamus O’Sullivan, and James Connolly’s statement on The Citizen Army. Physical Description: 40 pp., illustrated orig. ptd. Wrappers with some stains and edges frayed.

CA/IR/1/1/6/3  Songs & poems of the rebels who fought and died for Ireland in Easter week
1917
Item
58 pp
An anthology edited by E.G.B, Published in honor of those who died and those who were incarcerated. The collection includes: We shall rise again, Easter
1916/James Connolly--The Wayfarer/P.H.Pearse – ‘the remaining contributions, many of which are not published elsewhere, are unsigned’. In yellow paper wrappers printed in green and gold.

Physical description: 58 pp; 23.5 cm.

CA/IR/1/1/6/4  
**Grand Irish concert in aid of Irish National Aid and Volunteer Dependents’ Fund**

18 Apr. 1917

Item
52 pp

Printed

Souvenir programme for a Grand Irish concert in aid of the fund held in the Mansion House, Dublin, on 18 Apr. 1917. The ‘Concert programme’ is on pp 26-27; the rest is adverts. (on inside front cover for the Funds’ great gift sale April 20-21) and portraits of Thomas J. Clarke, Patrick H. Pearse, James Connolly, Thomas MacDonagh, Sean Mac Diarmada, Eamonn Ceannt, Joseph Plunkett, Major John MacBride, William Pearse, Michael O’Hanrahan, Edward Daly, Michael Mallin, Cornelius Colbert, Sean J. Heuston, Thomas Kent, Roger Casement, all of whom were executed in May 1916. With reserved seat ticket for the said event.

Physical description: 52 pp: ports.; 15 cm x 23 cm.

CA/IR/1/1/6/5  
**Souvenir Programme for Heuston & Colbert Commemoration**

12 May 1918

Item

15 pp

Printed

Souvenir programme for Heuston & Colbert Commemoration Aeridheacht, Croke Park, 12 May 1918. The event was organised in aid of Fianna Éireann – Battalion II.

CA/IR/1/1/6/6  
**Remembered, a daughter of Erin, Dora Sigerson Shorter**

1918

File

8 pp + 1 p

Printed


CA/IR/1/1/6/7  
**Souvenir Programme for Fianna Martyrs’ Anniversary**

16 May 1920

Item

19 pp

Printed
Souvenir Programme for Fianna Martyrs’ Anniversary and Commemoration Aeridheacht, Croke Park. An annotation on the cover page reads: ‘For Fr. Albert’.

CA/IR/1/1/6/8   *‘Republicans are We’ to the air of ‘The Soldiers Song’*

  c. 1922
  Item
  2 pp
  Manuscript
  Manuscript transcript of song ‘Republicans are We’ to the air of ‘The Soldiers’ Song’. The first verse reads:
  ‘When bravely we’d fought our land to free
  Our Tricolour flying o’ar us,
  The ancient foe for peace did seek,
  From I.R.A. victorious
  Our envoys went to London town
  And there, let our Republic down;
  But still, till Freedom battle’s won
  Republicans are We’.

CA/IR/1/1/6/9   *Arthur Griffith, Michael Collins*

  c. 1922
  Item
  62 pp
  Printed
  A memorial booklet commemorating Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins. Harry Clarke (1889-1931), artist, provided the illustrated cover (which is lacking).
  Printed in Dublin by Martin Lester. The booklet contains many photographic illustrations and articles by Piaras Beaslai, Eoin MacNeill and others.
  Physical description: 62 pp: quarto; ill.; 29 cm; brown wrappers; binding has disintegrated.
2. The Papers of Fr. Columbus Murphy OFM Cap.

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1916
Scope and Content: A collection of Fr. Columbus Murphy’s personal papers relating to his involvement with Republican combatants in the 1916 Rising.
Format: Manuscript, typescript and photographic prints
Extent: 4 items and 2 files

CA/IR/1/2/1  Letter from Major A.F. Owen Lewis, General Staff Officer, Irish Command, Headquarters to The Governor, Arbour Hill Detention Barracks
30 April 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Dated 9.30 am. Letter from Major A.F. Owen Lewis, General Staff Officer, Irish Command, Headquarters to The Governor, Arbour Hill Detention Barracks: ‘Please allow Father [Columbus] Murphy to interview Pearse the rebel leader and any other rebels whom he may wish to see’. On Royal Arms embossed paper. Faded Ink-stamped: Headquarters Ireland.
Note: Major A. F. Owen Lewis, General Staff Officer, Irish Command, gave evidence before the Hardinge Commission of Inquiry, and was mentioned in despatches for distinguished services during the Rising.

CA/IR/1/2/2  List of demands made by Thomas MacDonagh at Richmond Barracks
1 May 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
List of demands made by Thomas MacDonagh whilst jailed in Richmond Barracks. The list reads:
1. Visits to prisoners
2. Treatment of officers
3. Dependents and relations
4. Blankets
5. Books
6. The wearing [of] red cross badge who were not combatants
7. Washing arrangements
Faint signature of ‘Thomas Mac Donough, Jacobs Factory’ is visible in centre of page.
Addition in different hand at bottom of page reads: ‘No 7 will be allowed. Other complaints cannot be dealt with here. Louis [Ramsey?], 1/C. Richmond Barracks, 1/5/16’.
Note: See ‘My experiences in the 1916 Rising by Father Columbus OSFC’, pp 30-31. (CA/IR/1/2/6): ‘I then told him [Thomas MacDonough] that I had seen P.H. Pearse in Arbour Hill Detention Barracks. As he was second in command he asked me to go as his delegate and to demand to have them recognised as prisoners of war; and to get the rights of such. The he wrote down for the several headings he wished me to have seen to. These I proposed to submit to the officer in charge of the barracks, to see what could be immediately righted
for them; and then to go on to Dublin Castle. Here is the document as it lies before me’.

**CA/IR/1/2/3**  
**Pass signed by Major J.W. Morel, Assistant Provost Marshal, Dublin**  
1 May 1916  
Item  
2 pp  
Manuscript and typescript  
Pass signed by Major J.W. Morel, Assistant Provost Marshal, Dublin, permitting Fr. Columbus Murphy ‘to travel in the streets of Dublin on duty and to visit prisoners where allowed’. Stamped and dated. With unstamped permit allowing Fr. Columbus ‘to travel anywhere in the City and visit prisoners in Richmond [Barracks]’. Indecipherable signature at bottom of pass.  
Note: See ‘My experiences in the 1916 Rising by Father Columbus OSFC’, p. 32. *(CA/IR/1/2/6).*

**CA/IR/1/2/4**  
**Notebook detailing the monies received from rebels who occupied the Four Courts during the Rising**  
May 1916  
Item  
8 pp + 1 insert  
Manuscript  
Notebook belonging to Fr. Columbus Murphy detailing the monies received from rebels who occupied the Four Courts during the Rising. An annotation on the inside cover reads: ‘The following is a list of the money I got from the boys at the Four Courts. Also the receipts the different people who came afterwards to claim them. Fr. Columbus Murphy’. Most of the (pencilled) entries refer to personal belongings given to Fr. Columbus for safekeeping by various rebels and to monies and effects later distributed to relations by the Capuchin priest. Entry on page 4 reads: ‘Received three cheques from Fr. Columbus with thanks. June 29th, [19]16, Mrs Mellows. Gave two cheques and one lodgement order. Fr. Columbus’.  
Physical description: Soft bound notebook; 10 cm x 6.5 cm. Binding torn at edge.

**CA/IR/1/2/5**  
**Notebook belonging to Martin Savage, Irish Volunteer**  
1916  
File  
1 p + 13 prints  
Manuscript and photographic prints  
Notebook belonging to Martin Savage, Irish Volunteer. The annotation on the first page reads: ‘This book belongs to Martin Savage. I [Fr. Columbus Murphy] got it from him at Richmond Barracks. It contained a list of the names and addresses of all the Volunteers of his company. I tore them out and burned them. Fr. Columbus’. A later note reads: ‘He [Savage] was subsequently killed in the attack on Lord French. Fr. C.’. The notebook also contains thirteen black and white portrait photographs of unidentified individuals. Some are group portraits and others are of single individuals both male and female. Some of the photographs have a printed company stamp on the reverse: ‘The Franco Art Co., Grafton Studios, 111 Grafton St. … Dublin’. Two of the photographs can be positively identified as Savage. The other photographs may be of his relations.
Physical description: hard bound notebook; 11 cm x 7.5 cm; ‘Easons “fastfind” No. 2106’.

Note: Martin Savage (in Irish: Máirtín Sabhaois; 1898-19 Dec. 1919), from Ballisodare, County Sligo, was an officer in the Dublin Brigade of the Irish Republican Army. As a 17 year old he took part in the 1916 Easter Rising in Dublin and fought with Pearse and Connolly in the GPO. He was captured by the British Army and imprisoned in Richmond Barracks. On 30 April 1916 he was deported to Knutsford Detention Barracks in Cheshire, England along with 200 other captured prisoners. Upon his release Savage returned to Dublin and became a Lieutenant in the 2nd Battalion of the Dublin Brigade. He was well known in republican circles and was acquainted with Dan Breen, Seán Treacy and Seán Hogan. On 19 December 1919 Savage was killed during a gun battle after an ambush on Lord French at Ashtown during the early stages of the War of Independence.

CA/IR/1/2/6  ‘My experiences in the 1916 Rising by Father Columbus OSFC’
29 July 1916
File
2 Bound volumes; 42 pp
Typescript
25.5 cm x 20.5 cm
A record by Fr. Columbus Murphy of events between 30 Apr. and 4 May 1916. Most of the memoir refers to his interaction with British military officers and his efforts to minister to the rebel leaders prior to their execution in Kilmainham Jail. The transcript begins: ‘I have been asked repeatedly to write out a detailed and connected account of my personal experiences, what I actually saw and did during the Rising. At length I have decided to comply with the request. I do so however not with the intention of ever publishing this report. ... As I sit then at my desk here in the silence and solitude of my monastic cell in Dublin, fourteen weeks have elapsed since those eventful days. I take up my pen. ...’.

Note: Two copies. One of the copies has photographic postcard prints of the rebel leaders (P.H. Pearse, Thomas MacDonagh, Thomas J. Clarke and Edward Daly) pasted onto the end covers. The other copy has numerous illustrations, clippings and prints taken from contemporary pictorial record books and magazines on the Rebellion.
3. The Papers of Fr. Aloysius Travers OFM Cap.

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1957
Scope and Content: The material relating to Fr. Aloysius Travers’s involvement with the national movement has been arranged into four sub-series: 1) 1916 Rising; 2) Correspondence with Republican Prisoners; 3) Correspondence with Wives and Relations of Republican Prisoners; 4) Other Papers.
Format: Manuscript, typescript and artefact
Extent: 28 items and 8 files

3.1. 1916 Rising

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1949
Scope and Content: The sub-series comprises papers relating to the ministries undertaken by Fr. Aloysius Travers to various Republicans detained after Easter Week. The section includes authorisations and passes from British forces allowing him to visit Kilmainham Jail and extracts from various letters written by Republican prisoners in the immediate aftermath of the Rising.
Format: Manuscript
Extent: 11 items and 7 files

CA/IR/1/3/1/1  Authorisation from Colonel H.V. Cowan to Fr. Aloysius Travers
2 May 1916
Item
1 p
Typescript
Authorisation from Colonel H.V. Cowan, Assistant Adjutant General, Headquarters, Irish Command, Parkgate, Dublin, to Fr. Aloysius Travers. The note reads: ‘The General Officer Commander in Chief directs that every facility be given to his Revered Father Aloysius OSFC to visit rebel prisoners at any of the places of detention or internment, to hear confessions and administer the rights of his Church, at all times’.

CA/IR/1/3/1/2  Note from Military Headquarters to Dublin Metropolitan Police
2 May 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Note from Military Headquarters, Parkgate Street, to Dublin Metropolitan Police. The note reads: ‘Please tell the Franciscan Fathers at Church Street that the two men they wish to see at Kilmainham Detention Prison should be seen by them tonight’. Printed heading reads: ‘Dublin Metropolitan Police Telephone’. Patrick Pearse, Thomas MacDonagh and Thomas J. Clarke were executed on the morning of 3 May.
CA/IR/1/3/1/3  Copy note from Major William Sherlock Lennon to Fr. Aloysius Travers  
2 May 1916  
Item  
1 p  
Manuscript  
Copy note from Major W.S. Lennon, Commandant, Kilmainham Detention Barracks, to Fr. Aloysius. The note reads: ‘The Prisoner H.T. Pearse [sic] desires to see you and you have permission to visit him. Failing you he would be glad to see any of the Capucines [sic]’.  
Note: The original document appears to be held by The Jackie Clarke Library and Archives Collection, Ballina, County Mayo.

CA/IR/1/3/1/4  Letter from Major Gerald Henry Pomeroy Colley to Fr. Aloysius Travers  
5 May 1916  
Item  
1 p  
Manuscript  
Letter from Major Gerald Henry Pomeroy Colley, Headquarters, Irish Command, Parkgate, Dublin, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, declaring that he is ‘glad to say your kind offices will not be required to night’. Colley was referring to Fr. Aloysius’ attendance to imprisoned rebel leaders.  
Note: Gerald Henry Pomeroy Colley was born on 31 Mar. 1870. He was the son of Henry FitzGeorge Pomeroy Colley and Elizabeth Isabella Wingfield. Colley married Dorothy Evelyn Addie, a daughter of Colonel James Addie, on 20 June 1906. He was RM for County Tipperary, and a Major in the 3rd Battalion, Royal Irish Regiment. He was awarded the Queen’s medal with five clasps and King’s medal with two clasps for services during the Boer War. He died on 12 Nov. 1923 at the age of 53.

CA/IR/1/3/1/5  Note from rebel participant in the Easter Rising  
May 1916  
Item  
2 pp  
Manuscript  
The note reads: ‘Dear Mother, we had to surrender so we march to Phoneix [sic] Park, don’t forget to pray us’. A partially decipherable name and address is given on the reverse: ‘Matthew [ ___ ], 12 Great Longford St, Dublin, off Aungier St.’ The item was found within an envelope annotated: ‘Farwell letter to His mother of a soldier of the I.R.A. who fought for Ireland in the Rising of Easter Week, 1916’.

CA/IR/1/3/1/6  Copy of last letter of Sean Mac Aodha [Sean Heuston] to his sister  
7 May 1916  
Item  
1 p  
Typescript  
Typescript copy of last letter of Capt. Sean Mac Aodha [Sean Heuston] to his sister, ‘an Irish nun’.
Letter from [T. Martin?] to Fr. Aloysius Travers enclosing artefacts found in the GPO
8 May 1916
File
2 pp
Manuscript + artefacts
Letter from [T. Martin?], 12 Trinity Street, Dublin, to Fr. Aloysius Travers enclosing an Irish Volunteer button. One is in brass with a harp decoration. Also enclosed is a uniform badge: I.V. (Irish Volunteers) with green enamel inlay, initials and central harp, the reverse stamped ‘P. Quinn & Co., Belfast’. The letter informed Fr. Aloysius that ‘in searching among the ruins of G.P.O. I found the enclosed. I thought it might interest you and took the liberty of sending it to you’.

Photographic print of Con Colbert
c. 1916
Item
12.5 cm x 8 cm
Photographic print of Con Colbert seated and dressed in an Irish Volunteer uniform. The print has been pasted onto card. The print has significant signs of fading and decolourisation.

Copies of Michael Mallin’s last letter to his wife and Patrick Pearse’s last letter to his mother
3-8 May 1916
File
3 pp
Typescript
Typescript copy of Michael Mallin’s last letter to his wife. Copy signed: ‘Michael Mallin, Commandant, Stephen’s Green Command’; copy of Pearse’s last letter to his mother in which he refers to papers he has left with Fr. Aloysius.

Copy letter from Fr. Aloysius Travers to the editor of the Irish Catholic
23 May 1916
Item
1 p.
Autograph typescript
Copy letter from Fr. Aloysius Travers to the editor of the Irish Catholic protesting against the ‘obvious and unkind suggestion’ made in relation to Thomas MacDonagh in a recent edition of the paper. Fr Aloysius declared: ‘I feel bound to emphatically assert that his preparation for his last moment manifested a depth of Catholic Faith and a tenderness of piety most edifying and impressive and that he received the rites of his Church with a devotion which not easily be forgotten by The Priest who assisted him’.

Passes signed by Lord Powerscourt, Major, Assistant Provost Marshal, Dublin
24 May 1916
File
2 pp
Manuscript and typescript
Passes signed by Lord Powerscourt, Major, Assistant Provost Marshal, Dublin, permitting Fr. Aloysius Travers and Fr. Columbus Murphy to travel between 'Dublin and England via North Wall or Kingston' and to the 'Capuchin Convent, Church Street'.

CA/IR/1/3/1/12 Correspondence between Thomas W. Bewley, secretary, W & R. Jacob & Co. Ltd., and Fr. Aloysius Travers
25 May 1916-30 May 1916
File
3 items
Manuscript
Correspondence between Thomas W. Bewley, secretary, W. & R. Jacob & Co. Ltd., and Fr. Aloysius Travers regarding a cheque for £25 given by the directors of Jacobs to the Capuchins as a mark of appreciation 'for the deep sense of thankfulness that our Factory was spared from serious injury during the time of the recent rebellion'. Includes a copy reply from Fr. Aloysius returning the said cheque. He writes 'Any services that I may have rendered during the recent sad crisis were such as ... any other priest in the same circumstances would render'. Fr. Aloysius suggests that the cheque should more fittingly be sent to the Lord Mayor's Fund for the Relief of Distress.

CA/IR/1/3/1/13 Photographic postcard print of Grace Gifford
c. 1916
Item
9 cm x 14 cm
Photographic postcard print of a half-length portrait of Mrs Joseph Plunkett (Miss Grace Gifford) 'who married Joseph Plunkett in Kilmainham Prison a few hours before his Execution on May 3rd, 1916'. Printed and Published by the Powell Press, 22 Parliament St., Dublin.

CA/IR/1/3/1/14 Photographic postcard print of St. Enda's College
c. 1916
Item
9 cm x 14 cm
Photographic postcard print of the Study Hall of St. Enda’s College, Rathfarnham, established by Padraig Pearse.

CA/IR/1/3/1/15 Letter from Brian O’Higgins to Fr. Aloysius Travers
3 June 1916
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Brian O’Higgins, Detention Barracks, Stafford, c/o Chief Postal Censor, to Fr. Aloysius Travers OFM Cap., regarding the conditions of his detention. He writes: 'We are all in good health and in the best of spirits; we are treated very kindly and have little to complain of. We have the Rosary in public – the whole lot of us together ...’. He also asks Fr. Aloysius ‘to call at 117 Capel St. and see if Mrs Doyle and her children are being looked after? Her husband asked me to give this favour of you ...’. Note: Brian O’Higgins (in Irish: Brian Ó hUiginn; 1 July 1882-3 March 1963) was a Sinn Féin politician. O’Higgins was born in Kilskyre, County Meath to a family
with strong Fenian and Parnellite traditions. He moved to Dublin as a teenager and became active in the Gaelic League. He fought in the GPO during Easter Week but due to the state of his health, he participated in little of the fighting. He was later elected unopposed as a Sinn Féin MP for Clare West at the 1918 general election. He opposed the Anglo-Irish Treaty and voted against it. He was re-elected as an Anti-Treaty Sinn Féin TD at the 1921, 1922 and 1923 elections. He lost his seat at the June 1927 general election. From the late 1920s he ran a successful business publishing greeting cards, calendars etc. decorated with Celtic designs and O’Higgins’ own verses. He was President of Sinn Féin from 1931-33. From 1938 to 1962 he published the *Wolfe Tone Annual* which gave popular accounts of episodes in Irish history from a republican viewpoint. He was a devout Catholic and critical of those who believed republicans should be socialists. Several of his children became Catholic priests.

**CA/IR/1/3/1/16**  
*Letter from Rev. P.J. O'Rourke to Fr. Aloysius Travers*  
4 Dec. 1916-6 Jan. 1917  
File  
3 items  
Manuscript  
Letter from Rev. P.J. O’Rourke, Heppner, Oregon, to Fr. Aloysius Travers enclosing a duplicate copy draft for £65 12s 6d. Fr. O’Rourke added ‘Knowing dear Father you can apply it to the best advantage. The donors wished it to be given principally to the survivors of those who fell during Easter Week’. With cover which has been opened by the Censor. With an acknowledgment letter from F.X. Coghlan, Irish National Aid and Volunteer Dependents’ Fund, 10 Exchequer St., Dublin. Includes receipt to Fr. Aloysius Travers for the sum £65 12 6d received from the aforementioned parishioners of Heppner, Oregon.

**CA/IR/1/3/1/17**  
*‘Memories of Easter Week, 1916 by Rev. Father Aloysius, OFM Cap.’*  
c. 1944-1950  
File  
17 pp + 11 pp  
Typescript  
Recollections by Father Aloysius of the fighting of Easter Week, the surrender of the rebel forces and subsequent execution of their leaders. He provides an eye-witness account of the executions in Kilmainham Jail most notably that of James Connolly. The typescript copies are incomplete: 17 pp + 11 pp. With an undated typescript copy of ‘Connolly’s death speech’ taken from the *Gaelic American*.

**CA/IR/1/3/1/18**  
*Letter from Patrick J. MacNally to Fr. Aloysius Travers*  
22 Dec. 1949  
File  
3 items  
Manuscript and sketch maps  
Letter from Patrick J. MacNally, Commandant, Collins’ Barracks, Cork, to Fr. Aloysius Travers enclosing a typescript copy of his unfinished account of the Easter Week Rising. Comdt. MacNally also encloses a rough sketch of the Church Street area upon which he asks Fr. Aloysius to ‘mark roughly the positions of any barricades you saw … [and] houses that were occupied’. He
also attaches ‘a sketch of the Bride Street area ... to enable you to fix the corner where you stood at the surrender of Eamonn Ceannt’.

3.2. Correspondence with Republican Prisoners

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1919
Scope and Content: A collection of letters sent to Fr. Aloysius Travers by Republican internees and prisoners including Seán T. O’Kelly and W.T. Cosgrave.
Format: Manuscript
Extent: 5 items

CA/IR/1/3/2/1 Letter from Seán T. O’Kelly to Fr. Aloysius Travers
2 Dec. 1916
Item
3 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Seán T. O’Kelly, Reading Internment Camp, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, conveying his thanks to Fr. Aloysius, Fr. Augustine and Fr. Albert ‘during “the week” itself and afterwards during those anxious and trying days of our imprisonment in Richmond [barracks]’. Refers to the conditions of other republican prisoners elsewhere: ‘... I only wish the boys in Frongoch were with us. It must be awful for them living under such conditions this harsh weather. The men in Dartmoor, Portland, etc. will I presume be much better off now that they are to be removed to Lewes where it is said too they are to be permitted to associate and to be given facilities for reading and writing’. Some reference is also made to the expulsion of republicans from Dublin Corporation and to the release of Brian na Banba [Brian O’Higgins].

CA/IR/1/3/2/2 Letter from ‘Jimmy B’ to Fr. Aloysius Travers
13 Mar. 1917
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from ‘Jimmy B’, prisoner no. “Q 161”, to Fr. Aloysius Travers expressing his gratitude to Fr. Aloysius for his ‘two cards [and] also the Xmas card which were as rays of sunshine from Church St. to me in my exile’. He also adds ‘Eoin McNeill desired me to thank you for his Christmas message which he received alright and Gerard Grofts sends his best respects to you’.

CA/IR/1/3/2/3 Letter from W.T. Cosgrave to Fr. Aloysius Travers
19 Nov. 1918
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from W.T. Cosgrave, Reading Internment Camp, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, conveying his sympathy on hearing of the death of Fr. Aloysius’s brother. Cosgrave concludes by declaring his ‘kindest remembrance to all your Fathers – particularly Fathers Augustine and Albert and of course yourself’.
Letter from W.T. Cosgrave to Fr. Aloysius Travers
30 Dec. 1918
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from W.T. Cosgrave, Reading Internment Camp, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, providing news of various prisoners including Joe MacDonough and [P.T.] Daly. Cosgrave also affirmed that ‘the last few weeks’ newspapers here also occupied a lot of our attention and this morning’s news amply rewards any little disadvantages we may have had’.

Letter from Brian Ó hUigínn to Fr. Aloysius Travers
4 Jan. 1919
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from Brian Ó hUigínn [Brian O’Higgins], Birmingham Prison, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, sending on his best wishes. In Irish.

3.3. Correspondence with Lillie Connolly and Muriel MacDonagh

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1917
Scope and Content: This section comprises correspondence with the widows of two executed leaders of the 1916 Rising, Lillie Connolly and Muriel MacDonagh.
Format: Manuscript and typescript
Extent: 3 items and 1 file

Declaration of Lillie Agnes Connolly’s reception into the Catholic Church
15 Aug. 1916
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Declaration of Lillie Agnes Connolly’s (wife of James Connolly) reception into the Catholic Church. It reads: ‘I Fr. Aloysius OSFC declare that ... I have this fifteenth day of August 1916 received into the Catholic Church Mrs Lily Agnes Connolly observing the prescribed rites and ceremonies’. The document is signed by Lillie Agnes Connolly and witnessed by Fiona Connolly (1907-1976) Context: Fiona accompanied her mother to Dublin Castle to see her father James Connolly as he awaited execution. Three months later she was the sole witness on 15 August when her mother was received into the Catholic Church, at Church Street in Dublin.

Letter from Lillie Connolly to Fr. Aloysius Travers
25 Aug. 1916
Item
3 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Lillie Connolly, 37 St Patrick’s Road, Drumcondra, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, affirming that she has ‘started the Catholic Belief this morning taking it from the beginning’. She assures Fr. Aloysius that ‘I will study it right through’. Final page is endorsed (in a different hand) with a list of Catholic devotions.

CA/IR/1/3/3/3 Declaration of Muriel MacDonagh’s reception into the Catholic Church
18 Apr. 1917
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Declaration of Muriel MacDonagh’s (wife of Thomas MacDonagh) reception into the Catholic Church. It reads: ‘I Fr. Aloysius OSFC declare that ... I have this eighteenth day of April 1917 received into the Catholic Church Mrs. Muriel MacDonagh observing the prescribed rites and ceremonies’. The document is signed by Muriel Mary MacDonagh.

CA/IR/1/3/3/4 Letter from Muriel MacDonagh to Fr. Aloysius Travers
7 July 1917
File
2 items
Manuscript
She expresses her regret on hearing of Fr. Aloysius’s recent illness. She wrote: ‘When I asked for you to go and see [her son] Don I had no notion that you were ill...’. She added ‘Please thank Fr. Albert from me and his promise to go and see Don, also for the copy of the Catholic Bulletin which I am delighted to have’. With photographic postcard print of ‘Donagh and Barbara MacDonagh children of Thomas MacDonagh, shot at Kilmainham, May 3rd 1916’.

3.4. Other papers

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1911-1957
Scope and Content: A collection of mostly personal papers relating to the life and ministry of Fr. Aloysius Travers. The sub-series comprises papers relating to significant political figures and events and includes letters from George Noble Plunkett and Arthur Griffith and an signed admission card to the first meeting of Dáil Éireann.
Format: Manuscript, typescript and printed
Extent: 9 items

CA/BV/1/1 Newspaper Cuttings Book
1 July 1911
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh. Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus. The book includes a cutting on page 18 of a photographic print of The Great Temperance Procession in Enniscorthy, County Wexford. An inset to the photograph shows
Fr. Aloysius Travers, William Redmond MP and other dignitaries. The cutting is annotated: ‘Supplement to the Echo’, 1 July 1911.

CA/IR/1/3/4/1 Letter from George Noble Plunkett to Fr. Aloysius Travers

Mar. 1917

Item

1 p

Autograph typescript

Letter from George Noble Plunkett, 26 Upper Fitzwilliam Street, Dublin, to Fr. Aloysius Travers asking him to attend ‘an Assembly to make Ireland’s claim for liberty before the Peace Conference’.

CA/IR/1/3/4/2 Letter from [L.J. Colbert] to Fr. Aloysius Travers

5 May 1917

Item

2 pp

Manuscript

Letter from [L.J. Colbert], Shanagolden [Limerick] expressing happiness that ‘the poor martyrs are not forgotten’. Reference is also made to the ‘cruel treatment of the poor young fellows and the gentle and tenderly reared Countess [Markievicz]’.

CA/IR/1/3/4/3 Letter from Clement Shorter to Fr. Aloysius Travers

6 Feb. 1918

Item

2 pp

Manuscript

Letter from Clement Shorter, 16 Marlborough Place (British journalist and literary critic) to Fr. Aloysius Travers, thanking him for letter of sympathy on the death of his wife, Dora Sigerson Shorter.

CA/IR/1/3/4/4 Letter from Arthur Griffith to Fr. Aloysius Travers

31 Mar. 1918

Item

1 p

Manuscript

Letter from Arthur Griffith, Nationality Offices, 6 Harcourt Street, Dublin, to Fr. Aloysius Travers apologising for being unavailable to meet Fr. Aloysius. He adds ‘My friend the bearer … can take any message for me or make any arrangements to suit you’.

CA/IR/1/3/4/5 Admission ticket to the first meeting of Dáil Éireann

21 Jan. 1919

Item

1 p

Printed

Admission ticket to the first meeting of Dáil Éireann which took place in the Round Room of the Mansion House on 21 January 1919. In Irish: ‘Permit or
ticket allowing bearer (unnamed) to attend the first assembly of Dáil Éireann on Tuesday 21 January 1919’. The ticket is signed by George Noble Plunkett.

CA/IR/1/3/4/5  Postcard from ‘E. Ní F’ to Fr. Aloysius Travers
13 Jan. 1921
1 p
Manuscript
Postcard to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Church Street, from ‘E. Ní F’ declaring that a ‘very small room for your friend’ is ready in August. The author also affirms that ‘we have had a very quiet time in Rinn but you know we are very much behind the times’. The photographic print of the postcard shows refurbishment work on Liberty Hall after its destruction in the 1916 Rising. The banner across the façade of the hall reads: ‘James Connolly murdered May 12th 1916’.

CA/IR/1/3/4/6  Letter from James O’Connor to Fr. Aloysius Travers
17 Aug. 1921
1 p
Autograph typescript
Letter from James O’Connor, solicitor, to Fr. Aloysius Travers regarding a note from British military authorities affirming that ‘certain historical papers … [which] were returned to the late Archbishop Walsh …’. O’Connor advises Fr. Aloysius to ascertain from the Archbishop’s house what papers were returned.

CA/IR/1/3/4/7  Receipt for ‘articles’ received by Anti-Treaty A. Company
28 Oct. 1921
1 p
Typescript with manuscript annotations

CA/IR/1/3/4/8  Letter from James Larkin to Fr. Aloysius Travers
C. 1940
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from James Larkin, Workers’ Union of Ireland, Thomas Ashe Hall, 5a, College Street, Dublin, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, assuring him that he will make arrangements for a meeting soon. Larkin declares that ‘the pressure has been so heavy that not only have I had to spend the last few Sundays at meetings of Union branches but have also had to work late and early hours over the week ends to deal with work for which I could not find time during ordinary week days’.
Note: The letter may be from either James Larkin (1876-1947) or his son James Larkin, Jnr (1904-1969).
CA/IR/1/3/4/9  Tribute to Fr. Aloysius Travers in the *Father Mathew Record*
1957
Item
4 pp
Printed
Tribute to Fr. Aloysius Travers (d. 2 May 1957) in the *Father Mathew Record*. Includes a tribute from An Taoiseach, Éamon de Valera dated 23 May 1957.

4. The Papers of Fr. Augustine Hayden OFM Cap.

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1920-1966
Scope and Content: A small collection of Fr. Augustine Hayden’s personal papers mainly relating to his involvement with Republican combatants in the 1916 Rising.
Format: Typescript, copies and newspaper cuttings
Extent: 2 items and 2 files

CA/IR/1/4/1  *Recollections of the 1916 Rising by Fr. Augustine Hayden*
  c. 1920-1930
Item
25 pp
Typescript
Statement by Fr. Augustine Hayden, ‘Franciscan Monastery, Rochestown, County Cork, formerly of the Priory, Church Street, Dublin’, referring to the hostilities during Easter Week, 1916. The record is probably incomplete. The statement concludes on Monday, 8 May 1916 before the execution of Michael Mallin, Seán Heuston, Con Colbert and Éamon Ceannt.

CA/BV/1/1  *Newspaper Cuttings Book*
15 Apr. 1920
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh. Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus. The cuttings includes on pp 94-95: cuttings of photographic prints of relating to the imprisonment of Republican prisoners in Mountjoy Jail. One of the prints shows Fr. Augustine Hayden reciting the rosary outside the Jail. *Irish Independent*, 15 Apr. 1920.

CA/IR/1/4/2  *Letter from the Bureau of Military History to Fr. Augustine Hayden*
25 Nov. 1949
File
5 items
Typescript and copies
Letter from the Bureau of Military History to Fr. Augustine Hayden thanking him for presenting the Bureau with the certain documents. Enclosed are copies of some of the documents which Fr. Augustine provided for the Bureau’s Archives:
Bill for £16 9s 0d from Hely’s Ltd., Dame Street, Dublin, addressed to the ‘Irish Volunteers per The O’Rahilly’, together with receipt attached dated 12/7/1916, made out in the name of Rev. Father Augustine, Church Street;
Typed letter from Hely’s Ltd, to Father Augustine, Church Street, dated 12 July 1916;
Manuscript note in pencil, undated, bearing the signature ‘Ua Rathghaille, 40 Herbert Park’;
One envelope bearing an annotation in pencil: ‘Last letter of the Ua Rathaille’.

CA/IR/1/4/3  Newspaper cutting from the Evening Echo
11 May 1966
Item
1 p
Newspaper cutting
Newspaper cutting from the Evening Echo, 11 May 1966, commemorating the links between the Capuchin College at Rochestown and Republican leaders. Includes portrait photograph of Fr. Augustine Hayden, ‘one of the first five pupils with whom the college began in 1884 – [he] became rector in 1896 and held that position for almost fourteen years. He was fearless and inspiring in his priestly ministry to the fighting men in Dublin, Easter 1916’. Pasted onto black card.
5. The Papers of Fr. Dominic O'Connor OFM Cap.

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1915-1958
Scope and Content: A collection of Fr. Dominic O'Connor's personal papers primarily relating to his involvement with the contemporary political and military struggle for Irish independence.
The records relating to Fr. Dominic have been arranged in four sub-series: 1) British Army Chaplain; 2) Papers relating to Terence MacSwiney; 3) Papers relating to his imprisonment; 4) Release, Exile and Commemoration; 5) Photographs, Prints and Sketches; 6) Other papers.
Format: Manuscript, typescript, photographic print, sketch and artefact
Extent: 35 items and 22 files

5.1. British Army Chaplain

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1915-1917
Scope and Content: The sub-series consists of records relating to Fr. Dominic O'Connor’s service as a military chaplain during the First World War.
Format: Manuscript, typescript and artefact
Extent: 4 items and 1 file

CA/IR/1/5/1/1 Letter from Cardinal Francis Bourne to Fr. Aloysius Travers
3 May 1915
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Letter from Cardinal Francis Bourne, Archbishop of Westminster, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Minister Provincial, seeking priests to act as chaplains in the British armed forces for the duration of the war.

CA/IR/1/5/1/2 Letter from Cardinal Michael Logue to Fr. Aloysius Travers
13 Mar. 1916
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from Cardinal Michael Logue, Archbishop of Armagh, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Provincial Minister, affirming that he has sent the name of Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Cardinal Bourne for appointment as chaplain.
Copies of letters from Capt. Rev. Dominic O’Connor, 21 Stationary Hospital, Salonika Forces, Macedonian Expeditionary Force

C. 1916-1917

File
2 items
Photocopy
Photocopies of letters from Capt. Rev. Dominic O’Connor, 21 Stationary Hospital, Salonika Forces, Macedonian Expeditionary Force, and the Capuchin Friary, Fr. Mathew Quay, Dublin, to his sister, [Sister Constantine O’Connor?], explaining his reasons for becoming an army chaplain. He wrote: ‘Well someone had to do the work and when those who had done all the recruiting were too cowardly to go there was nothing left except to have us who were anti-recruiters go and help the souls of the soldiers the others had sent out’. He later referred to conditions for the troops he is ministering to: ‘We have had more than half the troops down with malaria, dysentery, sandfly fever etc. and it is fortunate that there was no fighting here’. [c. 1915]. In reference to the political situation he later wrote: ‘There is no use in saying anything about the political situation. England seems set upon forcing conscription on us. And the Irish Nation is equally or rather more determined to oppose it. God protect us!’.

Mass Cruets and Tray used by Fr. Dominic O’Connor in World War I

C. 1916-1917

Item
Artefact
Two small flat-bottomed vessels with a narrow neck and integral spout. Possibly made of Pewter. With accompanying tray for holding the two vessels.

Note: These objects were donated to the Capuchin Provincial Archives by Elizabeth Allen, a niece of Fr. Dominic O’Connor.

Circular letter from the Most Rev. Denis Kelly, Bishop of Ross

29 Mar. 1916

Item
3 pp
Typescript
Circular letter from the Most Rev. Denis Kelly, Bishop of Ross, Bishop’s House, Skibbereen, regarding the number of Irish chaplains in the British Army and Navy. Distinctions are made between incardinated secular clergy and regulars ‘who have gone from the Irish Houses of their respective Provinces’. It is noted that two members of the Capuchin Order in Ireland are serving as chaplains. These were Fr. Dominic O’Connor and Fr. Ignatius Collins.

5.2. Papers relating to Terence MacSwiney

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1920-1925
Scope and Content: Fr. Dominic O’Connor served as chaplain to Terence MacSwiney and the Cork Brigade of the IRA. He ministered to the Lord Mayor of Cork during his imprisonment in Brixton Prison. The sub-series includes some correspondence associated with MacSwiney’s political career which may have been acquired by Fr. Dominic during the performance of his duties. Of particular
interest is a collection of correspondence from notable figures in the republican administration including Richard Mulcahy, Michael Collins, Arthur Griffith and Seán T. O’Kelly.
Format: Manuscript, typescript and printed
Extent: 11 items and 5 files

**CA/IR/1/5/2/1** Copy speech made by Terence MacSwiney
Mar. 1920
Item
5 pp
Typescript copy and printed
Copy speech made by Terence MacSwiney on the occasion of his election as Lord Mayor of Cork after the assassination of Tomás Mac Curtain. The final page is signed ‘Toirdhealbhach Mac Suibhne’. MacSwiney noted that the ‘circumstances of the vacancy in the office of Lord Mayor inevitably governed the filling of it; and I come here more as a soldier stepping into the breach than an administrator to fill the post in the municipality’. In Irish and English. With Lord Mayor’s Prayer. A message to Republican prisoners on hunger-strike. The text begins: ‘To my Comrades in Cork. On your 57th day I greet you! …’.

**CA/BV/1/1** Newspaper Cuttings Book
19 Mar. 1920-26 Oct. 1920
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm

**CA/IR/1/5/2/2** Letter from Richard Mulcahy to Terence MacSwiney
8 Apr. 1920
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Typescript letter from Risteárd (Richard Mulcahy, chief of staff, IRA), to Terence MacSwiney, expressing his alarm on hearing that he ‘had been going about Cork during the day and even staying at home and elsewhere at night without any protection’. Mulcahy added ‘I want you to try and realise what a blow it would be to our prestige, if, after, what has happened in Cork, you should be attacked without having a scrap of protection … . A simple general instruction is being issued on this matter, but you must understand that your position is unique …’. Manuscript annotation on the reverse: ‘Toirdhealbhach Mac Suibhne’
Letter from Rev. Michael Curran, Irish College Rome, to Terence MacSwiney
25 Apr. 1920
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Rev. Michael Curran, Irish College Rome, to Terence MacSwiney, expressing his hope that ‘it may be possible for you to come to Rome for the celebration of the festivities connected with beatification of Oliver Plunkett’. Rev. Curran adds ‘We are fully aware of the extraordinary difficulties that must stand in the way of such a visit at such a time ... in case you find yourself unable to come perhaps some other delegate might be sent from the Corporation of Cork’.

Letter from Seán T. O’Kelly to [Terence MacSwiney]
25 Apr. 1920
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Seán Tomás Ó Ceallaigh [Sean T. O’Kelly] to [Terence MacSwiney] referring to the occasion of the beatification of Blessed Oliver Plunkett. A delegation consisting of Count O’Byrne, Professor Stockley and Art O’Brien went to Rome on behalf of the Dáil to represent the Government of the Republic at the beatification ceremonies. Sean T. O’Kelly and Mr. D. Hales, Consul in Italy, also took part in the delegation. In Irish

Letter from Arthur Griffith to Terence MacSwiney
29 Apr. 1920
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Letter from Art Ó’Griobhtha [Arthur Griffith], Acting President Dáil Éireann, to Terence MacSwiney, acknowledging receipt of ‘unanimous resolution of the Corporation of the city of Cork requesting the Executive of Dail Eireann to bring the verdict returned by the Corner’s Jury at the inquest on the late Lord Mayor of Cork to the attention of the Governments of the civilised world’. Tomás Mac Curtain, the Lord Mayor of Cork, was shot on 20 March 1920.

Letter from Michael Collins to Terence MacSwiney
9 May 1920
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Letter from Miceál Ó Coileáin [Michael Collins], Aire Airgid [Minister for Finance], Dáil Éireann, Mansion House, Dublin, to Toirdhealbhach Mac Suibhne [Terence MacSwiney], TD, regarding the monies from the city of Cork in connection with the advancement of the Dáil Éireann Loan. In Irish. See: Sinn Fein Meeting Macroom Royal Irish Constabulary File at Cork City and County Archives. [http://www.corkarchives.ie/media/U104web.pdf](http://www.corkarchives.ie/media/U104web.pdf)

Letter from Austin Stack to Terence MacSwiney
26 May 1920
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Typescript letter A. de Staic [Austin Stack Substitute Minister for Home Affairs], to Terence MacSwiney, asserting that he has ‘deputed Mr. J.D. Kenny, BL, LLD, to make a tour of the Counties of Kerry, Cork and Limerick with instructions as to the setting up of the Courts. He will call on you shortly to discuss the subject’.
See: Lord Mayor Terence MacSwiney 1920 Files at Cork City and County Archives. http://www.corkarchives.ie/media/PR4web.pdf

CA/IR/1/5/2/8 Letter from Kevin O'Higgins to Terence MacSwiney
3 June 1920
Item
1 p
Autograph typescript
Typescript letter from C.Ó’hUigin [Kevin O’Higgins], Substitute Minister for Local Government, to Terence MacSwiney, TD, acknowledging receipt of a memorandum on ‘Criminal and Malicious Injuries’.
See also: Lord Mayor Terence MacSwiney 1920 Files at Cork City and County Archives. http://www.corkarchives.ie/media/PR4web.pdf

CA/IR/1/5/2/9 Circular letter from Terence MacSwiney
June 1920
Item
1 p
Typescript
Circular letter from Toirdhealbhach Mac Suibhne [Terence MacSwiney], Sinn Fein Executive, Macroom, the collection of money for the Dáil Éireann Loan in Mid-Cork. MacSwiney confirms that ‘in our Constituency over £6,000 has been subscribed to the Loan for the Government of the Irish Republic’.

CA/IR/1/5/2/10 List of justices for Sinn Féin (Republican) courts in Cork City
c. 1920
Item
1 p
Typescript
List of justices for Sinn Féin (Republican) courts in Cork City. Names are subdivided by administrative region: ‘North’; ‘South’; ‘Centre’.

CA/IR/1/5/2/11 Copy cable from Diarmuid Lynch to Terence MacSwiney
16 July 1920
File
2 items
Manuscript
Copy cable from Diarmuid Lynch (1878-1950), New York, to Terence MacSwiney, City Hall, Cork, confirming that ‘Fogarty got no commission
whatever from and was not authorised to act or speak for myself or friends. Advise Dublin’ Annotation reads: ‘Received 16 July 1920’. Copy in the hand of Liam de Róiste; With [copy?] letter from Liam de Róiste (1882-1959) to Diarmuid Lynch acknowledging Lynch’s cable referring to the aforementioned Fogarty. In Irish.

Extent: 2 items

**Diarmuid Lynch**: Immediately following his release from British captivity (6 June 1917), Lynch became active and, along with Michael Collins and Thomas Ashe, participated in the reorganisation the IRB. After the 1917 Sinn Féin Ard Fheis, Lynch, like Collins, held three senior posts in the IRB, Sinn Féin and in the Irish Volunteers. His position as Sinn Féin food controller resulted in his deportation to England in 1918. Lynch was deported to America and shortly afterwards was appointed Secretary of the Friends of Irish Freedom, originally set up to raise funds and lobby in Washington DC to promote the Irish cause for independence. Under his tenure the organisation became a nation-wide organisation.

**Liam de Róiste** was a member of the Irish Volunteers and fought in the Easter Rising in 1916 with the Cork City Battalion. He was elected as a Sinn Féin MP for the Cork City constituency at the 1918 general election. He later supported Collins and voted for the Treaty.

**CA/IR/1/5/2/12**  Photograph of Terence MacSwiney and Capuchins at Rochestown
30 May 1920
File
4 items
Photographic print; 22.5 cm x 18 cm
Photographic print of Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork, Fr. Bonaventure Murphy, OFM Cap., Rector of Rochestown College; Fr. Berchmans Cantillon, OFM Cap.; Fr. Coleman Griffin, OFM Cap., Superior, Rochestown; Fr. Francis Hayes, OFM Cap. Original is pasted on card with title: ‘Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork at the College, May 1920’. A small tear is present in the centre of the print. With three later reproductions. The print was published in the *Cork Weekly Examiner*, 6 June 1920.

**CA/IR/1/5/2/13**  Newspaper clippings concerning the election of Terence MacSwiney as Lord Mayor of Cork and his death in Brixton Prison
31 Mar. 1920-26 July 1921
File
4 items
Newspaper clippings
Includes clippings from the *Daily Sketch*, *The Cork Examiner* and the *Freeman’s Journal*.

Note: See also photograph of Fr. Dominic O’Connor standing to the left of the coffin of Terence MacSwiney lying in state at Cork City Hall on 31 Oct. 1920 (See photographic list at GP/654).

**CA/IR/1/5/2/14**  An account by Fr. Dominic O’Connor of the last days of Terence MacSwiney
Oct. 1920
File
5 copies; 5 pp
Typescript
An account by Fr. Dominic O’Connor of the last days and death in Brixton Prison of the hunger-striker Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork. Fr. Dominic wrote: ‘His sufferings, no pen could write. Try and conceive the pain you suffer in your shoulders and back and in your knees, the stiff, numbing pain in the calves of your legs, the agony in your heels, instep and ankles, even if you remain for six hours outstretched on your back. What a relief to bend your knees and draw them up toward your body. But even that little relief our heroic sufferer could not have, for the flesh had wasted from his knee’. This account later appeared as an article titled ‘Terence MacSwiney by the late Father Dominic O’Connor’, The Capuchin Annual (1942), pp 337-342. With photocopy.

CA/IR/1/5/2/15  
*Flier for a commemorative event in honour of Tomás Mac Curtain and Terence MacSwiney*

19 Mar. 1925
Item 1 p
Printed
Flier for a commemorative event organised by the Corporation of Cork City to mark the deaths of Tomás Mac Curtain and Terence MacSwiney, former Lord Mayors of the city.

5.3. Papers relating to the Imprisonment of Fr. Dominic O’Connor

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1921-1922
Scope and Content: Records relating to arrest and imprisonment of Fr. Dominic O’Connor during the War of Independence.
Format: Manuscript and typescript
Extent: 7 items and 3 files

CA/BV/1/1  
*Newspaper Cuttings Book*

18 Dec. 1920-9 Nov. 1923
Bound volume 126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh. Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus.
The cuttings book includes:


67: Reports in the *Cork Examiner* referring to the ministries of Fr. Albert Bibby, Fr. Dominic O’Connor and other Capuchin priests to Republicans. 7-9 Nov. 1923.

CA/IR/1/5/3/1 Diary of Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh
2 Jan. 1921-13 Dec. 1921
File
56 pp of text
Bound volume; 18.5 cm x 12 cm
‘Charles Letts’s Small Octavo Diary and Note Book’. A daily record diary of Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh, Church Street, Dublin. Routine entries record the ministries and day-to-day activities of the Order’s members. The diary also chronicles the detention and trial of Fr. Dominic O’Connor. An entry on 5 Jan. 1921 reads: ‘Fr. Dominic OSFC notified today in Kilmainham Prison of his approaching Court Martial and told to see his solicitor’. Other entries in the diary refer to the activities of British military forces in the wake of an upsurge in Republican attacks. On 16 Jan. Fr. Stanislaus wrote ‘The front portion of our Church and whole street closed with barbed wire. … This was done in early hours of morning. Many unable to go to Mass to day. House to house search by military. Show’s the respect of the English government for the Lord’s day’. Fr. Dominic’s transfer ‘under heavy escort’ to Kingstown for the boat to take him to Wormwood Scrubs Prison was recorded on 31 Jan. 1921. On 13 February, Fr. Stanislaus noted that the Capuchin friary in Kilkenny was ‘raided by the Black and Tans in their usual rough fashion’.

CA/IR/1/5/3/2 Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh
3 Jan. 1921
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor, c/o Commandant, Kilmainham Prison, to Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh, asking that a breviary and other spiritual reading could be sent to him.

CA/IR/1/5/3/3 Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Fr. Aloysius Travers
5 Jan. 1921
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor, c/o Commandant, Kilmainham Prison, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, detailing the charges which are be brought against him and informing him that he is to be tried by a General Court Martial on Saturday next at 10.30 a.m.

CA/IR/1/5/3/4 Letter from Sir Alfred Cope to Fr. Aloysius Travers
7 Feb. 1921
Item
2 pp
Autograph typescript
Letter from Sir Alfred Cope, Assistant Under Secretary for Ireland, Dublin Castle, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Church Street, confirming that Fr. Dominic O’Connor is still being detained at Wormwood Scrubs and that he will be moved to Parkhurst Prison in the coming days. Cope also refers to the conditions under which Fr. Dominic will be detained.
CA/IR/1/5/3/5  Letter from H.K. Greeaway to Fr. Aloysius Travers
8 Feb. 1921
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from H.K. Greeaway, Governor of Wormwood Scrubs, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Church Street, indicating that Fr. Dominic O’Connor has been moved to Parkhurst Prison. He confirms that Fr. Aloysius’s letter and prayer book have been forwarded to the governor there.

CA/IR/1/5/3/6  Letter from the deputy governor of Parkhurst Prison to Fr. Aloysius Travers
19 Mar. 1921
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from the deputy governor of Parkhurst Prison to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Church Street, re the condition of Fr. Dominic O’Connor. He is in ‘his usual health. He is in hospital and receives any medical attention necessary’.

CA/IR/1/5/3/7  Letters from J.H MacDonnell to Fr. Aloysius Travers
29 Sept.-3 Oct. 1921
File
2 pp
Autograph typescript
Letters from J.H MacDonnell, solicitor, 3-7 Southampton Street, Strand, London, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, Church Street, referring to his hopes for a settlement in relation to the release of Fr. Dominic. He writes: ‘I think the Prisoners will be released during the negotiations. I know Bob Barton is very keen on the matter and as I am personally known to all of the delegates who are coming over, I shall press them to push this matter forward’. He also refers to improving conditions of Fr. Dominic’s confinement.

CA/IR/1/5/3/8  An account of the arrest, trial and imprisonment of Fr. Dominic O’Connor by Fr. Aloysius Travers
c. 1921
Item
13 pp
Typescript
The account begins with Fr. Dominic’s appointment as civic chaplain to Tomas MacCurtain and later to Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayors of Cork. The account includes copy correspondence regarding Fr. Dominic’s trial and copy extracts from newspapers (Irish Independent, Evening Herald and Catholic Herald) referring to the case and requests for the immediate release of the Capuchin priest. Reference is also made to the harsh treatment endured by Fr. Dominic during his captivity.

CA/IR/1/5/3/9  Leabhar urnachté
c. 1921
Item
80 pp
Printed
Letters from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to May Barrett
7 Jan. 1922-25 Sept. 1922
File
3 items
Manuscript
Letters from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to May Barrett, Watercourse Road, Cork, referring to the execution of Captain Pat Moran in Mountjoy Jail (died 14 Mar. 1921). Fr. Dominic wrote ‘What a lot of my friends have gone down since I was last in Cork or indeed in Ireland’. He expresses the hope that ‘they’d make Irish compulsory for the Dáil as it would put an end to some of the ... long winded speeches’. With a newspaper clipping of a poem titled ‘Subvenite’ by Father Dominic, Parkhurst Convict Prison, ‘written in Prison on hearing of the execution of Captain Patrick Moran and Volunteer Thomas Whelan, both of whom were fellow-prisoners with him in Kilmainham’. (16 Mar. 1921). In Irish and English.

5.4. Release, Exile and Commemoration

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1922-1939
Scope and Content: Papers mostly relating to Fr. Dominic O’Connor’s ministry in Oregon, United States following his release in January 1922. The sub-series also includes records referring to the death of Fr. Dominic in October 1935 and tributes and commemoration thereafter.
Format: Manuscript, typescript, printed and photographic print
Extent: 4 items and 8 files

Letter from the Most Rev. Peter Emmanuel Amigo to Fr. Dominic O’Connor
18 Jan. 1922
Item
1 p
Manuscript
Letter from the Most Rev. Peter Emmanuel Amigo, Bishop of Southwark, to Fr. Dominic O’Connor, expressing his delight on seeing him after all his recent suffering. He also grants him full diocesan faculties for his stay in the diocese.

Letter from the Most Rev. Daniel Cohalan to Fr. Martin Hyland
8 Feb. 1922-12 Feb. 1922
File
2 items; 5 pp
Manuscript
Letter from the Most Rev. Daniel Cohalan, Bishop of Cork, to Fr. Martin Hyland, Guardian of Rochestown Friary, expressing his happiness that Fr. Dominic O’Connor is back in Cork again. He notes that he ‘has been a good while in prison [and] previous to that he was a war chaplain’, and requests that he prepare for examination for the renewal of faculties to preach and to hear confessions. The examination will be a written test on moral and dogmatic theology. With copy reply from Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon, Provincial Minister, asserting that ‘owing to the degrading and cruel treatments he suffered for the
past thirteen or fourteen months at the hands of the British’ it would be unwise to ask Fr. Dominic to prepare for the aforementioned examination.

CA/IR/1/5/4/3  Letter from the Most Rev. Daniel Cohalan to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon
22 Feb. 1922-24 Feb. 1922
File
2 items; 6 pp
Manuscript
Letter from the Most Rev. Daniel Cohalan, Bishop of Cork, to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon, Minister Provincial, referring to the withdrawal of Fr. Dominic’s faculties due to his inability to take the examination for renewal of faculties. Bishop Cohalan also refers to his unease on reading an announcement in the papers that Fr. Dominic is to be appointed honorary chaplain to a brigade of the IRA. The Bishop wrote: ‘Now I put it to you that a lay body has no authority to confer an ecclesiastical honour from a lay authority’. He later asks Fr. Edwin: ‘Are you not conceding to a military brigade what belongs essentially to the church?’ With a copy reply from Fr. Edwin claiming that he knew nothing of Fr. Dominic’s appointment as chaplain to the IRA until his attention was drawn to a report in the Cork Papers.

CA/BV/1/1  Newspaper Cuttings Book
Dec. 1922-21 Jan. 1925
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm

CA/IR/1/5/4/4  Photographic postcard prints of Fr. Dominic O’Connor with a group of Irish Republicans in California
17 Mar. 1923 + 18 June 1958
File
4 items
Photographic prints and newspaper clipping
Photographic postcard prints of Fr. Dominic O’Connor with a group of Irish Republican supporters at Fairpost, Northern California. Some members of the group hold tri-colour pennants annotated: ‘St Patrick’s Day -1923. Irish Republic’. One of the photographs was reprinted in the Cork Evening Echo, 18 June 1958. The individuals are named as:

CA/IR/1/5/4/5  List of names and addresses of people resident in the United States
C. 1925-1930
File
3 items
Manuscript and printed
List of names and addresses of people resident in the United States. Includes a business card from Joseph Smith, Director, Boston Commercial and Industrial Bureau.

CA/IR/1/5/4/6 Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon
8 Dec. 1927
Item
2 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor, Hermiston, Oregon, to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon, regarding the disposition of Stanfield Church and the progress of building works on other churches in his ministry in Oregon. He wrote: ‘As soon as the weather moderates I will begin the building of the Church at Pilot Rock. I intended to call it Santa Clara but I will get a donation of $1,000 if I call it Saint Agnes. What’s in a name? I’ve called many names myself, few of them as complimentary in the change as this one’.

12 Oct. 1935
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Fr. Luke [Sheehan], Bend, Oregon, to Fr. Aloysius Travers, describing the last hours of his nephew Fr. Dominic O’Connor. He wrote: ‘Poor Dominic died rather unexpectedly. He had been ailing for a good many months, complained of a headache and more recently of dizzy spells and loss memory’. The letter is incomplete.

CA/IR/1/5/4/8 Telegrams to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon
16-18 Oct. 1935
File
3 items
Manuscript
Telegram to Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon, Provincial Minister, concerning the death of Fr. Dominic O’Connor in Bend, Oregon.

CA/IR/1/5/4/9 Memorial cards for Fr. Dominic O’Connor
17 Oct. 1935
File
4 copies
Printed

CA/IR/1/5/4/10 Capuchin news
Oct. 1935
Item
14 pp
Printed
Capuchinnews, V, no. 3 (Oct. 1935). Bi-monthly publication of the Capuchino Club of Our Lady of Angels, Burlingame, California. Page 9 contains a short obituary on Fr. Dominic O’Connor. It reads: ‘[Fr. Dominic O’Connor] came of a distinguished family that has given many members to the Church. He was a nephew of Father Luke Sheehan, one of the pioneer Capuchin Missionaries in the West ...’.

CA/IR/1/5/4/11 Letters offering sympathies on the death of Fr. Dominic O’Connor
6 Nov. 1935-12 Nov. 1935
File
2 items
Manuscript and typescript
Letters from R.G. Browne, Town Clerk, Urban District Council, Westport, and John Maher, Town Clerk, Cashel Urban District Council, offering their sympathies to the Capuchin Order on the death of Fr. Dominic O’Connor. The resolution from Cashel Urban District Council reads: ‘During the martyr struggle of Terence MacSwiney (Lord Mayor of Cork) in Brixton Prison, the late Father Dominic by his attention and fidelity to the noble sufferer and the cause for which he suffers, he has left to Ireland a name that links him with the bravest and most heroic we boast of’.

CA/IR/1/5/4/12 Letter from Joseph I. Bowe to Fr. Colman Griffin
8 Nov. 1939-10 Nov. 1939
File
3 items
Manuscript and typescript
Letter from Joseph I. Bowe, jnr., 32 Addison Road, Dublin to Fr. Colman Griffin, Provincial Minister, seeking permission to rename Addison Road, ‘Fr. Dominic Road’ in memory ‘of that patriotic priest who died in 1935 at Oregon, USA, where he had been obliged to go into exile’. With copy reply from Fr. Colman stating that he has no objection to the proposal.

5.5. Photographs, Prints and Sketches

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1915-1958
Scope and Content: A small collection of prints and photographs connected with the life and ministry of Fr. Dominic O’Connor.
Format: Photographic print, copy sketch and printed
Extent: 2 items and 2 files

CA/IR/1/5/5/1 Copy pencilled sketch portrait of Fr. Dominic O’Connor
c. 1915-1917
File
2 copies
Copy sketch
14 cm x 10.5 cm
Copy pencilled sketch portrait of Fr. Dominic O’Connor in the uniform of a British Army chaplain. Titled: ‘Fr. Dominic of Cork, OM Cap.’.
CA/IR/1/5/5/2  Photographic print of Fr. Dominic O’Connor in British army chaplain uniform
  c. 1915-1917
  Item
  Photographic print
  11.5 cm x 9 cm
  Photographic print (black and white, full length portrait) of Fr. Dominic O’Connor in British army chaplain uniform.
  Physical condition: yellowing and fading around the edges.

CA/IR/1/5/5/3  Photographic prints of Fr. Dominic O’Connor
  1 Jan. 1919-17 Mar. 1919
  File
  3 items
  Photographic prints on card
  13 cm x 8 cm; 9 cm x 6.5 cm
  Photographic postcard print of Fr. Dominic O’Connor with another unknown friar (possibly Fr. Hilary McDonagh) dated 17 Mar. 1919; print of Fr. Dominic (full length and seated) attached to a greeting card with annotation: ‘To Helen, with best wishes, Fr. Dominic, OSFC, 1/1/19’; undated photographic print of Fr. Dominic (full length in Capuchin habit).

CA/IR/1/5/5/4  Memorial photographic print of Fr. Dominic O’Connor
  c. 1958
  Item
  Print
  30 cm x 23 cm
  Memorial photographic print of Fr. Dominic O’Connor. The caption reads: ‘zealous Chaplain to the martyred Mayors of Cork, Tomas MacCurtain and Terence McSwiney, remained ever loyal to the cause of the Irish Republic’. The memorial notes that Fr. Dominic ‘died in exile in Bend, Oregon, U.S.A. in 1935. In June, 1958, the remains were repatriated and re-interred in the Capuchin Cemetery in Rochestown, County Cork’.

5.6. Other Papers

Level: Sub-Series
Dates of Creation: 1911-1958
Scope and Content: A collection of mostly personal papers relating to the life and ministry of Fr. Dominic O’Connor. The sub-series includes some papers relating to his interest in the history of the Capuchins in Ireland and some newspaper clippings published after his death.
Format: Manuscript, typescript, printed, newspaper clipping and photographic print
Extent: 7 items and 5 files

CA/IR/1/5/6/1  Newspaper clipping of a letter by Fr. Dominic O’Connor
  8 Nov. 1911
  File
  2 copies
  Newspaper clipping
Newspaper clipping of a letter by Fr. Dominic O’Connor published in the nationalist newspaper the Cork Free Press (8 Nov. 1911). The letter is titled ‘The Brown Friars: their education in “the dark days”’ and refers to the long history behind the education of Irish Capuchins in continental colleges. The article was sent to the editor of the Cork Free Press and was signed Segan Eireannac. With cover and annotation by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh.

CA/IR/1/5/6/2 Copy note from a German casualty of World War I

Item 2 pp
Manuscript
Copy note ‘taken from a postcard (blood-stained) taken from the breast pocket of a dead German soldier by young Canniffe of Barrick St., Cork – Dec. 1914’. It is added ‘The p[ost] c[ard] was sent to Canniffe’s father by young Canniffe’. In German.

CA/IR/1/5/6/3 Newspaper clippings relating to the life and ministry of Fr. Dominic O’Connor

File c. 40 items
Newspaper clippings
Includes clippings reporting the court martial of Fr. Dominic in Kilmainham Jail in January 1921, his subsequent imprisonment, his exile and ministry in the United States and later obituaries and tributes. The file also contains clippings relating to the campaign to have his and Father Albert Bibby’s body repatriated to Ireland. The file includes clippings from the Irish Times, the Freeman’s Journal, the Cork Examiner and the Irish Press. See also section on The repatriation of the bodies of Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic.

CA/IR/1/5/6/4 Letter from Lena May Murphy to Fr. Dominic O’Connor

23 Nov. 1918
File 7 items
Manuscript and copy photographic print
Letter from Lena May Murphy, Cork, to Fr. Dominic O’Connor 23 Nov. 1918. It reads: ‘I must thank you very sincerely for your great kindness to my dead father in his last illness. All at home are never done telling everybody of you and your wonderful goodness’. This letter was sent by [Maire] Murphy, 35 Mercier Park, Curragh Road, Cork, to Fr. Nessan Shaw (13 Nov. 1991), explaining that Lena May Murphy was her late aunt. With a copy photograph of Lena May Murphy, and notes by Fr. Nessan re Lena May who worked as a nurse caring for elderly patients.

CA/IR/1/5/6/5 Passport of Fr. Dominic O’Connor

11 Nov. 1919
Item 7 pp
Printed with manuscript additions
Passport of Fr. Dominic O’Connor issued by the British Foreign Office. Fr. Dominic’s age is given as 36, his profession as a Roman Catholic Clergyman and
is defined as a ‘British-born subject’. With half-length portrait photograph pasted into document. The ink stamps on the passport indicate that Fr. Dominic travelled through France and Belgium in 1919.

**CA/IR/1/5/6/12**  
**Letters from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Fr. Paul Neary**  
3 Dec. 1919-22 Dec. 1919  
File  
3 items  
Manuscript  
Letters from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Fr. Paul Neary reporting on his research on the early Irish Capuchins in continental archives including Troyes and Charleville, ‘home of the Irish Friars of former days’. Fr. Dominic affirms that ‘further communications would be safer if addressed to c/o Mr. Seán T. O’Ceallaigh, Grand Hotel, Place de l’Opera, Paris’ (3 Dec. 1919).

**CA/BV/1/1**  
**Newspaper Cuttings Book**  
23 Mar. 1920-27 Mar. 1920  
Bound volume  
126 pp  
47 cm x 32 cm  

**CA/IR/1/5/6/6**  
**‘Go mBeannuigh Dia ár O Tír’**  
9 Apr. 1920  
Item  
2 pp  
Manuscript  
Text of a poem or song signed by Fr. Dominic O’Connor and dated ‘9/4/4/20’. Fr. Dominic occasionally used the republican calendar to denote his years: 1920 was the fourth year of Republic founded in 1916. With phonetic aid to pronunciation.

**CA/IR/1/5/6/7**  
**Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to the Guardian, Capuchin Friary, Church Street, Dublin**  
c. 21 Dec. 1920  
Item  
2 pp  
Manuscript  
Fr. Dominic refers to the existence of archives relating to the early history of the Irish Province extant in the Order’s General Archives in Rome. He wrote: ‘the opinion was growing stronger in my mind ... as I was advancing in the MSS that there must be a report of the Commissary Provincial about date 1711 in our own Archives in Rome and possibly also in the Propaganda ones. Perhaps a copy may be found even in Milan as many MSS were sent the Historian General of the Order at one time’. With cover.
Outline of chapters for a biography of Fr. Francis Nugent OFM Cap

c. 1920

Item

1 p

Manuscript

Outline of chapters in a projected biography of Fr. Francis Nugent OFM Cap. (1569-1635) by Fr. Dominic O’Connor. With cover annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh.

Statement by Fr. Dominic O’Connor on the need to stamp out Freemasonry

c. 1921

Item

3 pp

Typescript

Statement by Fr. Dominic O’Connor to the Chief of Staff of the IRA, Four Courts’ Barracks, on the need to stamp out Freemasonry in Ireland. The report reads: ‘Freemasonry is the same everywhere in principle and desire – to destroy all religion Catholic and Protestant, Christian and Pagan to make way for its own lewd and lustful phallic worship’. Fr Dominic urges that no restraint be shown in destroying Masonic emblems. He writes: ‘I think you may have no scruple in destroying them, I think they should be destroyed in as much as they are not religious emblems, but symbols of lewdness, lust and impurity. The reason for the destruction should be made publicly known’.

Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor to Fr. Paul Neary

26 Oct. 1922

Item

2 pp

Manuscript

Letter from Fr. Dominic O’Connor, Brussels, to Fr. Paul Neary, St. Mary of the Angels, Church Street, Dublin, regarding information found in continental archives regarding the early Irish Capuchins particularly in respect of Fr. Francis Nugent. With cover.

Silver jubilee card with poem by Fr. Dominic O’Connor

1931

File

3 copies

Printed

The poem reads:

‘Thy favours still, O Lord bestow;
Through Mary’s hands may grace still flow;
Give me the Cross or pain or woe,
But give to Eire Liberty’.
6. Pictorial Albums, Ephemera and Artefacts of the 1916 Rising

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1919
Scope and Content: The sub-series contains souvenir booklets and miscellaneous ephemera and artefacts relating to the 1916 Rising. Most of the booklets contain photographic postcards depicting various figures, events and artefacts associated with Easter Week and its aftermath.
Format: Printed
Extent: 9 items and 1 file

CA/IR/1/6/1 Os
Savage Model 1907 Pistol and Holster
1916
Item
Artefact
A ‘Savage Model 1907’ Pistol reputed to have been used by an Irish Volunteer during the 1916 Rising. The weapon was found by a Capuchin friar on North King Street after the conclusion of the hostilities. With leather holster and spare bullet cartridge. A manuscript note found with the pistol in the gallery of St. Mary of the Angels, Church Street reads: ‘These are souvenirs of the 1916 Rising’. A revolver used in King Street. A scissors used in the Four Courts’. Fr. Col[jumbus Murphy].

Weapon: This semi-automatic pistol was produced by the Savage Arms Company of Utica, New York, from 1907-1920. It had a 10 round magazine. A safety lever is located on the left side of the pistol, at the upper rear of the grip. The model 1907 is often erroneously called a Model 1905 because of the date Nov. 21, 1905 stamped into the top of the slide on all Savage pistols. This was the date Elbert Searle was awarded one of his firearm patents, which were the design basis for Savage pistols. The model 1907 uses no screws (even the grips snap into place) and is relatively easy to dismantle.

Physical Description:
Specifications:
Weight: 0.6 kg / 19 ounces
Length: 165 mm / 6.5 inches
Barrel length: 95 mm / 3.75 inches
Serial numbers:
Body: 112838
Bolt/firing mechanism: 112838
Top slide cover: 111365

Note: Both the pistol and the holster are worn. The firearm has been deactivated.

CA/IR/1/6/2 Os
Bandolier and Hopsack bag
1916
Item
Artefact
A leather bandolier reputed to have been used by an Irish Volunteer during the 1916 Rising. Retrieved from the gallery of St. Mary of the Angels, Church Street. The bandolier has five pouches for the storage of ammunition and is possibly of home-made manufacture. The hopsack bag is very roughly woven.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CA/IR/1/6/2</td>
<td><strong>Metal debris and bullet cartridges</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OS</td>
<td>1916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Artefact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fused fragments of metal and assorted bullet cartridges reputedly taken from</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the destroyed shell of the General Post Office in the aftermath of the 1916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rising.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The provenance is uncertain but cf. CA/IR/1/3/1/7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA/IR/1/6/3</td>
<td><strong>The record of the Irish Rebellion of 1916</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>60 pp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed</td>
<td>A booklet of prints, pictures and scenes of the various leaders, events and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>artefact’s associated with the Easter Rising. Printed in Dublin: Office of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA/IR/1/6/4</td>
<td><strong>Dublin and the &quot;Sinn Féin Rising&quot;: portraits, documents, pictures, volunteer relics, arms &amp; accoutrements, story of the rising</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>28 pp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed</td>
<td>An album of mounted photographic reproductions of scenes, individuals,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA/IR/1/6/5</td>
<td><strong>The &quot;Sinn Fein&quot; revolt, illustrated</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>36 pp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed</td>
<td>A booklets depicting events, group leaders, and the destruction of the various</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>landmarks in Dublin during the insurrection. (Oblong, 8vo, illus. &amp; adverts,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>printed wrappers). Printed by Hely's Ltd., Dublin. A photograph is mounted on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cover.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Physical description: [36] pp: ill., map, ports. ; 29 x 22 cm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CA/IR/1/6/6  The Rebellion in Dublin, April 1916  
1916  
Item  
38 pp  
Printed  
A booklet of 17 mounted photographs of the destruction in 1916, oblong folio D. (Easons), pictorial wrappers, stitched with a cord, Eason’s. Also illustrated with advertisements. The first issue, priced at 6d. Caption title: *The six days’ rebellion*. Published: [Dublin: Eason & Son, Ltd., Dublin and Belfast], 1916.  
Physical description: [38] pp.: ill., ports.; 19 x 25 cm.

CA/IR/1/6/7  Dublin after the six days’ insurrection: thirty-one pictures from the camera of Mr. T.W. Murphy  
1916  
Item  
1 v (unpaged)  
Printed  
A pictorial record album of the destruction of parts of Dublin during the Rising. Published in Dublin by Mecredy, Percy and Co., Ltd. Title from cover. At head of cover title: ‘Passed for transmission abroad by the official press bureau’. Caption title: ‘The Sinn Fein rebellion’.  
Physical description: 1 v. (unpaged); 14 x 23 cm.

CA/IR/1/6/8  Sinn Féin Labels  
c. 1916  
File  
2 items  
Printed  
Two Sinn Féin labels. The labels were a forerunner to postage stamps of the Irish Free State and were printed by Republicans primarily for propaganda value.  
Description: Celtic Cross label. Ringed cross with shamrock leaves; in the four ‘corners’ and inscriptions of Éire and ‘Sinn Féin’ (twice) on cross  
The difference between the two years being only colour. Commissioned by Arthur Griffith and designed by Lily Williams this stamp depicted the Cross of Cong with ÉIRE at centre. Sinn Féin members paid a halfpenny each for the stamps and affixed them to letters as a propaganda move. The 1908 Post Office Act outlawed their use after protests by MPs in the House of Commons. They were continued however up to 1916 and beyond. The Cross of Cong design was adopted by the Irish Free State for some values of Irish definitive postage stamps- 3d, 10d and 11d - which were in use up to 1968.  
Description: Hibernia and Wolfhound Label. Hibernia (Erin) with harp, with arms of the four provinces of Ireland (at corners) and wolfhound; inscriptions ‘Éire’ (top panel) and ‘Sinn Féin’ (left and right panels).  
The labels were printed by James Walker & Co. Ltd., Dublin in 1908, and again in 1916. The 1916 version was re-drawn and thus differs from the 1908 version.
A fragment of 1916 history

C. 1919

Item

32 pp

Printed

A booklet describing the attacks on civilians which took place in North King Street during the Rising. The work was written from a Sinn Féin perspective and was authored by John J. Reynolds.

Physical description: 31, [1] p. map 22 cm. Extant in Gate Fold (A sheet that folds where both sides fold toward the gutter in overlapping layers) and Galley proof.
7. Pamphlets, Cartoons and Publicity Material

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1929
Scope and Content: This sub-series consists of pamphlets on topics related to Irish political, social and cultural issues published during the revolutionary era. The collection contains pamphlets and publications relating primarily to the political tensions of this period and includes original pamphlets written by Hanna Sheehy-Skeffington, Most Rev. Edward Thomas O’Dwyer, Bishop of Limerick, William O’Brien, George Noble Plunkett, Cumann na mBan, Darrell Figgis, Frank Gallagher and Éamon de Valera. The series is divided into three sub-series broadly relating to the content and date of the publications: 1) 1916 Rising and War of Independence; 2) Elections; 3) Anti-Treaty Publicity Material. The records in each sub-series represent a particular area of activity or theme, and have been arranged accordingly.
Format: Printed and typescript
Extent: 58 items and 21 files

7.1. 1916 Rising and War of Independence

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1929
Scope and Content: A collection of pamphlets covering the national movement from c. 1916-1921. The sub-series comprises printed ephemera such as fliers, handbills and other publications.
Format: Printed and typescript
Extent: 22 items and 5 files

CA/IR/1/7/1/1 Catholic Bulletin
May-June 1916
Item
106 pp
Printed
A censored edition of Catholic Bulletin, Vol. VI, no. 5-6, May-June 1916. On pp 250-253 there is a blank space with the title ‘Dublin – May 1916’ over a signature, probably referring to a poem by Gobnait Ní Bhruadair which was censored. Similarly, ‘Matters of the Moment’ has also been left purposely blank (pp 261-3).

CA/IR/1/7/1/2 In Memoriam Roger Casement ... Died 3rd August 1916 / Specially written by Benmore
c. Aug. 1916
File
2 copies: 15 pp
Printed
A pamphlet dedicated by the author to Casement’s ‘dearest surviving friend on earth his loving sister Mrs Newman’. 
CA/IR/1/7/1/3  **A forgotten small nationality: Ireland and the war /by F. Sheehy-Skeffington.**  
*British militarism as I have known it / by Hanna Sheehy-Skeffington*

C. 1916  
Item  
32 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet authored by Francis Sheehy-Skeffington (1878-1916) and Hanna Sheehy-Skeffington (1877-1946) referring to the struggle for Irish Independence and the country’s role in the First World War.  

CA/IR/1/7/1/4  **Speech made by his lordship the Most Rev. Dr. O’Dwyer on the occasion of the conferring of the freedom of the city of Limerick on him, on the 14th September, 1916: Full report.**  
14 Sept. 1916  
File  
5 pp  
Printed  
A report of speech by the Bishop of Limerick, a self-proclaimed nationalist and land-reformer, referring to contemporary political opinion. Alone of all the Irish Hierarchy, O’Dwyer was the only one to support the leaders of the 1916 Rising. A sentence beginning ‘Ireland will never be content as a province’ is underlined in the text. *With Irish Emigrants and English Mobs, Letter from the Bishop of Limerick.*

CA/IR/1/7/1/5  **The Dawn of Irish Freedom**  
C. 1916  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  

CA/IR/1/7/1/6  **Bishop O’Dwyer of Limerick: speech at Limerick, September 14th, 1916**  
1917  
Item  
8 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet reporting a speech made by the Most Rev. Edward Thomas O’Dwyer, Bishop of Limerick. The speech provides his opinion on current political events. The pamphlet is titled ‘No.3’ in a series.  
Note: 8 p.; 18 cm.
CA/IR/1/7/1/7  *The Irish cause and the "Irish Convention" by Wm. O'Brien*  
1917  
Item  
16 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet by William O’Brien (1852-1928) regarding the Irish Convention, an assembly which sat in Dublin, from July 1917 until March 1918, which sought to address the Irish Question and other constitutional problems relating to an early enactment of self-government for Ireland. Includes an ‘Authorized report of speech delivered on May 21, 1917, in the House of Commons, in the debate on Mr. Lloyd George’s Irish proposals’.  
Note: 15, [1] pp; 18 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/1/8  *Ireland’s claim for exemption from war taxation*  
c. 1917  
Item  
4 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet in the Republican interest referring to the economic aspects of Ireland’s struggle for independence. Published by the ‘Irish Financial Relations Committee’, Mansion House, Dublin.  
Note: [4] pp; 19 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/1/9  *The Subject State: British Policy in Ireland: The Money Argument*  
c. 1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  
A Sinn Féin leaflet criticising the British financial system in Ireland which operates as a ‘form of industrial exploitation’. The handbill is numbered ‘59’.

CA/IR/1/7/1/10  *A chronicle of jails*  
1917  
Item  
130 pp  
Printed  
A book written by Darrell Figgis (1882-1925) referring to the imprisonment of Irish Republicans for political crimes and offences. Published in Dublin by The Talbot Press.  
Physical Description: 130 pp; 19 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/1/11  *With the Irish in Frongoch*  
1917  
Item  
211 pp  
Printed  
A book written by W. J. Brennan-Whitmore referring to the experiences of Irish Republicans imprisoned after the 1916 Rising. Published in Dublin by The Talbot Press.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/12**  
*The Bishop of Limerick speaks: How the Irish prisoners are treated*  
30 Apr. 1917  
File  
3 pp  
Printed and typescript  
A pamphlet in the Republican interest referring to those interned by British authorities in the aftermath of the 1916 Rising. Written by the Most Rev. Edward Thomas O’Dwyer (1842-1917), Bishop of Limerick. Published in Limerick, 1917. The copies are badly torn.  
Note: 2 printed copies and 1 typescript copy; 1 sheet; 25 cm.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/13**  
*Irish bishop speaks: The death of Thomas Ashe*  
1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  
A handbill by the Most Rev. Michael Fogarty (1859-1955), Bishop of Killaloe, protesting against the treatment of Ashe whilst on hunger strike.  
Physical description: 1 leaf. 19 cm.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/14**  
*President Wilson’s address to the Senate of the United States on 22nd January 1917*  
1917  
Item  
3 pp  
Printed  
A handbill using a quotation from President Wilson’s address to the Senate of the United States on 22nd January 1917. The text encourages American recognition of the Irish Republic. Published by the Irish Nation League, 27 Dawson Street, Dublin  
Note: 1 p.; 3 copies

**CA/IR/1/7/1/15**  
*An article describing clashes at a Sinn Féin-organised aeridhacht held in Cullen, County Cork on 26 May 1918*  
c. 1918  
Item  
2 pp  
Typescript  
The article describes a confrontation with the British military during the aeridhacht. It reads ‘during the singing and performances not only were many police present but five aeroplanes appeared and for over an hour circled over the meeting, descending to the closest possible proximity to the crowd and drowning by their din the children’s music, and that flame rockets were dropped from the planes close to the crowd, one of which set light to a thatched roof ...’. The article is signed ‘W.F.P.S.’ This is probably William F. P. (Frederick Paul) Stockley, a Sinn Féin politician. The article concludes by declaring that ‘We are not completely emancipated from party politicians and capitalist’ newspapers. And the Irish nation of the future will never be Imperialist.’
CA/IR/1/7/1/16  *Ireland’s Proposal to the Nations*

May 1918

Item
3 pp
Galley proof

A proof copy of a petition (with signatures) to present Ireland’s claims before an ‘impartial non-British Tribunal’ of nations. The accompanying letter stresses the need to present such claims immediately as ‘if such reference were postponed to a date after the end of the war it would be too late to avert the dangers that are now imminent’. With a copy of names of individuals (with professions and addresses) endorsing such a presentment to an international tribunal.

CA/IR/1/7/1/17  *To the President of the United States of America*

11 June 1918

Item
12 pp
Printed

An address to Woodrow Wilson, United States President, on the issue of conscription crisis in Ireland. Signed by Laurence O’Neill, Lord Mayor of Dublin

Note: 12 pp; 33 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/1/18  *Ireland and the presidents of the United States / John X. Regan*

June 1919

Item
15 pp
Printed

A pamphlet by John X. Regan referring to the need for American support for a solution to the Irish Question. Published in Boston (Mass.) by the Advisory Committee, Irish Victory Fund. Cover title. At head of title: ‘for America’s honor’, No. 1

Edition: 2nd ed.

Note: 14, [1] pp. (missing last page); 18 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/1/19  *Flier issued to promote the Irish Bond Certificate campaign in the United States*

c. 1919

Item
1 p
Printed

A Republican flier used to publicise the issuing of Irish Bond Certificates in the United States. A comparison is drawn between Benjamin Franklin’s visit to Ireland in 1769 and Eamon de Valera’s visit to the America in 1919. The flier asks ‘Will America do unto Ireland in 1920 as Ireland did unto America in 1769?’ Readers are asked to ‘Subscribe for the bond certificates of the Republic of Ireland and mail your check today to Eamon De Valera, 411 Fifth Avenue, New York’.
**CA/IR/1/7/1/20**  
*Two years of English atrocities in Ireland*  
c. 1919  
Item  
64 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet detailing politically-motivated crimes and offences committed by the English authorities in Ireland from 1917-18.  
Note: 3 copies; 64 pp; 22 cm.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/21**  
*Ireland’s plea for freedom*  
1919  
Item  
48 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet by William Joseph Marie Alois Maloney (b. 1881), ‘M.D., Late Captain of the British Army’, referring to the Irish Question. Published in New York by The American Press.  
Note: 48 pp; 20 cm.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/22**  
*Archbishop Ireland, U.S.A. as statesman and theologian supports I. Revolt against tyranny. II. Government by Republic*  
c. 1920  
Item  
3 pp  
Printed  
The pamphlet comprise extracts taken from a ‘discourse at the Third Council of Baltimore, by Dr. John Ireland, late Archbishop of St. Paul, 10th November 1884’. Rev. Edmond O’Shea, Philadelphia, contends that the principles contained in Dr. Ireland’s speech offer a ‘full vindication by America’s foremost Statesman and Theologian of the Irish Republic proclaimed by Padraig Pearse and the Men of Easter Week, 1916, and ratified by Plebiscite of the Irish People, December 28th, 1918’.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/23**  
*Bound volume of Nationalist pamphlets*  
1921  
File  
259 pp  
Printed  
A soft-bound volume (24 cm x 15.5 cm) containing the following pamphlet referring to the Irish Question:  
- *Report of the Labour commission to Ireland*  
A pamphlet publishing the findings of British Labour Party-sponsored commission on the Irish troubles. The chairman of the commission was Arthur Henderson, MP (1863-1935).

- **The American Commission on conditions in Ireland: interim report**
  A pamphlet reporting the findings of an American Commission investigating the Irish troubles. The commission held public hearings in Washington, D.C., on 19-20 November, 9-23 December 1920 and on 13,14,19 and 21 January 1921. The chairman was noted as L. Hollingsworth. Published in London by Harding and Moore in 1921.
  Physical description: 72 pp.

- **Who burnt Cork City? a tale of arson, loot, and murder; the evidence of over seventy witnesses**
  1921
  A pamphlet published by the Irish Labour Party and Trades Union Congress in January 1921. The work drew upon eye-witness evidence assembled by Seamus Fitzgerald which argued that the fires which had devastated Cork city on the night of 11 December 1920 had been deliberately set by British forces. Members of the fire service testified that their attempts to contain the blaze were hampered by soldiers who fired on them and cut their hoses with bayonets.
  Physical description: 68 p. illus.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/24 Circular letter from Seosamh Mac Donnchadha (Joseph MacDonagh), Minister for Labour, Dáil Éireann**
Mar. 1921-April 1921
File
4 pp
Typescript and printed
Circular letter from Seosamh Mac Donnchadha (Joseph MacDonagh), Minister for Labour, Dáil Éireann to the Superiors of all Religious Houses in Ireland, enclosing a copy statement, written by a Belfast priest, detailing ‘the Orange atrocities committed on Catholic workers and others last July and August’. MacDonagh asks the Religious Superiors to use ‘their wide influence to assist in the rigid enforcement and maintenance of the Belfast Trade Boycott’.
MacDonagh was elected unopposed as a Sinn Féin MP for the Tipperary North constituency at the 1918 general election. He was Director of the ‘Belfast Boycott’, an attempt in 1920–21 to boycott goods from Ulster that were being imported into the south of Ireland. With printed flier titled ‘Black list, Belfast Economic Boycott’ listing the principal firms acting as distributors for ‘Belfast goods’ in Dublin and in other parts of Ireland.

**CA/IR/1/7/1/25 Sinn Féin Árd-fheis Reports**
27 Oct. 1921
File
12 pp
Typescript and printed
Sinn Féin. Tuairisc na Rúnaithe: Árd-Fheis, 1921. Includes Secretaries’ report and note on the accounts of the party. Printed in Dublin by Sinn Féin. Physical description: 10 pp; tables; 26 cm; With typescript report of the Hon. Treasurer at the Árd-Fheis, 27 Oct. 1921. The report notes that ‘in presenting the balance sheet of the most abnormal year the Sinn Fein Organisation has yet experienced, it is a matter for congratulation that thro’ all the stress and pressure of the greater portion of the time covered by the present balance
sheet the Organisation continued to work steadily by keeping in touch with all its Comhairle Ceanntair ...’. Includes a table titled ‘Receipts and disbursements from 1st October 1920 to 8 Oct. 1921’. Typescript signature of Siobhan Bean an Phaoraigh, Hon. Secretary.

CA/IR/1/7/1/26 Saorstát na hÉireann. Judiciary. Rules and forms
1921
Item
40 pp
A guide to the rules and forms of judicial, parish and district courts of Saorstát na hÉireann. Published by the Department of Home Affairs.
Physical description: 40 pp, [1 v.] 8vo.

CA/IR/1/7/1/27 The story of Kevin Barry
c. 1929
Item
4 pp
Printed
A leaflet published by Cumann na mBan, 27 Dawson Street, Dublin, referring to Kevin Barry, sentenced to death for his part in a Republican operation which resulted in the deaths of three British soldiers. The item has a photographic print of Kevin Barry on the front cover.
Note: 4 pp; 21cm.

7.2. Elections

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1917-1920
Scope and Content: A collection of publicity material relating to primarily to Sinn Féin victories in parliamentary by-elections in 1917. The sub-series also includes election fliers from the Trade Union and Labour movement.
Format: Printed and typescript
Extent: 8 items and 1 file

CA/IR/1/7/2/1 Hurrah! Hurrah! For Plunkett
1917
Item
1 p.
Typescript
A poem (to the Air of ‘The Boys of Wexford’) advocating support for George Noble Plunkett in the forthcoming by-election. It reads: ‘Roscommon’s chance has come at last, to strike a manly blow, For Eire’s right in freedom’s fight, and thraldom overthrow’. In 1917, in Sinn Féin’s first parliamentary victory, Plunkett won the seat of Roscommon North in a by-election.

CA/IR/1/7/2/2 Printed circular letter by George Noble Plunkett stating his political standpoint in the aftermath of his victory in the North Roscommon by-election
17 Mar. 1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  
In the circular Plunkett promoted Sinn Féin’s strategy and declared that ‘the position of the Irish Party during Easter Week was deplorable. The Leader of the Irish Party [John Redmond] accepted the points of view of the government. He speaks like an Englishman intent on maintaining English supremacy, not as an Irishman who believes that his Nation has the rights common to all nations, and the duty to wrest her liberties from foreign control by every means in her power’.

CA/IR/1/7/2/3  ‘Song of Ireland. Air – “Paddies Evermore”. I want my four green fields’  
1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  
The song uses the refrain ‘Up Plunkett and McGuinness! For I want my four green fields. Joseph McGuinness contested the 1917 South Longford by-election. Joseph McGuinness was in prison at this time in Lewes, Sussex, for his part in the 1916 Rising.

CA/IR/1/7/2/4  Father Matt Ryan / to the electors of Longford  
1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  
A propaganda handbill highlighting the support of Father Matt Ryan, PP, Knockavilla, Tipperary, ‘the famous “General” in the Land War Campaign’, for the Sinn Féin candidate in the South Longford by-election.

CA/IR/1/7/2/5  ‘Song of the … [text obliterated]’  
1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Printed  
A propaganda handbill urging support for Joseph McGuinness. The poem reads:  
‘And now, says I, where’s your right hand,  
To strike a blow for the rebel band,  
And drive John Redmond out of the land?  
Now, who are you going to vote for?’  
Note: Text torn at title.

CA/IR/1/7/2/6  Put Him In To Get Him Out. Vote for McGuinness: the man in jail for Ireland  
OS  
1917  
Item  
1 p.  
Poster (50.6 cm x 38.3 cm)  
An illustrated poster issued for the candidate, Joseph McGuinness, by his authorised Election Agent, P. J. Halnon, Solicitor, Longford. Printed at the Gaelic Press, 30 Upper Liffey Street, Dublin.
CA/IR/1/7/2/7  **Most Rev. Dr. O’Dwyer, Bishop of Limerick, speaking on the 29th September 1896 on the futility of Parliamentary Agitation against Over-Taxation, ...**

1917

Item

1 p.

Printed

A propaganda handbill in favour of Sinn Féin’s W.T. Cosgrave’s campaign for the Kilkenny by-election in 1917. The handbill concludes ‘Cosgrave stands for the same principles which the Bishop of Limerick professed 20 years ago ...’. The handbill was printed for the candidate, William T. Cosgrave, by the Kilkenny People Printing Works, James’s St., Kilkenny.

CA/IR/1/7/2/8  **Archbishop Walsh and the Irish Party “Led to Disaster”. Lamentable Position of Home Rule**

1917

Item

1 p.

Printed

An election handbill quoting a letter from the Most Rev. William J. Archbishop of Dublin criticising the stance of the Irish Parliamentary Party. It reads: ‘For years past I have never had a moment’s doubt that the Irish Home Rule cause in Parliament was being led along a line that could only bring it to disaster. ...’. The handbill concludes with a call to vote for W.T. Cosgrave in the Kilkenny by-election.

CA/IR/1/7/2/9  **Election fliers from Trade Union Labour to the Electors of the Arran Quay Ward**

Jan. 1920

File

2 pp

Printed

The fliers claim the support of Father Lawrence and Father Albert [Bibby], Capuchin Franciscan Friary, Church Street, calling them ‘distinguished representatives of the Order which in dark and evil days held aloft the lamp of learning in Ireland’. Father Lawrence wrote ‘I am glad Mr. John Farren is seeking election as a member of the Dublin Corporation. ...’. The fliers were printed by Mitchell & Co., 29 Capel Street, Dublin, and published by the candidate.
7.3. Anti-Treaty Publicity Material

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1922-1923
Scope and Content: Many of the Irish Capuchins displayed a noticeable sympathy with the Republican interest during the Civil War. The Church Street community maintained close ties with various Republicans including Frank Gallagher who carried out propaganda work on various Anti-Treaty bulletins, newsletters and publications. Gallagher worked alongside Erskine Childers (who was also on good terms with the Capuchin friars) on the Republican publicity staff. He sided with Éamon de Valera in the Treaty debates. Gallagher and Robert Brennan were significant contributors to the Daily Bulletin which was produced at this time (See CA/IR/1/8/3/8). As a consequence, most of the tracts obtained by the Capuchins adhere rigidly to the Sinn Féin version of the conflict and demonstrate an implacable hostility to the Treaty and its supporters.
Format: Printed and typescript
Extent: 28 items and 15 files

CA/IR/1/7/3/1 Republican Handbills
  c. 1922-1923
  File
  20 pp
  Printed
  Six uniform handbills in the Republican interest, starting with:
  When the Black and Tans were here ... 2 copies
  The Till of the people .... 2 copies
  The Congo Free State (condemned by all civilised peoples) branded negroes who were slaves.
  The Irish Free State brands Irishmen who refuse to be slaves. 2 copies
  Make the war-mongers pay for the war ... If England ordered the war don’t you think England ought to pay for it? 2 copies
  Merciless tigers in their dealings with unarmed Republican prisoners. Spineless worms in their dealings with English ministers. That’s what O’Higgins and Mulcahy are. 2 copies.
  620,283 Irish voters went to the Polls on June 16th, 1922. Not a solitary one of these 620, 283 voters wanted war. But one English voter, Winston Churchill, wanted war and he had his way. That is what is meant by "The Will of the People". 5 copies
  The two policies. The policy of Sinn Fein gives you ... a fearless nation. The other policy gives you ... a craven state. 2 copies.
  Do you believe that while there is a single hungry child in Ireland, the sum of £37,865 per year of the Irish Peoples’ money should be expended on Tim Healy? 2 copies.
  Address to the Dublin Brigade by the Officer Commanding, signed by Oscar Traynor.

CA/IR/1/7/3/2 Do the Irish people love justice?
  c. 1922-1923
  File
  5 pp
  Printed
Handbill in the Republican interest attacking the Irish Free State's alleged policy of 'iron rule'. Printed in Manchester by Whiteley & Wright. Titled 'No. 2' in a series of handbills.
Note: 5 copies; 22 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/3  Not Guilty
c. 1922-1923
File
3 pp
Printed
An Anti-Treaty handbill. The text reads: ‘It has been said that the Irish people are guilty of the blood shed by the firing squads, because the executions were carried out in their name ... This is not true ... when the time comes, they will repudiate the responsibility for the blood. Guiltiness and The shame, by turning down the men who falsely used their name as a cover for these horrible deeds.
Printed in Manchester by Whiteley & Wright. Titled ‘No. 1’ in a series.
Note: 3 copies; 22 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/4  Republican Handbills
c. 1922
File
30 pp
Printed
Uniform handbills in the Republican interest, starting with:
The Murder Members. The following are the names of the members of the partition parliament who voted for the murder bill. Note: 2 copies; 1 leaf. 31 cm
Seven Steps towards the Republic; 1 p. 19 cm.
The new terror ... homes raided in the dead of night; women and children terrorised ... These are some fruits of the Treaty. We will break this new terror as we broke the old. Make no doubt about it. Note: 1 p. 21 cm.
Conspiracy to murder. The Provisional Government has sent an agent to the south to assassinate Eamonn de Valera. The name of the agent is known. Is this done by the will of the Irish people? Note: 1 p. 17 cm.
Violation of Padraig Pearse's Home. Mrs. Pearse's words to the Free State soldiers; Note: 1 p. 26 cm.
To the Free State Soldiers. Anti-Treaty handbill (black typescript on buff coloured paper), urging Free State soldiers to lay down their arms. Urging the soldiers of the Provisional Government, which includes Arthur Griffith, not to take up arms and/or demean soldiers of the Irish Republic during the Irish Civil War. 1 p. 26 cm.
Murdered. On the murder of Harry Boland. Note: 2 pp; 26 cm.
Provisional Government Offer Valuable Prizes for the Best Answers to the following eighteen questions. Note: 2 copies; 1 leaf; 33 cm.
The Mountjoy “Hotel”. Note. 1 p. 27 cm.
Appeal to the People and Volunteers of Tirconaill. Note: 1 p.; 33 cm.
Do you know Joe Clark? A leaflet, including the statement of Joseph Clark, on the crimes committed against him by the Free State authorities, dated 13 Nov. 1922. Note: 1 p.; 33 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/5  The Will of the People

Item

1 p.

Typescript

An Anti-Treaty pamphlet by the Irish Republican Army asking ‘on what authority did Michael Collins call off the Belfast boycott’. It also demands to know why Collins associated ‘with the enemy General Macready and, reinforced by English guns manned by English gunners, lay siege to and destroy the Four Courts’.

CA/IR/1/7/3/6  This is Freedom – Arthur Griffith

Item

1 p.

Typescript

An Anti-Treaty pamphlet attacking Arthur Griffith sarcastically claiming ‘This is freedom ... The Britons in Khaki yesterday raided Republican homes ... The West Britons in green to-day raid Republican homes ...’. Note: Probably missing second page.

CA/IR/1/7/3/7  Who killed Cathal Brugha?

Item

1 p.

Typescript

An Anti-Treaty handbill comprising a poem with a constant refrain asking ‘Who killed Cathal Brugha?’ who died in fighting on O’Connell Street in July 1922. It reads:

“Who killed Cathal Brugha?”

“I” said Mick Collins,

With a toss of his head

Tis well he is dead

I killed Cathal Brugha.

The second stanza contains a similar refrain in respect of General Richard Mulcahy.

CA/IR/1/7/3/8  Free State Soldiers!

Item

1 p.

Typescript

An Anti-Treaty handbill imploring Free State soldiers to ‘come out from the Free State Army at first opportunity, and renew your allegiance to the Old Love’.

CA/IR/1/7/3/9  Yesterday the RIC were Irishmen who took guns and orders from England: today Free-State soldiers are Irishmen who take guns and orders from England
An Anti-Treaty handbill (black type on buff coloured paper). Text on recto reads: (on left-hand side) “Yesterday the RIC wereIrishmen who took (includes image of a hand pointing to the following line in bold type in centre of handbill) "Guns and Orders from England". (On right-hand side) "To-day Free-State soldiers are Irishmen who take (includes another image of a hand pointing to the same line in bold type in centre of handbill) "Guns and Orders from England / in order to / Shoot down Republican Soldiers / Destroy Republican Printing Presses / Raid the homes of Irish Republicans / Fire on Irish Prisoners in the Jails / Fill the Jails with Irish Volunteers / Wage economic war on the Dependants / of the Irish Republicans. / You did not Join the Irish Volunteers for this. / (in larger font and bold type) Don’t be any longer Blind. The Men against you are Fighting without / Pay for the Old Cause which/ will NEVER DIE”.

Note: 1 p.; 19.4 x 13 cm.

**CA/IR/1/7/3/10**  
*The duty of the hour*, by Darrell Figgis

Item
1 p.
Printed
Extracts from the Sinn Féin ‘catechism’, republished in the anti-Treaty interest.
By Darrell Figgis (1882-1925).

Note: 4 pp; 23 cm.

**CA/IR/1/7/3/11**  
*Queen Elizabeth’s Alternative – Michael Collins Supplies It*

c. 1922
Item
1 p.
Printed

An Anti-Treaty leaflet, deriding Michael Collins and the Free State. It reads: “I would much rather hear Mr. Michael Collins called a traitor by Mr. De Valera than hear myself called a traitor by anyone else.” Lord Birkenhead’.

Note: 23 cm x 15 cm; 9 in. x 6 in.

**CA/IR/1/7/3/12**  
*To the Free State Soldiers*

c. 1922
File
1 p.

Typescript

An Anti-Treaty handbill (black typescript on buff coloured paper), urging Free State soldiers to lay down their arms. It reads: ‘Ireland has one enemy, the infamous English enemy. She has tricked you, kindly, simple lads, as she tricked Irishmen all through the ages of war against her. ... The Irish Republic is not dead. A hundred thousand armed men are in Ireland to-day ready to give their lives that it may live. You are killing them as the R.I.C. tried to kill you’.

Note: 2 copies.
CA/IR/1/7/3/13 The truth about the I.R.A. in the West: Record of the campaign in the West from 28th June, 1922
28 June 1922
Item
2 pp
Duplicate typescript
An Anti-Treaty flyer defending Irregular Republican actions in Connacht.
Note: 2 pp; 33 cm

CA/IR/1/7/3/14 An Irish priest’s appeal: to the men & women of Ireland
3 July 1922
Item
3 pp
Printed
An address on the role of the Catholic Church in political activity in Ireland.
Written by priest under the pseudonym of ‘Colm Cille’. Subscribed and dated ‘Colm Cille 3/7/’22’. Mimeographed.
Note: [3] pp; 33 cm

CA/IR/1/7/3/15 Copy letter to the Commandant Kilmainham Detention Barracks from Irish Republican Prisoners
5 Aug. 1922
Item
2 pp
Typescript
A typescript letter from Oscar Traynor, Tom Barry, Sean Priondargas and other Republican Prisoners, referring to their demands for certain rights and privileges.

CA/IR/1/7/3/16 The Free State Prison System
Aug. 1922
Item
3 pp.
Printed.
An Anti-Treaty leaflet and off-print concerning conditions in Kilkenny Jail, the murder of Sean Edwards in Kilkenny, and the murder of Maurice Condon, an unarmed prisoner in Clonmel Town Hall.

CA/IR/1/7/3/17 Gentlemen, The King!
c. 1922
File
2 pp.
Printed
A handbill, in the Republican interest, underlining the emphasis in the articles of the Irish Free State constitution which were declared vital and unalterable by Kevin O’Higgins – ‘on the authority of the King’. Published in Dublin
Note: 2 copies; 26 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/18 In memory of Cathal Brugha and Harry Boland ...
c. 1922
Everything will yet work out right for Ireland: Extracts from Harry Boland’s last letters ...
c. 1922

The bishop’s pastoral: a prisoner’s letter to His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin / Proinnsias O’Gallchobhair has addressed the following letter to His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin ...
12 Nov. 1922

Address from the soldiers of the army of the Republic to their former comrades in the Free State Army and the Civic Guard
23 Nov. 1922

By what authority? /By Proinnsias Ó Gallchobhair
c. 1922

A pamphlet in the Republican interest by Frank Gallagher who worked alongside Erskine Childers on the Republican publicity staff. During this period Gallagher and Robert Brennan were significant contributors to the Irish Bulletin. Gallagher served long stints in prison due to his IRA involvement and
went on many hunger strikes (the shortest lasting three days, the longest 41 days).
Note: 5 copies; 16 pp; 22 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/23  **Who abandoned the Republic? / By a Western Priest**
c. 1922
Item
64 pp
Printed
Pamphlet published by the Irish Nation Committee referring to the Anglo Irish Treaty of 6 Dec. 1921 and asserting that the creation of the Irish Free State marked a repudiation of Republican principles. Published in Glasgow and Printed by Kirkwood & Co. Written after 5 Mar. 1922. cf. p. 7. Titled ‘No. 3’ in a series. *The alternative to the "Treaty". ("Document No. 2")* is no. 6 in this series (CA/IR/1/7/3/34).
Note: 4 copies; pagination: [1-2], 3-16 pp; 18 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/24  **Where lies the blame?: A reprint of a letter written in reply to a constituent / by Mr. Laurence Ginnell, T.D.**
c. 1922
File
8 pp + 1 p
Printed
A pamphlet written by Laurence Ginnell (1854-1923) who opposed the Anglo-Irish Treaty that was ratified by the Dáil in January 1922. He was elected as an anti-Treaty Sinn Féin TD for the constituency of Longford-Westmeath at the 1922 general election on the eve of the Civil War. Imprint date based on p. 4. With typescript letter from Ginnell to the Most Rev. Edward Byrne, Archbishop of Dublin, referring to the ‘murder gang’ employed by the Free State Provisional Government. 14 Sept. 1922.
Note: [1] 2-8 pp; 18 cm; 1 p.

CA/IR/1/7/3/24  **"The Pen is mightier than the sword"**
c. 1922
File
8 pp
Printed
A pamphlet in the Republican interest referring to the issue censorship in the Civil War. Published in Glasgow by by Kirkwood & Co. Printer and place of printing is established from p. [4] and imprint date is based on text.
Note: Note: 2 copies; [4] p.; 20 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/25  **The Treaty and the original Document No. 2: clauses set out for comparison. Those of Document No. 2 are the original clauses, not those as revised by Mr. De Valera after the treaty had been signed**
1922
Item
8 pp
Printed
Note: [1] 2-8 pp; 22 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/26  *Reply to the Pastoral issued by the Irish hierarchy in October 1922 / the following reply to the bishop’s pastoral is written by a priest*

1922
Item
4 pp
Typescript
A pamphlet authored by a ‘priest’ referring to the stance taken by the Catholic Church in supporting the Free State administration, and denouncing Anti-Treaty Republicans, and refusing to administer the sacraments to irregulars. On 10 Oct. 1922, the Catholic Bishops of Ireland issued a formal Pastoral, describing the anti-treaty campaign as ‘a system of murder and assassination of the National forces without any legitimate authority …’. Published in [Glasgow: 1922].
Note: [4] pp; 26 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/27  *The responsibility: the following is a statement issued by the Publicity Department, I.R.A., and addressed to each Teachta Dail Éireann, on September 7th, 1922*

1922
Item
4 pp
Printed
An Anti-Treaty pamphlet published in Dublin by the Irish Nation Committee and the Irish Republican Army, Publicity Department.
Note: 4 p. 8vo.

CA/IR/1/7/3/28  *Ghosts – other ghosts or the priests and the republic*

c. 1922
Item
16 pp
Printed
A pamphlet in the Republican interest written under the pseudonym of ‘Columban na Banban’. The pamphlet urges priests to adhere to the Republic and to defy their Bishop’s commands: ‘The Republican Police Force is not disbanded. … Mulcahy will surrender as surely as Macready surrendered. Doubtless when all arguments are used the Bishops will remain your great stumbling block’. (p. 11).
Note: 16 p. 22 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/29  *The Arrest and trial of Capt. Childers*

c. 1922
A pamphlet relating to the trial and execution of Erskine Childers (1870-1922) who was convicted by a Free State military court on charges of illegally possessing a firearm and sentenced to death. While his appeal against the sentence was still pending, Childers was executed by firing squad at the Beggars Bush Barracks in Dublin on 24 Nov. 1922. The tract includes an elegy on Erskine Childers by Padraig de Brún. Published in London by Leslie Smith & Co., printers.

CA/IR/1/7/3/30  
*Your king and country calls ... (signed) Michael Collins, Commander of the forces in Ireland, Richard Mulcahy, Owen O'Duffy*  
c. 1922  
Item  
16 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet relating to the trial and execution of Erskine Childers (1870-1922) who was convicted by a Free State military court on charges of illegally possessing a firearm and sentenced to death. While his appeal against the sentence was still pending, Childers was executed by firing squad at the Beggars Bush Barracks in Dublin on 24 Nov. 1922. The tract includes an elegy on Erskine Childers by Padraig de Brún. Published in London by Leslie Smith & Co., printers.

CA/IR/1/7/3/31  
*Free State Freaks*  
c. 1922  
Item  
7 pp  
Printed  
A pamphlet relating to the trial and execution of Erskine Childers (1870-1922) who was convicted by a Free State military court on charges of illegally possessing a firearm and sentenced to death. While his appeal against the sentence was still pending, Childers was executed by firing squad at the Beggars Bush Barracks in Dublin on 24 Nov. 1922. The tract includes an elegy on Erskine Childers by Padraig de Brún. Published in London by Leslie Smith & Co., printers.

CA/IR/1/7/3/32  
Anti-Treaty Political Cartoons  
1922  
File  
3 items  
Printed  
Cartoons attributed to Constance de Markievicz (1868-1927).
- A figure of Hibernia with arms behind her back and chained. Michael Collins, (1890-1922), holds a gun to her head. Behind Michael Collins are a bishop and William Thomas Cosgrove, (1880-1965). In front of Hibernia and carrying a piece of paper with the words ‘Propaganda D.F.’, is Desmond Fitzgerald, (1889-1947). The caption reads: Carey Collins - Go down on your b------- knees without any more d-------d fuss swear allegiance to King George and his heirs. : Faker Fitzgerald - Don’t listen to Devalera [sic]. I could tell you a lot about great great grandmother and Spanish gold. : The Bishop - Take any other oath that will get you out of your difficulties. : Comic Cosgrave - It was an awful joke talking about freedom, you know.

- The branded arm of James O’Reilly Sketched from life by C de M. View of an arm with sleeve rolled up to expose branded marks. According to the printed statement on the next page, Stephen Comnan aka James O’Reilly of Ballyblia, Ardee, County Louth, Ireland, was arrested on 11 September 1922 while travelling on a weekend visit to Drogheda. He was arrested on suspicion that he had taken part in a Republican demonstration in Ardee. He was then branded.

Notes: Title printed. Watermarks visible.
Physical description: 1 stencil print: roneo; 32.6 x 19.3 cm.
Extent: 2 copies.

CA/IR/1/7/3/33 Easter Week Repeats Itself
OS
c. 1922
Item
1 p
74 cm x 51 cm
Printed poster
An Anti-Treaty flyposter probably referring to the Free State attack on the Four Courts. It reads:
EASTER WEEK REPEATS ITSELF
THE IRA STILL DEFENDING THE REPUBLIC.

CA/IR/1/7/3/44 Republican Cartoons
c. July 1922
File
5 items
Prints
A series of Republican cartoons by Constance Markievicz published during the Civil War attacking various prominent Free State figures including Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins. Two of the cartoons are titled ‘Midnight Assassins’ and refer to supposed threats to the lives of Éamon de Valera and Erskine Childers. Another affirms that Griffith and Collins are ‘marching heads up into the Empire over the bodies of their murdered Comrades’ whilst another suggests a comparison between James Craig and Michael Collins in terms of their treatment of Republicans. The cartoons may have been published in the Anti-Treaty publication The Fenian (See CA/IR/1/8/3/5).

CA/IR/1/7/3/34 The alternative to the "Treaty". ("Document No. 2 ")
1923
Item
A pamphlet referring to the redraft of the Treaty by Éamon de Valera titled a ‘Proposed Treaty of Association between Ireland and the British Commonwealth’ or more commonly known as ‘Document No. 2’, presented to Dáil Éireann in January 1922. Published in Dublin by the Irish Nation Committee [1923]. Titled ‘No. 6’ in a series. Who abandoned the Republic? / By a Western Priest is ‘No. 6’ in this series (CA/IR/1/7/3/23).

CA/IR/1/7/3/35  The testament of the Republic / by President De Valera
1923
Item
8 pp
Printed
A pamphlet in the Republican interest by Éamon de Valera concerning the Treaty. Published in Dublin by the Irish Nation Committee and printed by Kirkwood & Co., Glasgow. Titled ‘No. 1’ in a series. Who abandoned the Republic? / By a Western Priest is ‘No. 3’ in this series (CA/IR/1/7/3/23).

CA/IR/1/7/3/36  Who stands for the sovereignty of the Irish people?
1923
Item
1 p.
Printed
A Republican handbill containing extracts from a letter by Eamon De Valera read at the ‘Sinn Féin meeting at the Mansion House, Dublin, July 17th, 1923’. Printed in Manchester by Whiteley and Wright. Titled ‘No. 6’ in a series.

CA/IR/1/7/3/37  To the memory of five brave Irishmen who died for Ireland. Leo Dowling. Sylvester Heaney. Laurence Sheehy. Anthony O’Reilly. Terence Brady. (Executed in Kilmainham Jail on January 8th, 1923)
c. 1923
Item
1 p.
Printed
A handbill praising the heroism of Republican prisoners executed by Free State authorities. Published in Glasgow, and printed by Kirkwood & Co.

CA/IR/1/7/3/38  To Caithleen ni Houlihan
1923
Item
1 p.
Printed
A Republican handbill ‘To Caithleen ni Houlihan’, representing Ireland, notifying ‘you that by virtue of the authority vested in me by His Majesty King George V., your son was executed at dawn this morning’. The handbill is signed ‘W.T. Cosgrave’. The handbill is numbered ‘61’.
CA/IR/1/7/3/39  British Empire Unlimited
  c. 1923
  Item
  1 p.
  Printed
  A handbill in the Republican interest drawing a parallel between the executions
carried out by the British government and the Irish Free State.
  Note: 1 leaf; 31 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/40  Facsimile letter from a Irish Free State Captain, Military Barracks, Dundalk, to
Colonel O'Higgins, Dublin Command
  1 Feb. 1923
  File
  2 pp
  Printed
  An Anti-Treaty propaganda leaflet of a facsimile letter from a Irish Free State
Captain, Military Barracks, Dundalk, to Colonel O’Higgins, Dublin Command, re
accounts for whiskey which was ‘purchased on the order of General Hogan, and
supplied to the firing squads who carried out the executions here’.

CA/IR/1/7/3/41  Free State makes bad blunder in applying for league membership
  28 Apr. 1923
  Item
  4 pp
  Printed
  A pamphlet in the Anti-Treaty interest authored by the ‘Friends of Irish
Freedom’ and published in New York. Reprinted from The Gaelic American, 28
Apr. 1923.
  Note: 4 p.; 27 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/42  Report on the treatment of wounded and sick Republican prisoners in
General, Military and Isolation Hospitals, Curragh, 1923
  17 Dec. 1923
  Item
  10 pp
  Typescript
  A tract published by the Dublin brigade of the IRA referring to the treatment of
wounded Republican prisoners by Free State authorities.
  Notes: [1 p.]; 10 pp; 26 cm.

CA/IR/1/7/3/43  Brigadier-Gen. Denis Lacy: his life and adventures
  1924
  Item
  36 pp
  Printed
  A short sketch of Denis Lacy’s life by Liam Healy
  Summary: Dennis Lacey, (1890-1923) was an IRA officer during the War of
Independence and anti-Treaty officer during the Civil War. Lacey was born in
1890 in a village called Attybrack, near Annacarty, County Tipperary. He joined
the Irish Volunteers in 1913 and was sworn in to the secretive Irish Republican
Brotherhood in 1914. During the War of Independence he commanded an IRA flying column of the 3rd Tipperary Brigade. In July 1920, this guerrilla unit mounted two successful ambushes of British forces – killing six British soldiers at Thomastown near Golden, County Tipperary, and four Royal Irish Constabulary men at Lisnagaul in the Glen of Aherlow. Lacey opposed the Treaty and most of his men followed suit. He later commanded the Anti-Treaty IRA’s Second Southern Division. In the ensuing conflict, he organised guerrilla activity in north Tipperary against Free State forces. He was killed in an action with Free State troops at Ballydavid, near Bansha in the Glen of Aherlow on 18 Feb. 1923.

The pamphlet was printed in Waterford by The News Printing Works.
Physical description: 36 pp. portr. 18 cm.
8. Newspapers and Bulletins

Level: Series
Dates of Creation: 1898-1926
Scope and Content: A large collection of newspapers, brosheets and daily bulletins relating to the independence struggle. The republican newspapers, publicity material and political ephemera collected by the Irish Capuchins are particularly important as they cover a broad spectrum of nationalist political debate. A good number of the Irish Capuchins were privately sympathetic to the Republican side and maintained close contacts with many prominent Anti-Treaty figures. Many of the Republican newspapers and bulletins accumulated by the friars covered the day-to-day conduct of the Civil War and contain information not found elsewhere in the contemporary press (since the daily papers published little or nothing originating from the Anti-Treaty side). The series is divided into four sub-series broadly relating to the content and political outlook of the publications: 1) Nationalist including cultural nationalist and revivalist publications; 2) Irish Bulletin, the official gazette of the government of the Irish Republic during the War of Independence; 3) Republican and Anti-Treaty publications; 4) Foreign Newspapers.
Format: Newspaper and typescript
Extent: 12 items and 37 files

8.1. Nationalist

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1898-1926
Scope and Content: A collection of broadly nationalist newspapers and broadsheets. The sub-series includes cultural, Irish language and labour publications. The sub-series also contains contemporary newspapers reporting the 1916 Rising and the major events of the War of Independence.
Format: Newspaper
Extent: 8 items and 15 files

CA/IR/1/8/1/1 Fáinne an Lae
OS 8 Jan. 1898-31 Dec. 1898
File
1 bound volume
Newspaper
A soft-bound volume containing a complete run of this weekly bi-lingual newspaper published to advance literacy in the Irish language. The file contains a complete run of issues from 8 Jan. 1898 (Vol. 1. No. 1)-31 Dec. 1898 (Vol. 2. No. 52). The editor of the newspaper was Eoin MacNeill. An advertisement published in the newspaper noted that complete volumes of Fáinne an Lae, bound in cloth (such as this) were available from the publisher: Bernard Doyle, 9 Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin, for 6s 6d.
Note: See An Claidheamh Soluis (CA/IR/1/8/1/6).
CA/IR/1/8/2  The Leader / A Review of Current Affairs, Politics, Literature, Art and Industry
1 Sept. 1900-20 Feb. 1904
File
1 bound volume
Newspaper
A hard-bound volume containing a complete run of this weekly publication. The series runs from 1 Sept. 1900 (Vol. V, No. 1)-20 Feb. 1904 (Vol. VII, No. 26). The founding editor of The Leader was the Waterford-born David Patrick Moran. He was educated in Mount Sion CBS, and later in St. Vincent’s College, Castleknock. On leaving school he went to London where he gained his first journalistic appointment at the Star newspaper, founded by T.P. O’Connor. Moran was attracted to the Irish language movement and, through it, to Irish nationalism, during his thirteen years in London. In 1898 he returned to Dublin and joined the Gaelic League. In 1900 he founded The Leader, an outspoken weekly publication devoted to preserving important facets of the cultural and national heritage of the country. The Leader was an immediate success. The Leader attracted a lot of Irish advertising and Moran saw the publicising of Irish goods as one of its main roles. He advocated ‘buy Irish’ campaigns but sensibly warned that the Irish people would buy Irish goods only if they were ‘as good and as cheap’ as imports.
An ink stamp on the inside front cover and on the fly leaf reads: ‘Father Matthew Temperance Hall, Church Street, Dublin’.
Folio, some illustrations. Bound volume with title to spine ‘The Leader, Vols. 5-7’.
Physical Condition: Some pages are soiled and frayed. The binding around the spine is torn and partially detached from the text block.

CA/IR/1/8/3  The United Irishman
23 Apr. 1904
File
3 copies; 8 pp
Newspaper
The United Irishman was an Irish nationalist newspaper co-founded by Arthur Griffith and William Rooney. The first publication was issued on 4 Mar. 1899 it ran until 1906. It was sub-titled ‘A National Weekly Review’. The file contains the issue of 23 Apr. 1904 (Vol. 11 No. 269). This edition published copy correspondence from the Capuchin Friary in Cork relating to the ‘Vindication of Monsignor Persico’ (pp 2-3). 3 copies.
Note: The issues are badly torn and fragile.

CA/IR/1/8/29  Glór na Ly / páipéar nóchda a n-ay an ví
Feb. 1912
Item
8 pp
Newspaper
A copy of Glór na Ly, an Irish language serial, dated ‘Machroumha, Feaura, 1912’ (Vol. I, no. 9).

CA/IR/1/8/24  An Barr Buadh
16 Mar. 1912-25 May 1912
File
Bound volume; 37 cm x 25.5 cm
Newspaper
Bound volume containing the complete run of An Barr Buadh ('The Trumpet of Freedom'), from 16 Mar. 1912 (Vol. 1, No. 1)-25 May 1912 (Vol. 1, No. 11). In March 1912, Padraig Pearse founded this weekly Irish language political journal. Its purpose was to ‘advocate the political independence of Ireland’. With only a limited circulation, An Barr Buadh only ran to eleven issues and had only four pages. Regular contributors included Pearse himself, Brian O’Higgins, Eamonn Ceannt, Thomas Mac Donnell, Desmond Ryan, Cathal Brugha, The O’Rahilly and Peadar Kearney. The articles focused almost exclusively on political issues and paper rarely dealt with social or economic matters. The first page of the bound volume is annotated with the manuscript signature of Tomás de Roiste, the noted Gaelic scholar.

CA/IR/1/8/1/4 An Bhearna Bhaoil
Dec. 1912
Item
15 pp
Newspaper

CA/IR/1/8/1/5 Liberator and Irish Trade Unionist
OS
23 Aug. 1913-22 Nov. 1913
File
1 bound volume + 1 printed pamphlet
Newspaper and printed
The Liberat or was a weekly newspaper published by Bernard Doyle from offices in Parliament Street, Dublin. The paper espoused opposition to Jim Larkin, the trade union leader during the Dublin Lockout. Each edition featured elaborate and caustic cartoons and editorials invariably attacking Larkin. The file contains a complete bound run of this short-lived journal: 23 Aug. 1913 (Vol. 1. Nos. 1-14).
The file also contains The Irish Trade Unionist and Labour Year Book, 1913. Edited by Bernard Doyle, 48 pp.

CA/IR/1/8/1/32 Sinn Féin
OS
20 Sept. 1913-21 Nov. 1914
File
3 items
Newspaper
The file contains the following editions of this nationalist newspaper edited by Arthur Griffith.
20 Sept. 1913 (Vol. 4, No. 190)
7 Nov. 1914 (Vol. 5, No. 237)
21 Nov. 1914 (Vol. 5, No. 239)
When his newspaper *The United Irishman* closed in 1906 due to a libel action, Griffith adopted the title *Sinn Féin* for the replacement paper where he continued to promote his policies until its suppression in 1914.

Note: The edges of the papers are frayed and fragile.

*An Claidheamh Soluis*

31 Jan. 1914-4 Dec. 1920

File

51 items

Newspaper

*An Claidheamh Soluis* ('the sword of light') was an Irish nationalist newspaper published by Conradh na Gaeilge (the Gaelic League). It was published as a weekly bi-lingual newspaper for the advancement of the Irish language. Eoin MacNeill was its first editor. He oversaw its publication from 1899 to 1901. In 1900 the League took control of the weekly bilingual paper *Fáinne an Lae* (See CA/IR/1/8/1/1). This title was merged with *An Claidheamh Soluis* and the newspapers appeared as *An Claidheamh Soluis agus Fáinne an Lae*. The paper was later published under the names of *Fáinne an Lae* (1918–19; 1922–30) and *Misneach* (1919–22). The file contains the following issues of the newspaper under its various titles:

*An Claidheamh Soluis*

31 Jan. 1914-29 Dec. 1917

31 Jan. 1914 (pp 3-10 only)

13 Nov. 1915 (no. 920)

1 Mar. 1916 (no. 937)

29 Apr., 6, 13, 20, 27 May 1916 (no. 944)

10 May 1916 (no. 946)

24 May 1916 (no. 948)

9 Sept. 1916 (no. 959)

16 Sept. 1916 (no. 960)

23 Sep. 1916 (no. 961)

16 Dec. 1916 (no. 973)

21 July 1917 (no. 1,004)

4 Aug. 1917 (no. 1,006)

29 Sept. 1917 (no. 1,013)

20 Oct. 1917 (no. 1,017)

27 Oct. 1917 (no. 1,018)

3 Nov. 1917 (no. 1,019)

17 Oct. 1917 (no. 1,021)

24 Oct. 1917 (no. 1,022)

15 Dec. 1917 (no. 1,025)

22 Dec. 1917 (no. 1,026)

29 Dec. 1917 (no. 1,029)

*Fáinne an Lae*

9 Mar. 1918-20 Sept. 1919

9 Mar. 1918 (no. 1037)

13 Apr. 1918 (no. 1,042) – 4 May 1918 (no. 1,045)

18 May 1918 (no. 1,047) – 25 May 1918 (no. 1,048)

15 June 1918 (no. 1,051)

4 Jan. 1919 (no. 1,080)
23 Aug. 1919 (no. 1,113)
20 Sept. 1919 (no. 1,117)

Misneach
7 Feb. 1920-4 Dec. 1920
7 Feb. 1920 (no. 12)
29 May 1920 (no. 28)
26 June 1920. (one sheet only)
3 July 1920 (no. 33)
10 July 1920 (no. 34)
17 July 1920 (no. 35)
11 Sept. 1920 (no. 43)-2 Oct. 1920 (no. 46)
16 Oct. 1920 (no. 48)-4 Dec. 1920 (no. 54)

CA/BV/1/1 Newspaper Cuttings Book
26 July 1914-30 July 1914
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh.
Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus. The cuttings include:
3-5: Reports relating to the Bachelor’s Walk shootings in Dublin on 26 July 1914. Includes cuttings of photographic prints of the funerals of the three victims: 50-year-old Mary Duffy, 50-year-old Patrick Quinn and 18-year-old James Brennan.

CA/IR/1/8/1/28 The Irish Volunteer
OS
27 Feb. 1915-8 Apr. 1916
File
17 items
Newspaper

CA/IR/1/8/1/31 Scissors and Paste
OS
27 Feb. 1915
Item
4 pp
Newspaper
A copy of the nationalist newspaper edited by Arthur Griffith, Scissors and Paste, 27 Feb. 1915 (Vol. I, no. 22). Griffith actively discouraged Irishmen from fighting with the British army in the First World War, as a result of which the Sinn Féin newspaper was banned in December 1914; Griffith promptly replaced it with Scissors and Paste and later with Nationality, both of which continued to promote Sinn Féin policies. In Scissors and Paste, Griffith evaded British
censorship by sampling articles from the uncensored press and then juxtaposing them so that readers could draw their own conclusions.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/27**  
**The Spark**  
28 Mar. 1915-23 Apr. 1916  
File  
23 items  
Newspaper  
The file contains the following editions of this weekly nationalist newsprint edited by Ed. Dalton: 28 Mar. 1915 (Vol. 1, No. 8)-23 Apr. 1916 (Vol. 1, No. 64). The series is incomplete but there are multiple copies of some editions extant in the file. The cover banner of *The Spark* was drawn by Grace Gifford.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/25**  
**Nationality**  
19 June 1915-22 Apr. 1916  
File  
61 items  
Newspaper  
The file comprises the following editions of this nationalist newspaper published from offices at 12 D’Olier Street, Dublin: 12 June 1915 (Vol. 1, No. 1)-22 Apr. 1916 (Vol. 1, No. 45). The file lacks nos. 3, 14-17, 19-20. There are multiple copies of several editions. *Nationality* was closely associated with the Irish Volunteers and with some of the leading figures of the Republican movement including Sean MacDiarmada.  
Note: The first edition (19 June 1915) is badly torn and requires extensive cleaning.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/7**  
**The Irish Catholic**  
16 Oct. 1915-7 Nov. 1925  
File  
6 items  
Newspaper  
The file comprises the following editions of this weekly Irish Catholic publication:  
16 Oct. 1915 (Vol. XXVIII, No. 42)  
20 Nov. 1915 (Vol. XXVIII, No. 47)  
29 Jan. 1916 (Vol. XXIX, No. 5)  
1 Dec. 1923 (Vol. XXXVI, No. 48)  
7 Nov. 1925 (Vol. XXXVIII, No. 14). 2 copies. This edition contains a report of a sermon in Kilkenny by Fr. Sylvester Mulligan, Provincial Minister, on the history of the Irish Capuchins.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/30**  
**The Workers’ Republic**  
6 Nov. 1915-1 Apr. 1916  
File  
3 items  
Newspaper
The file comprises the following editions of this weekly socialist and nationalist newspaper founded and edited by James Connolly:
6 Nov. 1915 (Vol. 1, No. 24)
18 Dec. 1915 (Vol. 1, No. 30)
1 Apr. 1916 (Vol. 1, No. 45)
From 1915, Connolly printed the *Workers’ Republic* newspaper on a Double Crown Wharfdale printer from offices at Liberty Hall.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/8**  
**Irish Opinion / a Weekly Newspaper and Review**  
17 June 1916-28 Apr. 1917  
File  
1 Bound volume  
Newspaper  
The file comprises the following issues of this nationalist political and cultural publication: 17 June 1916 (Vol. 1, No. 1) - 28 Apr. 1917 (Vol. 1, No. 46). The series is complete. The bound volume of issues is tied with chord. Physical condition: Small amount of splitting and fraying to edges.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/9**  
**An Gaedhal**  
29 Jan. 1916  
Item  
20 pp  
Newspaper  
The *Gael* was described as a weekly journal of stories, sketches, news notes and songs. The file contains the issue: 29 Jan. 1916 (Vol. 1, No. 1) which provides news on the activities of local Irish Volunteer units. It was printed for the proprietor (Eamon O’Duibhir) at The Gaelic Press, 30 Upper Liffey Street, Dublin.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/10**  
**Newspaper reports of the 1916 Rising and its aftermath**  
OS  
29 Apr. 1916-24 June 1916  
File  
11 items  
Newspaper  
The file includes the following editions from mainly national newspapers reporting on the Rising and on subsequent events:
*Cork Examiner*, 24 June 1916  
*Irish Weekly Independent*, 29 Apr. & 6 May & 13 May 1916  
*Weekly Irish Times*, 29 Apr. & 13 May 1916  
*Irish Times*, 18 Apr.-1 May 1916; 12 May 1916 (p. 5 only)  
*Saturday Herald*, 27 May 1916  
*Cork Examiner*, 6 May 1916  
*Freeman’s Journal*, 11-13 May 1916; 2 June 1916 (13 May 1916 has pp 5-8 only).  
*Irish Independent*, 15 May 1916  
Note: Some of the issues are badly torn and are extremely fragile.

**CA/BV/1/1**  
**Newspaper Cuttings Book**  
May 1916-June 1916  
Bound volume  
126 pp
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh.
Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus. The book includes on pp 71-82; 86-92; 97-100; 123-124 numerous cuttings reporting the 1916 Rising and its aftermath. Some of the reports refer to Fr. Augustine Hayden and his ministering to Con Colbert.

CA/IR/1/8/1/11 An lócrann: páipéar Gaedhilge in aghaid gacá mú
July 1917-July 1920
File
8 items
Newspaper
An lócrann was established by Pádraig Ó Siochfhradha (1883-1964) and was published in Cork. It featured Irish language revivalist literature and articles on Gaelic folklore and music. The file comprises the following editions:
July 1917 (no. 16)
Mar. 1918 (no. 24). Annotation on page 8: ‘Father Albert [Biddy]’.
Apr. 1919. (no. 37)
July 1919 (no. 40). 2 copies
Dec. 1919 (no. 45)
Feb. 1920 (no. 47)
July 1920 (no. 52)

CA/IR/1/8/1/12 Nationality
OS 25 Aug. 1917-20 Aug. 1919
File
2 items
Newspaper
Nationality was edited by Arthur Griffith from offices at 6 Harcourt Street, Dublin. The file contains the following issues (both of which are extremely fragile):
25 Aug. 1917, Vol. 1, No. 28 (new series)
20 Sept. 1919, Vol. 3, No. 32 (new series)

CA/IR/1/8/1/13 An Stoc
OS Dec. 1917-May 1920
File
5 items
Newspaper
An Stoc was edited by Tomás Ó Máille (1880-1938). Ó Máille was born in Connemara and was educated in University College Manchester, in Freiburg and later in Berlin. He became professor of Irish studies at University College Galway. Amongst his published works were The Language of the annals of Ulster (1910); An Gaoth Aniar (1920); MacDatho (1927); Medb Chriachna (1934); Diarmad Dann (1936); An Béal Beo (1936). He edited An Stoc, which contained Irish poetry, folklore extracts and other forms of cultural revivalist and nationalist literature. An Stoc was published in Galway by Coláiste na h-Iolsgoile. The file contains the following issues:
Dec. 1917. Vol. 1, No. 1
Jan. 1918. Vol. 1, No. 2
Feb.-Mar. 1918. Vol. 1, No. 3
Apr.-May 1918. Vol. 1, No. 4.
Apr.-May 1920. Vol. 2, No. 10

CA/IR/1/8/1/33  The Student / a magazine of national & university affairs
OS
27 Nov. 1918-10 Dec. 1918
File
4 items
Newspaper
The file contains the following editions of this newspaper produced by the National Students’ Club, Cork: 27 Nov. 1918; 30 Nov. 1918; 7 Dec. 1918; 10 Dec. 1918. The articles are chiefly in English, with some in Irish. The paper was printed for the proprietors by Gaelic Publishers, 96 Patrick Street, Cork. In Nov. and Dec. 1918 The Student was published twice weekly because of the general election cf. issue for 27 Nov. 1918. Parallel title at head: Macléighinn

CA/BV/1/1  Newspaper Cuttings Book
16 Dec. 1918
Bound volume
126 pp
47 cm x 32 cm
Newspaper cuttings book compiled and annotated by Fr. Stanislaus Kavanagh.
Printed stamp on inside front cover: ‘Franciscan Capuchin Library, Church Street, Dublin’. The pages have been numbered by Fr. Stanislaus. On page 25 there is a cutting of a report on the funeral of Richard Coleman, Irish Volunteer, in Dublin. Irish Independent, 16 Dec. 1918.

CA/IR/1/8/1/34  The Republic / An Phoblacht
OS
21 June 1919
Item
12 pp
Newspaper
A copy of The Republic edited by Darrell Figgis, 21 June 1919 (Vol. 1, No. 1). Figgis published this Republican newssheet from offices at 40 Lower Ormond Quay, Dublin.

CA/IR/1/8/1/14  New Ireland (Ár n-Éire)
OS
9 Aug. 1919-1 July 1922
File
45 items
Newspaper
The file comprises the following editions of this Irish nationalist newspaper edited by D. Gwynn and P.S. Little:
Bound editions:
27 May 1922 (new issue, vol. 1, no. 1)-24 June 1922 (new issue, vol. 1, no. 5)

**Loose editions:**
- 7 July 1917 (Vol. IV, no. 9)
- 9 Aug. 1919 (Vol. VIII, No. 14);
- 16 Aug. 1919 (Vol. VIII, No. 15);
- 17 June 1922 (new issue, vol. I, no. 4);
- 24 June 1922 (new issue, vol. I, no. 5);
- 1 July 1922 (new issue, vol. I, no. 6).

Note: 9 Aug. 1919 (pp 219-20 only); 17 June 1922 (pp 3-4 only).

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/26 Old Ireland / A Weekly Review**

OS

29 Nov. 1919-26 Mar. 1921

File

38 items

The file comprises an incomplete run of this weekly publication published in Dublin. With numerous single sheets or clippings from selected editions.

Physical description: [1 v.] 27 cm.

Note: 43 items in 3 folders.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/15 Young Ireland (Éire Og)**

OS

Dec. 1919-Nov. 1921

File

64 items

Newspaper

The file comprises mostly single sheets and clippings from editions of *Young Ireland (Éire Og)*. Complete editions include: 21 May 1921 (No. 17); 16 July 1921 (No. 24); 23 July 1921 (No. 26); 12 Nov. 1921 (No. 42).

Physical Condition: Paper is extremely fragmentary and brittle.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/16 Evening Telegraph**

OS

1 Nov. 1920

Item

4 pp

Newspaper

The file contains the issue: 1 Nov. 1920 (no. 11,442) referring to the execution of Kevin Barry in Mountjoy Jail. Front page reads: ‘Subsequently Father Albert, OSFC, succeeded in visiting the prisoner, who again saluted when the priest left him’.

Physical Condition: Edge of the paper is slightly torn and frayed.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/17 Freeman’s Journal**

OS

1 Nov. 1920

Item

8 pp

Newspaper

The file contains the issue: 1 Nov. 1920 (vol. CLIII) referring to Fr. Dominic O’Connor’s role at the funeral of Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/18 An t-Ógláic**

2 Dec. 1921-29 May 1926
The file comprises the following editions:

*An t-Ógláč the official organ of the Irish Volunteers:*
- 15 Mar. 1921 (vol. III, no. 1) - 15 Apr. 1921 (Vol. III, no. 4);
- 1 May 1921 (Vol. III, no. 6) - 10 June 1921 (Vol. III, no. 12);
- 24 June 1921 (Vol. III, no. 14);
- 2 Dec. 1921 (vol. III, no. 37) – 9 Dec. 1921 (vol. III, no. 38);

*An t-Ógláč, the official organ of the army*
- 20 Jan. 1923 (vol. iv, no. 32, new series) – 27 Jan. 1923 (vol., iv, no. 33 new series)

*An t-Ógláč, the army journal*
- 29 May 1926 (vol. iv, no. 20).

The concluding edition in the file contains an article titled ‘Four courts and North King St. Area in 1916’ by John J. Reynolds, referring to the activities of Capuchin priests from Church Street during the 1916 Rising. (pp 3-4).

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/35**  
*Freeman’s Journal and Evening Telegraph*

1 Apr. 1922-10 Apr. 1922

File

4 items

Typescript copy

Handbill-style copies of the *Freeman’s Journal* and *Evening Telegraph*, 1-10 Apr. 1922. Following an attack by armed Irregular Republicans, these pro-Treaty publications appeared as cyclostyled typescript handbills which were pasted on walls all over Dublin city. The papers mainly contained editorials referring to the attack on the newspaper premises, expressed defiance of those responsible for the assault, and assertions that the papers would appear in some form or other. Reference was also made to the need to fight ‘tyranny in whatever garb it appears’. It was reported that Republicans later went about the city tearing down the editorials wherever they were posted.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/19**  
*Sunday Independent*

7 May 1922

Item

2 pp

Newspaper

The articles refer to attempts to secure a truce between Free State and Irregular Republican units in order to ‘avert a national disaster’.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/36**  
*Evening Herald*

30 Aug. 1922

Item

2 pp

Newspaper

The newspaper contains reports of Civil War hostilities and to the messages of sympathy which are still being received following the death (22 Aug. 1922) of General Michael Collins.

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**CA/IR/1/8/1/20**  
*Kilkenny Journal*
The newspaper contains many reports of Civil War hostilities in the locality.

CA/IR/1/8/1/21  The Weekly Bulletin
1922-1923
File
31 items
Typescript
The file comprises the following editions of this journal published by the North Eastern Boundary Bureau:
No. 6. (2 copies)  No. 21 (2 copies)
No. 9  No. 25
No. 10  No. 28
No. 12  No. 30 (2 copies)
No. 13 (3 copies)  No. 31 (3 copies)
No. 14 (2 copies)  No. 32 (3 copies)
No. 16 (2 copies)
No. 17
No. 18
No. 19 (3 copies)
The North-Eastern Boundary Bureau was set up on the authority of a Minute of the Provisional Government dated 2 Oct. 1922, authorising Kevin O'Shiel, then Assistant Law Adviser, to take all necessary steps for the collection and compilation of data in connection with the Boundary Commission. O'Shiel remained Director of the Bureau until his appointment to the Irish Land Commission in Nov. 1923. From Nov. 1922 until the British Government invited a conference on the Northern question, a Weekly Bulletin was issued to the press, which dealt with current controversy on the boundary or partition questions. It analysed the facts or financial statements which might be relevant to this issue. In this and all other publications which were issued from the Bureau, all acrimonious arguments were omitted. The literature was specially designed to remove the Northern question as far as possible from the realm of heated controversy, and make it a matter of reasoned political argument. The Bulletin was greatly appreciated by the press. The material it contained was often used, as was intended, in an unacknowledged form, while some papers frequently published the Bulletin in full. Copies of the Bulletin, in addition to being sent to the press, were also sent to Consuls, agents in the northern counties, and other interested parties. The Bulletin, was discontinued when the Boundary Commission became a matter of public controversy. The file also includes ‘North East Ulster, The Truth about the Boundary Commission. The
Treaty’. Cover letter indicates that this statement was sent to an editor by the North Eastern Boundary Bureau on 7 Nov. 1922.
Physical description: 31 items in 2 folders; 33 cm.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/22**  
*Weekly Irish bulletin*  
5 June 1922– 17 July 1922  
File  
15 items  
Typescript and Printed  
The file comprises the following editions this weekly journal published by the Publicity Department of Dáil Éireann: 5 June 1922 (Vol. 1, no. 3) – 17 July 1922 (Vol. 1, no. 9). Printed in Dublin by Wood Printing Works, Fleet Street, and The Gaelic Press, 27 North Frederick Street, Dublin. There is some duplication of editions in the file and one undated edition [c. July 1922]. Most of the journal’s articles deal with cataloguing and detailing anti-Catholic riots in Belfast and in the rest of Northern Ireland.  
Physical Description: Caption title; Mimeographed; 5 June 1922 (typescript) and the remainder printed; 33 cm.

**CA/IR/1/8/1/23**  
*The Drogheda Independent*  
8 Aug. 1925  
Item  
8 pp  
Newspaper  
The file comprises the issue of 8 Aug. 1925 (Vol. XLII, No. 2046).  
Physical condition: The paper is very torn and frayed at edges.
8.2. Irish Bulletin

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1920-1921
Scope and Content: The Irish Bulletin was the official daily gazette of the government of the Irish Republic. The first edition of the Bulletin appeared on 11 Nov. 1919 shortly after the suppression of the entire Republican press. The purpose of the Bulletin was succinctly stated in the edition of 11 Nov. 1920 (Vol. 6 No. 17). ‘When it became certain that the majority party in Ireland was not to be proclaimed “illegal” the Bulletin had of necessity to be published secretly. It was designed to circulate principally not in Ireland but among the publicists in England and on the Continent. At its inception less than fifty copies were printed. To-day it reaches almost every country in the world and is reprinted in four European languages. It is received by the press, public men, and the leading political and other organisations of many nations’. The Bulletin was published daily but weekly editions containing summaries of ‘acts of aggression committed in Ireland by the military and police of the usurping English government’ were also routinely circulated. These weekly summaries were not assigned volume or issue numbers. Daily issues consisted mainly of sometimes detailed lists of raids by British security forces and the arrests of republican suspects. Extracts from foreign publications and sometimes sympathetic English sources were also published in the Bulletin.

Accounts of the activities of Dáil Courts were likewise included. It was produced by the publicity department during the War of Independence, and its offices were located at No. 6 Harcourt Street, Dublin. On 26 Mar. 1921, after sixteen months of publication, the offices of the Bulletin were raided. Later, forged issues of the journal were produced with printing machinery and paper captured in the offices. These fabricated issues were sent to all the usual addresses on the list of recipients, a copy of which had also been seized. Issues of these forged Bulletins were subsequently circulated for over a month. The paper’s first editor was Desmond Fitzgerald, until his arrest and replacement by Robert Erskine Childers. The collection includes a chronological record of peace overtures which would lead to the Treaty negotiations. The issue of 7 Dec. 1921 (Vol. 6, No. 35) carried an ‘advance copy’ of the articles of agreement between Great Britain and Ireland, more commonly known as ‘The Treaty’. Many of the issues of the Irish Bulletin are stamped ‘Official Copy’.

Format: Cyclostyled typescript
Extent: 5 files

CA/IR/1/8/2/1 Irish Bulletin
OS 7 May 1920-31 Aug. 1920
File
26 items
Cyclostyled typescript
The file contains volume 2 of the Irish Bulletin. The series is incomplete but multiple copies of some issues are extant:
7 May 1920. No. 5
28 May 1920. No. 19
1 June 1920. No. 21
2 June 1920. No. 22
4 June 1920. No. 24
14 June 1920. No. 31
7 July 1920. No. 46
8 July 1920. No. 47
22 July 1920. No. 57
23 July 1920. No. 58
26 July 1920. No. 59
4 Aug. 1920. No. 65
6 Aug. 1920. No. 67
7 Aug. 1920. (Weekly Summary: 2 copies)
9 Aug. 1920. No. 68
11 Aug. 1920. No. 70
13 Aug. 1920. No. 72
14 Aug. 1920. (Weekly Summary: 2 copies)
21 Aug. 1920. (Weekly Summary: 2 copies)
25 Aug. 1920. No. 80
28 Aug. 1920. (Weekly Summary: 2 copies)
31 Aug. 1920. No. 84

CA/IR/1/8/2/2 Irish Bulletin
OS
1 Sept. 1920-31 Dec. 1920
File
136 items
Cyclostyled typescript
The file contains volume 3, 1 Sept. 1920 (No. 1)-31 Dec. 1920 (No. 83), of the Irish Bulletin. The series is complete with multiple copies of some issues.

CA/IR/1/8/2/3 Irish Bulletin
OS
3 Jan. 1921-31 May 1921
File
124 items
Cyclostyled typescript
The file contains volume 4, 3 Jan. 1921 (No. 1)-31 May 1921 (No. 100) of the Irish Bulletin. The series is complete with multiple copies of some issues.

CA/IR/1/8/2/4 Irish Bulletin
OS
1 June 1921-19 Oct. 1921
File
138 items
Cyclostyled typescript
The file contains volume 5, 1 June 1921 (No. 1)-19 Oct. 1921 (No. 100), of the Irish Bulletin. The series is complete with multiple copies of some issues.

CA/IR/1/8/2/5 Irish Bulletin
OS
20 Oct. 1921-12 Dec. 1921
File
48 items
Cyclostyled typescript
The file contains volume 6, 20 Oct. 1921 (No. 1)-12 Dec. 1921 (No. 38), of the Irish Bulletin. The series is complete up to issue no. 38 with multiple copies of some editions.
8.3. Republican and Anti-Treaty Publications

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1922-1935
Scope and Content: A large collection of contemporary Republican newspapers and Anti-Treaty publications. The sub-series includes extensive files of both Poblacht na hEireann (War News) and the Republican newsheet, the Daily Bulletin.
Format: Newspaper and typescript
Extent: 1 item and 16 files

CA/IR/1/8/3/1 Republic of Ireland (Poblacht na h-Eireann)
OS 3 Jan. 1922-29 June 1922
File
38 Items
Newspaper
The file comprise the following issues of this weekly Anti-Treaty newspaper: 3 Jan. 1922 (Vol. 1, No. 1)-29 June 1922 (Vol. 1, No. 27). The series is complete with multiple copies of some issues. The issue of 15 Mar. 1922 (no. 12) is endorsed ‘Fr. Stanislaus [Kavanagh] … Dun Laoghaire’.

CA/IR/1/8/3/2 The Plain People (Na Daoine Macánta)
OS 9 Apr. 1922-2 July 1922
File
16 items
Newspaper.
The file comprises the following editions of this weekly Anti-Treaty newspaper: 9 Apr. 1922 (Vol. 1, No. 1)-2 July 1922 (Vol. 1, No. 13). Each edition featured political cartoons on the front page (some of which were drawn by Grace Plunkett).

CA/IR/1/8/3/3 Nationality
6 July 1922-5 Aug. 1922
File
16 items
Typescript
The file comprises the following editions: 6 July 1922. (no. 1) – 16 July 1922. (no. 7); 29 July (no. 11) – 5 Aug. 1922 (no. 12). These were styled the ‘war news’ editions. The editor of Nationality was Sean T. O’Kelly. The newspaper of the same name was suppressed after the 1916 Rising, but was published for a couple of years later in Belfast. These first seven issues of the weekly paper cover all the hostilities during this early Civil War period, including the shooting of Cathal Brugha. The file includes multiple copies of some editions.
Physical description: Cyclostyled type; folio.
Poblacht na hÉireann (War News)
28 June 1922-16 Mar. 1923
File
c. 300 items
Newspaper
The file comprises the following editions: 28 June 1922 (no. 1) – 16 Mar. 1923 (no. 175). The series is missing a small number of editions but there are multiple copies of many editions extant in the file. The publication began with the attack on the Republican forces in the Four Courts, as a way of conveying news of the changing situation to journalists, Republican supporters and the general public. The first (un-numbered) edition was styled as a communique from Rory O’Connor, Major General, IRA. It read: ‘The boys are glorious, and will fight for their Republic to the end. How long will our misguided former comrades outside attack those who stand for Ireland alone?’ Reference is made in this first communique to Fr. Albert Bibby OFM Cap. and Fr. Dominic O’Connor OFM Cap. who were ministering to the besieged Republicans. Poblacht na hÉireann (War News) was edited mainly by Erskine Childers until his arrest (November 1922), and later by Frank Gallagher and others. The later editions convey news of day-to-day events in the Civil War from a Republican perspective. Events referred to include the deaths of Michael Collins and Arthur Griffith and the executions of Erskine Childers and other prominent Republicans.

Physic description: The first seven editions were issued in broadside format from the Four Courts and printed in central Dublin during and immediately after the siege which began the Civil War. They were evidently printed in this format to facilitate pasting on walls. Each of the first seven editions is circa 51 x 38 cm, printed on one side only, no. 3 on green paper and no. 6 on buff paper. The remainder of the editions are regular folio newsprints. All single sheets and printed on one side only. A copy of 5 July 1922 (no. 9) and the edition of 16 Mar. 1923 (no. 175) are in cyclostyled typescript format. The reason for the latter publication in this format is given in the opening paragraph: ‘After an interruption of over a week, “An Poblacht” makes its reappearance today. On Wednesday March 7th enemy forces of the Colonial [Free State] Government raided our printing offices, seized our machinery and plant, and arrested the staff, including a girl clerk of sixteen years. The raid was designed to suppress the voice of the Irish Republic. … It will be apparent that the production of this issue of our paper has been attended by temporary difficulties’. Physical condition: Some crease and fold marks; some edges are slightly frayed.

Note: There appears to be no record of a complete run of this publication, but it certainly did not continue beyond De Valera’s ‘dump arms’ order of 24 May 1923.
c. 300 items in 3 folders

The Fenian (War Issue)
15 July 1922-17 Oct. 1922
File
56 items
Typescript
The series is incomplete but there are multiple copies of some editions extant in the file.
Individual (loose) editions:
115

15 July 1922 (No. 2)-21 July 1922 (No. 6).
7 Aug. 1922 (No. 20)-14 Aug. 1922 (No. 26)
16 Aug. 1922 (No. 28)-26 Aug. 1922 (No. 37)
29 Aug. 1922 (No. 40)
31 Aug. 1922 (No. 43)-1 Sept. 1922 (No. 44)
23 Sept. 1922 (No. 63)
26 Sept. 1922 (No. 65)-29 Sept. 1922 (No. 68).
30 Sept. 1922 (No. 70)-7 Oct. 1922 (No. 76).
10 Oct. 1922 (No. 78)-11 Oct. 1922 (No. 79)
12 Oct. 1922 (No. 80)-17 Oct. 1922 (No. 84).

Bound editions:
26 July 1922-5 Aug. 1922 (Nos. 10-19).
2 Sept. 1922-11 Sept. 1922 (Nos. 45-52).
8 Sept. 1922-19 Sept. 1922 (Nos. 50-59).
12 Sept. 1922-15 Sept. 1922 (Nos. 53-56).
16 Sept.-25 Sept. 1922 (Nos. 57-64).
20 Sept.-30 Sept. 1922 (Nos. 60-69).
30 Sept. 1922-6 Oct. 1922 (Nos. 70-79).

The Fenian was an Anti-Treaty newspaper providing the Republican perspective on the course of Civil War hostilities. The paper warns that ‘insidious attempts have been made within the last few days by the English King’s Provisional Ministers to spread the rumour that a truce had been achieved. Under cover of this they hope to weaken the splendid morale of the Republican troops and then attack them when off their guard’. The editions were bound together with a note indicating that they belonged to ‘Rev. Fr. Sebastian [O’Brien], Church Street’.

Note: 56 items in 6 folders.

CA/IR/1/8/3/6 Republican War Bulletin
9 Aug. 1922-27 Oct. 1922
File
20 items
Typescript
The file comprises:
9 Aug. 1922 (no. 1);
12 Aug. 1922 (no. 3);
15 Aug. 1922 (no. 5). 2 copies;
22 Aug. 1922 (no. 7). 2 copies;
1 Sept. 1922 (no. 10). 2 copies;
5 Sept. 1922 (no. 12);
16 Sept. 1922 (no edition number). Title page has a drawing ‘With the IRA (somewhere in Ireland)’ by Constance Markievicz;
17 Sept. 1922 (no. 15). 2 copies;
27 Sept. 1922 (no. 19);
28 Sept. 1922 (no. 20). Title page has a drawing ‘Free Staters in Action’;
1 Oct. 1922 (No. 21). Title page has a drawing ‘With the Dublin Brigade, IRA’ by Constance Markievicz;
8 Oct. 1922 (no. 23). 2 copies;
22 Oct. 1922 (No. 30);
27 Oct. 1922 (No. 33).
The issue of 8 Oct. 1922 is annotated on the reverse ‘G.K. 544 N.C.R., A.F. M.
Philips. It was found in an envelope with a manuscript annotation: ‘Rev. Fr.
Sebastian [O’Brien]’.
Note: 20 items in 2 folders.

CA/IR/1/8/3/7 The Nation / Sovereign and Undivided
12 Aug. 1922-19 Dec. 1922
File
25 items
Typescript
The file contains the following editions of this Anti-Treaty newsletter:
12 Aug. 1922 (No. 1)-23 Sept. 1922 (No. 6)
6 Sept. 1922 (No. 8)-4 Nov. 1922 (No. 12)
18 Nov. 1922 (No. 14)-19 Dec. 1922 (No. 19)
Multiple copies of some editions of The Nation are extant in the file. With two
copies of Handbills for Heretics, an undated Anti-Treaty publication which re-
used some content from The Nation.

CA/IR/1/8/3/19 Poblacht na h-Eireann / Southern Edition
OS
14 Aug. 1922-7 Jan. 1923
File
28 items
Newspaper
The file comprises the following editions of this Anti-Treaty publication:
14 Aug. 1922 (No. 3)-7 Jan. 1923 (No. 35). Issue No. 20 is missing but there are
multiple copies of some editions. The issue of 25 Aug. 1922 (No. 8) refers to the
death of Michael Collins at Béal na mBláth. The issue of 25 Oct. 1922 (No. 18) is
described as a ‘Terence MacSwiney memorial number’.

CA/IR/1/8/3/10 Freedom
17 Sept. 1922-Dec. 1922
File
7 items
Typescript
The file comprises the following: an undated first edition of Freedom containing
an ‘extract from a letter from Rory O’Connor’ regarding the attack on the Free
Courts; 17 Sept. 1922 (no edition number) with a portrait of Lawrence Ginnell
by
Constance Markievicz; 24 Sept. 1922 (No. 7) with a drawing of the ‘the branded
arm of James O’Reilly sketched from life’ by Constance Markievicz. (See also
CA/IR/1/7/3/32); 22 Oct. 1922 (No. 11). 3 copies; Dec. 1922.

CA/IR/1/8/3/8 Daily Bulletin
OS
27 Sept. 1922-9 Aug. 1923
File
c. 300 items
Cyclostyled typescript
This Anti-Treaty publicity news-sheet was distributed to journalists and
Republican supporters. Written from the Republican perspective, it provides a
daily account of the conduct of the Civil War and appeared in much the same
format and was written in the same journalistic style as the earlier Irish Bulletin (CA/IR/1/8/2/1-5). It was produced by Republican publicity department and was probably edited by Erskine Childers until his arrest (November 1922), and later by Frank Gallagher and others. The file comprises the following issues: 27 Sept. 1922 (No. 1)-8 Aug. 1923 (No. 267). The series is incomplete but there are multiple copies of some issues.

CA/IR/1/8/3/9 Poblacht na hEireann (Republic of Ireland)
30 Sept. 1922-6 Jan. 1923
File
13 items
Newspaper
The Scottish edition of this weekly Anti-Treaty newspaper. The file comprises the following editions: 30 Sept. 1922-6 Jan. 1923.

CA/IR/1/8/3/11 Straight Talk
8 Nov. 1922-14 Dec. 1922
File
4 items
Typescript
The file contains the following editions of this Anti-Treaty publication: 8 Nov. 1922; 22 Nov. 1922 (No. 2); 29 Nov. 1922 (No. 3); 14 Dec. 1922 (No. 5).

CA/IR/1/8/3/12 Penny News Pamphlets for Plain People
C. 1922
Item
1 p.
Typescript
The newsheet is titled ‘No. 1’, and urges the ‘men of the Free State Army to read what your English Allies think of you’.

CA/IR/1/8/3/13 Official Communiqués from Republican Ministers
1922-1923
File
9 items
Typescript and printed
Official Communiqués from Republican Ministers including Eamon de Valera, President; Austin Stack, Minister for Finance; Padraig O’Rutilleis, Minister for Home Affairs. These typescript duplicates of communiqués were published by the publicity department of the Anti-Treaty ‘Dail Eireann’ Republican Government. Includes Statement on ‘Why the Four Courts was Attacked’; Statements for publication regarding the trial of Capt. Erskine Childers in November 1922; Statement regarding the treatment of Joseph Clarke By Free State authorities. Clarke acted as the courier for the First Dáil, but was interned from January 1921. Released in 1923, he acted as caretaker of the Sinn Féin headquarters on Harcourt Street, and founded the Irish Book Bureau. Although the Anti-Treaty Sinn Féin rejected participation in the Dáil, they continued to contest local elections, and Clarke sat on Dublin Corporation. (13 Nov. 1922); Proclamation by Liam Lynch, Chief of Staff of the IRA, declaring allegiance to Eamon de Valera as President of the Republic and pledging ‘our support in all the legitimate efforts to maintain and defend the Republic …’. 3 copies. (28 Oct.

1922); Order from Padraig O’Ruitleis, Minister for Home Affairs, decreeing ‘that until further notice the present be observed as a time of National mourning, that all sports and amusements be suspended, that all Theatres, picture houses and other places of amusement and rest be closed …’. (13 Mar. 1923); ‘Cease Fire Order’ issued by Eamon de Valera on 27 April 1923: ‘As evidence of our good-will, the Army Council [of the IRA] is issuing herewith an Order to all Units to suspend aggressive action – the order to take effect as soon as may be, but not later than noon Monday, April 30th’. With blank nomination form used by Republican candidates in the parliamentary elections for the Third Dáil Eireann held on 16 June 1922.

Printed by Browne & Nolan, Ltd., Printers, Dublin.
This anti-Treaty newsletter contains many articles referring to the conditions of imprisonment of republican prisoners in Mountjoy Jail and to their decision to call a nationwide hunger strike. The file also includes various Anti-Treaty newsletters and bulletins (mostly issued by Padraig O'Ruitleis, acting president) referring to the conditions of the ‘424 Republican Prisoners’ on hunger strike in Mountjoy Jail. These cyclostyled bulletins were issued mainly to newspapers and journalists.
CA/IR/1/8/3/22  *Irish War News / The Irish Republic*
OS
20 Apr. 1924
Item
4 pp
Printed

CA/IR/1/8/3/17  *An Phoblacht / The Republic*
OS
6 Nov. 1925-8 June 1935
File
32 items
Newspaper
The file comprises the following editions of this weekly Republican newspaper:
- 6 Nov. 1925 (Vol. 1, No. 21)-25 Dec. 1925 (Vol. 1, No. 28);
- 1 Jan. 1926 (Vol. 2, No. 1)-2 Apr. 1926 (Vol. 2, No. 14);
- 23 Mar. 1935 (new series, Vol. X, No. 8);
- 18 May 1935 (new series, Vol. X, No. 16);
Multiple copies of some editions are extant.

### 8.4. Foreign Newspapers

Level: Sub-series
Dates of Creation: 1916-1922
Scope and Content: A collection of foreign newspapers reporting the Irish Independence struggle. The sub-series contains Italian and American publications.
Format: Newspaper
Extent: 3 items and 1 file

CA/IR/1/8/4/1  *The New World*
OS
11 Aug. 1916
Item
6 pp
Newspaper
*The New World* was published in Chicago and claimed to be the ‘largest Catholic newspaper in the United States’. The file contains the issue: 11 Aug. 1916 (vol. xxv, No. 6). The paper contains an article titled ‘How they butchered James Connolly’. (p. 4).

CA/IR/1/8/4/2  *Corriere Mercantile*
OS 9-10 July 1921
Item
2 pp
Newspaper
An Italian newspaper containing an article by D. McHales, General Consular and Agent of the Irish Republic, regarding ‘Black and Tan’ atrocities in Ireland.

CA/IR/1/8/4/3 La Liguria Del Popolo 3 June 1922
Item
4 pp
Newspaper
An Italian newspaper containing an article by D. McHales, General Consular and Agent of the Irish Republic, concerning the ‘atrocities’ committed by Belfast Protestants upon Irish Catholics and nationalists. (p. 2).

CA/IR/1/8/4/4 The London Illustrated News 8 July 1922-15 July 1922
File
2 items
Newspaper
The file contains the following editions of this illustrated weekly newspaper: 8 July 1922 (No. 4,342. Vol. 161); 15 July 1922 (4,343. Vol. 161). The editions contain numerous photographic prints of the fighting in Dublin at the outbreak of the Civil War. Includes a photograph of ‘Father Dominic, who was reported to have been with the Rebels in the Four Courts’. 
9. Repatriation of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor

Level: Series
Scope and Content: Following the deaths in exile of Fr. Albert Bibby (d. 1925) and Fr. Dominic O’Connor (d. 1935), there were numerous calls to have their bodies returned to Ireland. Prominent republican supporters in the United States and Old IRA men in Ireland frequently petitioned ecclesiastical authorities to have the bodies of the ‘two patriot priests’ repatriated. These calls were initially rejected and the outbreak of the Second World War prompted a postponement of the campaign. In 1954 a repatriation committee was set up by Cork No. 1 Brigade of the Old IRA in order to collect the funds necessary to defray the expenses involved in returning the remains to Ireland. Florence O’Donoghue, head of intelligence for the Cork Brigade during the War of Independence, was appointed Honorary Secretary. Cornelius Neenan was appointed the Committee’s representative in the United States. Aside from the financial difficulties, the Committee also had to contend with a certain reluctance on behalf of the Church authorities in having the bodies of two priests moved in such an overtly public manner. The reburial was a departure from the normal rule of the Capuchin Order, and because they were priests, a high religious content would have to be included in any civil ceremonies connected with the repatriation. Having at length gained the approval of the government and the church, the repatriation was effected in 1958. On 13 June, the bodies of the two priests arrived at Shannon Airport to be greeted by Seán T. O’Kelly, President, Éamon de Valera, Taoiseach, Fr. Hilary McDonagh, Vicar Provincial of the Irish Capuchins, and many representatives of the Old IRA. The funeral cortege then proceeded to Cork for a requiem mass in the Capuchin Church of the Holy Trinity. Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic were interred in Rochestown Cemetery on 14 June 1958. The sub-series consists of correspondence, newspaper clippings, printed ephemera and photographs connected with the repatriation campaign and ceremony in 1958. The series also includes records relating to the unveiling of a memorial to the two priests on the grounds of the Capuchin Hostel in Raheny by veterans of Fianna Eireann in 1959.

Format: Manuscript, typescript, newspaper clippings and photographic prints
Extent: 5 items and 7 files

CA/IR/1/9/1 Correspondence concerning efforts to repatriate the bodies of Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic
3 Dec. 1935-15 Dec. 1939
File
9 items
Manuscript and typescript
Correspondence of Fr. Edwin Fitzgibbon OFM Cap., and Fr. Colman Griffin OFM Cap., with Robert F. Mahony, president, American Association for Recognition of the Irish Republic; Fr. Brendan O’Callaghan, OFM Cap., Central Council of Irish County Associations; Eugene Twomey, Secretary, Fianna Fail, Inc., Irish Republican Party of America; Charles F. Tiernan; Joseph O’Byrne of the Fathers’ Albert & Dominic Committee; and the Irish American National Alliance. The letters refer to appeals from various Irish-American Republican organisations calling for the repatriation to Ireland of the mortal remains of Fathers Albert Bibby and Dominic O’Connor.
CA/IR/1/9/2  Letter from Richard Smyth to Fr. James O’Mahony
1 June 1949
Item
2 pp
Typescript
Letter from Richard Smyth, 924 Summit Avenue, New York City, to Fr. James O’Mahony, Provincial Minister, regarding a proposal for the reparation of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor, the latter from a ‘non-Catholic cemetery in Oregon, USA’. He affirms that ‘it was impossible to make any move before this time, as one or more of the political parties in Ireland would use the occasion to forward their own political interests’.

CA/IR/1/9/3  Newspaper clippings concerning the repatriation and reburial of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor
1957-1959
File
c. 50 items
Newspaper clippings
The clippings relate to the repatriation and reburial of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor in Rochestown cemetery, County Cork in 1958. Some of the clippings also refer to the unveiling of a memorial at the Capuchin Retreat House in Raheny on 14 June 1959. ‘The memorial is a life-sized Calvary in re-constituted stone. It was modelled by Neff Brothers of Cork, and was donated by Mr. Eamonn Martin, former Chief of Staff of Fianna Eireann, an organisation in which the two priests were keenly interested’.

CA/IR/1/9/4  Letters accepting invitations to the re-internment of Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic
1 June 1957-12 June 1958
File
6 items
Autograph typescript
Letters from Eamonn de Valera, Sean F. Lemass, Seán T. O’Kelly, Oscar Traynor and John A. Costello concerning offers to defray the expenses involved in the repatriation and later accepting invitations to attend the Mass and re-internment of Fathers Albert and Dominic at Rochestown Cemetery, County Cork.

CA/IR/1/9/5  Letter from Padraig O’Caoimh to Fr. Nessan Shaw
17 Apr. 1958
Item
4 pp
Manuscript
Letter from Padraig O’Caoimh, General Secretary of the GAA, to Fr. Nessan Shaw, expressing his happiness on hearing that the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor will be repatriated to Ireland. He adds: ‘I had the honour and pleasure of serving mass for Fr. Dominic while in Parkhurst. Up to the time of the truce he was only allowed to say it every Sunday and after that daily ... We were life long friends ... the night before he left Cork and Ireland – he came to see me in a house where I was on the run’.

Context: In 1916 O’Caoimh joined the Irish Volunteers; three years later he gave up school teaching to become an officer with the Cork Brigade of the IRA.
In 1920 he was appointed manager of the Employment Bureau established by the First Dáil. Soon afterwards, he was captured by the British and sentenced to 15 years penal servitude. He was released in 1922. In 1929 he resigned from his position as manager of a tobacco company following his appointment as Secretary of the GAA, a position he held until 1964.

CA/IR/1/9/6  Schedule for the procession of the coffins of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor
13 June 1958
File
2 items
Manuscript and typescript
Schedule for the procession of the coffins of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor from their arrival at Shannon Airport to their arrival at Holy Trinity Church in Cork. The timetable includes processions in Limerick City, Croom, Rathnure, Buttevant, Mallow and Cork city (from Dublin Hill to Holy Trinity Church, Father Mathew Quay). With a typescript copy of said timetable on headed paper: 'Father Dominic, OFM Cap., and Father Albert, OFM Cap., Remains Repatriation Committee, Cork No. 1 Brigade', which provides a printed list of committee members of the Old IRA, Cork Brigade.

CA/IR/1/9/7  Photographic prints of the repatriation and re-internment of Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic
June 1958
File
62 items
Photographic prints
Photographic prints (black and white) of the repatriation and reburial of the bodies of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor in Rochestown, County Cork. Includes a photograph of the coffins before the High Altar in the Holy Trinity Church, Cork, where a special Solemn Mass was celebrated. Some of the photographs show An Taoiseach Eamon de Valera, President Seán T. O’Kelly and Jack Lynch attending the ceremonies. Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic were laid to rest in a burial ceremony on 14 June 1958. The funeral was presided over by Fr. Hilary, Vicar Provincial, and the coffins were laid side by side adjacent to the grave of Fr. Augustine Hayden OFM Cap. Copyright of the prints is held by the Irish Press, the Cork Examiner and Lensmen, Press Photo Agency, 9 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.

CA/IR/1/9/8  Two patriot priests of Ireland: 1916-1925
1958
File
4 copies
Printed
Physical description: 26 pp: ill. ; 23 cm.
Circular letter from Sean O’Hegarty, Chairman of the Cork Committee for the Repatriation of Fathers Albert and Dominic

C. 1958

Item

4 pp

Printed

O’Hegarty thanks those involved in both the United States and in Ireland for the successful ‘repatriation of the bodies of the patriot priests’.

Photographic print of President Seán T. O’Kelly at the Capuchin Retreat House, Raheny

14 June 1959

File

Photographic print

22 cm x 16.5 cm; 15 cm x 10 cm

Photographic print (black and white) of President Seán T. O’Kelly at the Capuchin Retreat House, Raheny. Typescript annotation on the reverse reads: ‘One of the first events covered by Gael-Linn’s all-Irish newsreel – directed, edited, and produced in Ireland was the blessing of the Calvary at the Capuchin Retreat House Raheny on June 14 in memory of two patriot priests, Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor, where Mr. O’Kelly and Mr. de Valera made their last appearance together as President and Taoiseach. The still from the ‘Amharc Éireann’ shows Mr. O’Kelly waving to the crowd as he leaves. With him are Rev. Dr. Hillary OFM Cap., (left), Rev. Dr. Coleman OFM Cap. and Rev. Fr. Theodore, OFM Cap., Superior of the Retreat House. The file includes a colour photographic print of the ‘Calvary in memory of Fr. Albert and Fr. Dominic erected by the old boys of Fianna Éireann’. Reproduction rights of Seán T. O’Kelly print: ‘With the compliments of Gael Linn. No production fee’.

Souvenir of the golden jubilee of Fianna Éireann

1959

Item

32 pp

Printed

At head of the title: August 16, 1909 - Na Fianna Éireann - August 16, 1959. The publication includes a forward by Eamon Martin, former chief of staff, and articles by Countess de Markievicz, P.H. Pearse, J. Connolly, and Sir Roger Casement. With a tribute to the ‘Franciscan [Capuchin] Friends of the Fianna’. The book was edited by Cathal O’Shannon


Recollections by an t-Athar Eláir

1981

Item

5 pp

Manuscript

Recollections by an t-Athar Eláir, OFM Cap., Biocaire Provinseach, of the re-internment of Fr. Albert Bibby and Fr. Dominic O’Connor in Rochestown,
County Cork in 1958. The notes were compiled by Fr. Nessan Shaw from an interview which took place in 1981. The manuscript is incomplete.